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SPACE SHUTTLE DIGITAL  
COMPUTER SIMULATION BENCHMARK

Man T. Ung, PhD  
428 W. Acacia  
El Segundo CA 90245

December 1978

Final Report

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Edwards AFB CA 93523

AIR FORCE FLIGHT TEST CENTER  
EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE, CALIFORNIA  
AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND  
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE

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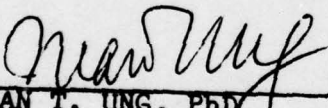
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Prepared by:

This report has been reviewed  
and is approved for publication:  
December 1978

FOR THE COMMANDER

  
MAN T. UNG, PhD

  
JOHN L. WESESKY  
Chief, Development Division

  
ALFRED D. PHILLIPS  
Technical Director  
Test Engineering

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This report was produced to serve as the benchmark to be used during the acceptance test for the Simulator for Flight Test and Development (SAFTD) at Edwards AFB. Afterwards, the document will be used to train new engineers to use the simulator. The writing is tutorial in nature and it stresses the orderly organization of a computer flight simulation. Model validation is explained in terms of static and dynamic checks. The report is not intended			

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20. ABSTRACT (cont)

to arrive at any operational conclusion or new discoveries. This Space Shuttle Simulation, which is aimed at training and contractual acceptance of procured hardware, is different from the AFFTC Office of Advanced Manned Vehicles' Space Shuttle Simulation, which is used to support Shuttle development and flight testing.

## PREFACE

The following document was intended to serve as a reference manual which will enable the reader to gain a quick understanding into the design and working arrangements of the Space Shuttle Entry and Approach Test simulation as used on the Simulator for Aircraft Flight Test and Development Simulation Benchmark. By reading through this report he is expected to know how to make use of the program and to find his way around in case any modification/addition is contemplated. In brief, the main purpose for this report is to insure a smooth transferability from the originators to the users with a minimum period of learning and associated delay.

The program was written in Fortran for the SEL 32/55 digital computer with 48K 600 nsec memory equipped with floating-point hardware and tied to a functioning mock-up of an aircraft cockpit. Some part of this program was coded in Assembly language to improve the execution speed. Therefore the package cannot be transferred to another type of machine without some re-programming efforts.

Significant contributions to all phases of the simulation and report-writing were made by the following personnel:

Mr. Richard Hansen, Supervisor  
Mr. Steve E. Louton, Engineer  
Mr. Larry V. LeDuc, Engineer  
Capt. Charles L. Bozeman, USAF  
Lt. Douglas V. Palmer, USAF

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page number
LIST OF TABLES AND FIGURES	4
1. INTRODUCTION	5
2. MATHEMATICAL MODEL	6
2.1 Aerodynamic Equations	7
2.2 Orbital & Suborbital Equations	8
2.3 Rotational Equations	10
2.4 Other Pertinent Equations	13
3. MAIN PROGRAM	16
3.1 Initialization	16
3.2 Hi-speed Loop	16
4. FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM	26
4.1 Description	26
4.2 FCS Block Diagrams	26
4.3 FCS Computer Implementation	27
5. EASE PACKAGE	46
6. FUNCTION GENERATION PACKAGE	56
6.1 DATASTORE Subroutine	57
6.2 POINT Subroutine	60
6.3 DERIVE Subroutine	62
7. REPRESENTATIVE SOLUTIONS	64
7.1 General Procedures	64
7.2 Static Checks	66
7.2.1 Equations of Motion Checks	66
7.2.2 FCS Checks	70
7.3 Dynamic Checks	72
7.3.1 Equations of Motion Tests	73
7.3.2 FCS Tests	73

8. TERMINOLOGY, SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS	79
8.1 List of Acronyms	79
8.2 List of Symbols Used in Computer Programs	79
9. REFERENCES	88
9.1 General Bibliography	88
9.2 Shuttle-Related References	88
APPENDIX A - Main Program Listing	90
APPENDIX B - EASE Program Listing	121
APPENDIX C - Function Generation Package	128
APPENDIX D - Flight Control System Program Listing	150

# LIST OF TABLES AND FIGURES

Figure Number	Title	Page
3-1	Main Program Flowchart	17
3-2	Block Diagram (Equations of Motion)	25
4-1	FCS Pitch Channel	28
4-2	FCS Roll Channel	29
4-3	FCS Yaw Channel	30
4-4	FCS Actuators	31
4-5	Hysteresis Function (Flowchart)	35
4-6	SHTLFCS Flowchart	36
5-1	EASE Flowchart	48
6-1	Flowchart for DATASTORE subroutine	58
6-2	Subroutine POINT	61
7-1	Equations-of-Motion Check (Case a)	74
7-2	Equations-of-Motion Check (Case b)	75
7-3	Equations-of-Motion Check (Case c)	76
7-4	FCS Tests (Case d)	77
7-5	FCS Tests (Case e)	78

Table Number	Title	Page
4-1	Transfer Functions	34
8-1	Main Program Symbols	81
8-2	FCS Variables	85



## 1. INTRODUCTION

The Shuttle software package is a general-purpose real-time digital computer program that simulates all aspects of the flight: aerodynamics, flight control system connected to a cockpit for man-in-the-loop operation. The Space Shuttle mission profile is composed of many modes. They are very briefly: ignition & lift-off, pitch initialization after about 6 seconds, staging 122 seconds after lift-off (in the neighborhood of 235-nautical-mile altitude), external tank separation & disposal then orbit insertion. On the way back to earth the mission can be subdivided into: deorbit phase at 160-nautical-mile altitude, entry mode starting at 400,000ft, terminal phase starting at 50,000ft and finally landing and touchdown. The simulation contained in this report is devoted to the last two phases: Entry (beginning at 10<sup>5</sup> ft) and Terminal Area Energy Management (TAEM)

Handling quality constitutes the main objective of this study. It does not address the Shuttle's full mission nor does it simulate the navigation to pinpoint a landing site. Actual touchdown will not be simulated because the model does not include ground effects, the lowering of landing gear assembly and nose wheel steering. The Space Shuttle simulation described in this report is designed for training and contractual acceptance of procured simulator hardware. It is different from the Shuttle simulation used by the AFFTC Office of Advanced Manned Vehicles which is used for development and flight testing of the Shuttle.

## 2. MATHEMATICAL MODEL

By writing the aerodynamic equations, three explicit coordinate systems are used. They are H-frame (flight-path axes for describing orbital mechanics), body-axes and earth axes. The choice of various coordinate systems is made to enhance the relative computational accuracy of each segment of the model. For example, it makes no sense writing the vehicle rotational equations in any coordinate system except the ones with an origin residing within the vehicle itself such as body-axes, stability axes, or wind axes.

The transformation from body-axes to earth-axes is accomplished with a matrix composed of direction-cosine terms. These direction cosines are listed below but they are not explicitly evaluated in the program.

$$\begin{aligned}l_1 &= \cos \theta \cos \psi \\l_2 &= \cos \theta \sin \psi \\l_3 &= -\sin \theta\end{aligned}\tag{2-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}m_1 &= -\cos \phi \sin \psi + \sin \phi \sin \theta \cos \psi \\m_2 &= \cos \phi \cos \psi + \sin \phi \sin \theta \cos \psi \\m_3 &= \sin \phi \cos \theta\end{aligned}\tag{2-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}n_1 &= \sin \phi \sin \psi + \cos \phi \sin \theta \cos \psi \\n_2 &= -\sin \phi \cos \psi + \cos \phi \sin \theta \sin \psi \\n_3 &= \cos \theta \cos \phi\end{aligned}\tag{2-3}$$

The angles  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$  and  $\psi$  represent the pitch, roll and yaw angles. Together they are commonly referred to as the Euler angles.

For clarity, the model equations are arranged in groups, each group describing an aspect of the flight. Subscripts B, L, and E stand for the three coordinate systems mentioned earlier. Whatever symbol not explicitly named can be found in alphabetical order under Chapter 8.

2.1 Aerodynamic equations: Acceleration terms in body-axis reference frame are the results of thrust vectors  $T_x$ ,  $T_y$ , and  $T_z$ . The subscript "G" stands for landing gear and even though there is no engine, the thrust terms are included in the equations for completeness.

$$X_B = \frac{-\bar{q}S}{m} \left[ C_{c_0} + \frac{C_{c(\delta e)_R}}{2} + \frac{C_{c(\delta e)_L}}{2} + C_{c_{\delta BF}} (\delta BF) + C_{c_{\delta SE}} (\delta SE) + C_{c_G} (G) \right] + \frac{T_x}{m}$$

$$Y_B = \frac{\bar{q}S}{m} \left\{ [C_{Y_{\delta r_{\delta SE}}} (\delta SE - \delta SE_{NOM}) + C_{Y_{\delta r}}] \delta r + C_{Y_{\delta a}} (\delta a) + C_{Y_{\beta}} (\beta) \right\} + \frac{T_y}{m} \quad (2-4)$$

$$Z_B = \frac{-\bar{q}S}{m} [C_{N_0} + C_{N_{\delta e}} (\delta e) + C_{N_{\delta BF}} (\delta BF) + C_{N_{\delta SE}} (\delta SE - \delta SE_{NOM}) + C_{N_{\delta G}} (\delta G) + \Delta C_{N_0(h)} (C_{N_0})] + \frac{T_z}{m}$$

Note that the subscript "N" refers to the normal force as opposed to subscript "n" which is associated with yawing-moment coefficients.

Resolved into the earth-axes reference frame, these acceleration terms become, after compensation for the earth's oblateness

$$X_E = X_B \ell_1 + Y_B m_1 + Z_B n_1 - 3J_2 \frac{r_0}{r} \cos \bar{\mu} \sin \bar{\mu}$$

$$Y_E = X_B \ell_2 + Y_B m_2 + Z_B n_2 \quad (2-5)$$

$$Z_E = X_B \ell_3 + Y_B m_3 + Z_B n_3$$

Where  $\bar{\mu}$  and  $J_2$  are the colatitude ( $\frac{\pi}{2} - L$ ) and the measure of earth oblateness respectively. The dynamic pressure  $\bar{q}$  in the above equations and other related terms such as Mach number and the mass  $m$  are defined below.

$$\bar{q} = \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2$$

$$\text{Mach} = \frac{V}{a} ; a = \text{sonic speed} \quad (2-6)$$

$$m = \frac{W_0 + W_F}{g_0}$$

Here,  $W_0$  and  $W_F$  stand for the vehicle empty weight and fuel weight respectively. Also the airspeed  $V$ , which is normally obtained by

$$\sqrt{U_E^2 + V_E^2 + W_E^2} \text{ can simply be established by}$$

$$V = \frac{U_E}{\cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta} \quad (2-7)$$

Latitude  $L$  and longitude  $\lambda$  are derived from the launching-point coordinate ( $L_0, \lambda_0$ ) and the earth's rotation  $\omega_e$

$$L = L_0 + \int_0^t \frac{U_E}{r} dt$$

$$\lambda = \lambda_0 + \int_0^t \left[ \frac{V_E}{r \cos L} - \omega_e \right] dt \quad (2-8)$$

**2.2 Orbital & Suborbital Equations:** First consider the orbital phase. Let  $\psi_H$  be the angle between the direction of travel and true north and  $r$  the vehicle altitude measured from the earth center. Let  $(x_H, y_H)$  be the local plane perpendicular to the line of  $r$  (or  $z_H$ ) such that  $x_H$  is pointing in the general direction of travel and  $y_H$  perpendicular to  $(x_H, z_H)$  to form a right-handed triad (see ref. 9.1.3) Then

$$rU_H = (rU_H)_0 + \int_0^t rX_H dt$$

$$\psi_H = \psi_{H_0} + \int_0^t \left( \frac{V_E}{r} \tan L + \frac{y_H}{U_H} \right) dt \quad (2-9)$$



$$\begin{aligned}
w_H &= w_{H0} + \int_0^t \left[ g + z_H \right] dt \\
\delta R &= \delta R_0 + \int_0^t (-w_H) dt \\
u_H &= \frac{(r u_H)}{r}
\end{aligned}$$

Where

$$r = r_0 + \delta R \quad (\delta R \text{ measured from sea level})$$

$$x_H = x_E \cos \psi_H + y_E \sin \psi_H \quad (2-10)$$

$$y_H = -x_E \sin \psi_H + y_E \cos \psi_H$$

$$z_H = z_E$$

And the velocity and the gravity terms are obtained as follows

$$u_E = u_H \cos \psi_H$$

$$v_E = u_H \sin \psi_H \quad (2-11)$$

$$w_E = w_H$$

$$g = g_0 \left( \frac{r_0}{r} \right)^2 - \left[ \frac{3}{2} J_2 g_0 \left( \frac{r_0}{r} \right)^4 (3 \cos^2 \bar{\mu} - 1) \right] - \frac{(u_H)^2}{r}$$

Next, consider the suborbital phase

$$u_B = u_{EA} \ell_1 + v_{EA} \ell_2 + w_E \ell_3$$

$$v_E = u_{EA} m_1 + v_{EA} m_2 + w_E m_3 \quad (2-12)$$

$$w_B = u_{EA} n_1 + v_{EA} n_2 + w_E n_3$$

where the effective airspeeds  $U_{EA}$  and  $V_{EA}$  are defined in terms of the north ( $W_u$ ) and east ( $W_v$ ) component of the wind shears. No updraft/downdraft are included in this model. Values of  $W_u$  and  $W_v$  are stored at 5,000 foot increments, from 0 to 100,000 feet altitude where this simulation starts.

$$U_{EA} = U_E - W_u \quad (2-13)$$

$$V_{EA} = V_E - (r \cos L)\omega_e - W_v$$

**2.3 Rotational Equations:** The moments acting on the vehicle are estimated about the body axes as shown below. Let  $\ell_r$  be the reference length of the vehicle. Let  $J_R$ ,  $J_P$  and  $J_Y$  be the dimensionless numbers of roll, pitch and yaw jet firings and  $L_R$  and  $L_Y$  be the rolling moments due to one roll and one yaw reaction jet firing, respectively. Then

$$\begin{aligned} L_B = & \frac{\bar{q} S b^2}{2V} [C_{\ell_P} (P_D) + C_{\ell_R} (R_D)] + \bar{q} S b \{ [C_{\ell_\beta} + C_{\ell_{\beta \delta e}} \\ & + (C_{\ell_{\beta \delta SB_1}} + C_{\ell_{\beta \delta SB_2}}) (\delta SB - 25^\circ) + C_{\ell_{\beta \delta SB_3}} (\delta SB - 60^\circ) \\ & + C_{\ell_{\beta \delta G}} (\delta G) ] (\beta) + C_{\ell_{\delta a}} (\delta a) + C_{\ell_{\delta r}} (\delta r) \} \end{aligned} \quad (2-14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & + m \cdot \ell_r \left[ (z_{NOM} - \bar{z}) \cdot y_B - \bar{y} \cdot z_B \right] + (L_R) J_R \\ M_B = & \frac{\bar{q} S c^2}{2V} (C_{m_C}) (C_L) + \bar{q} S c [C_{m_0} + \frac{C_{m(\delta e)RIGHT} + C_{m(\delta e)LEFT}}{2} \\ & + C_{m_{\delta SB}} (\delta SB - \delta SB_{NOM}) + C_{m_{\delta LF}} (\delta LF) + C_{m_{\delta G}} (\delta G) \end{aligned} \quad (2-15)$$

$$+ \Delta C_{m_e}] + m \cdot \ell_r \left[ - (z_{NOM} - \bar{z}) \cdot x_B + (x_{NOM} - \bar{x}) \cdot z_B \right] + (L_P) J_P$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_B = & \frac{\bar{q} S b^2}{2V} [C_{n_p} (P_L) + C_{n_R} (r_B)] + \bar{q} S b [C_{n_{\beta \delta e}} (\delta e) \\
& + (C_{n_{\beta \delta SB_1}} + C_{n_{\beta \delta SB_2}}) (\delta SB - 25^\circ) + C_{n_{\beta \delta SL_3}} (\delta SL - 60^\circ) \\
& + C_{n_{\beta \delta G}} (\delta G) + C_{n_{\beta}} ](\beta) + C_{n_{\delta a}} (\delta a) + [C_{n_{\delta r}} \\
& + C_{n_{\delta r_{\beta}}} (|\beta|)] (\delta r) \} + (\bar{y}_{C_D} - \bar{x}_{Y_D}) (m) (\ell_r) + (L_Y) J_Y
\end{aligned} \tag{2-16}$$

Appropriate reaction-jet terms can be added to the  $M_D$  and  $N_D$  equations if later vehicles are so equipped. The mean aerodynamic chord length is represented by  $\bar{c}$  in the above equation. The symbol  $\bar{x}$  represents the x-axis displacement of center-of-gravity from an arbitrarily picked reference point. Similar definitions apply to  $\bar{y}$  and  $\bar{z}$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
\bar{x} &= (c_{g_{X_0}} - c_{g_{X_{NOM}}}) + \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{max}}} \right) \Delta \bar{x}_F + \frac{\sin \theta_F}{|\sin \theta_F|} (\Delta \bar{x}_{\theta_F}) \sqrt{\sin |\theta_F|} \\
\bar{y} &= (c_{g_{Y_0}} - c_{g_{Y_{NOM}}}) \\
\bar{z} &= (c_{g_{Z_0}} - c_{g_{Z_{NOM}}}) + \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{max}}} \right) \bar{z}_F
\end{aligned} \tag{2-17}$$

Here,  $\theta_F$  the angle made by the surface of the fuel with respect to the  $\bar{x}_B$  axis

$$\theta_F = 90^\circ + \tan^{-1} \frac{z_B}{x_B} \tag{2-18}$$

Using the moments  $L_B$ ,  $M_B$ , and  $N_B$ , we can obtain the vehicle angular accelerations about its own axes - -  $\dot{P}_B$ ,  $\dot{Q}_B$  and  $\dot{R}_B$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{P}_B = & \frac{1}{I_{XX}} [L_B - I_{XY}(P_B R_B - \dot{Q}_B) + I_{XZ}(P_B Q_B + \dot{R}_B) \\ & + I_{YZ}(Q_B^2 - R_B^2) + Q_B R_B(I_{YY} - I_{ZZ})] \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{Q}_B = \frac{1}{I_{YY}} [M_B + I_{XY}(Q_B R_B + \dot{P}_B) - I_{XZ}(P_B^2 - R_B^2)$$

(2-19)

$$- I_{YZ}(P_B Q_B - \dot{R}_B) + P_B R_B(I_{ZZ} - I_{XX})]$$

$$\dot{R}_B = \frac{1}{I_{ZZ}} [N_B - I_{XY}(Q_B^2 - P_B^2) - I_{XZ}(Q_B R_B - \dot{P}_B)$$

$$+ I_{YZ}(P_B R_B + \dot{Q}_B) + P_B Q_B(I_{XX} - I_{YY})]$$

where the inertia terms are defined as follows

$$I_X = I_{XX} = I_{XX_O} = \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{\max}}} \right) I_{XX_F}$$

$$I_Y = I_{YY} = I_{YY_O} + \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{\max}}} \right) I_{YY_F}$$

(2-20)

$$I_Z = I_{ZZ} = I_{ZZ_O} + \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{\max}}} \right) I_{ZZ_F}$$

$$I_{XZ} = I_{XZ_O} + \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{\max}}} \right) I_{XZ_F}$$

$$I_{XY} = I_{XZ_O} + \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{\max}}} \right) I_{XY_F}$$



$$I_{YZ} = I_{YZ_0} + \left( \frac{W_F}{W_{F_{\max}}} \right) I_{YZ_F}$$

Fuel consumption and the weight of fuel are described by

$$\dot{W}_F = -(F_T)T \quad ; \quad T = \text{Thrust}$$

$$W_F = W_{F_0} + \int_0^t \dot{W}_F dt \quad (2-21)$$

By integrating the angular accelerations we acquire the angular velocities  $P_B$ ,  $Q_B$  and  $R_B$  (also known as the rolling rate, pitching rate and yawing rate).

$$P_B = P_{B_0} + \int_0^t \dot{P}_B dt$$

$$Q_B = Q_{B_0} + \int_0^t \dot{Q}_B dt \quad (2-22)$$

$$R_B = R_{B_0} + \int_0^t \dot{R}_B dt$$

2.4 Other Pertinent Equations: Euler angles namely pitch, yaw and roll, are calculated below. Notice that this formulation will not tolerate a pitch angle  $\theta$  of  $\pm 90^\circ$ .

$$\theta = \theta_0 + \int_0^t (Q_B \cos \phi - R_B \sin \phi) dt$$

$$\phi = \phi_0 + \int_0^t [P_B + \tan \theta (R_B \cos \phi + Q_B \sin \phi)] dt \quad (2-23)$$

$$\psi = \psi_0 + \int_0^t \left( \frac{R_B \cos \phi + Q_B \sin \phi}{\cos \theta} \right) dt$$

Stability-axis angles, namely angle of attack  $\alpha$  and angle of sideslip  $\beta$  can be computed as

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{w_B}{u_B} \right) \quad (2-24)$$

$$\beta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{v_B \cos \alpha}{u_B} \right)$$

Flight path angle

$$\gamma = \theta - \alpha \cos \phi - \beta \sin \phi \quad (2-25)$$

Let  $\psi_R$  be the given angle between true north and the  $R_D$  vector; then down range and cross range can be computed as:

$$R_D = r_0 [(L - L_r) \cos \psi_R + (\lambda - \lambda_0) \cos L \sin \psi_R] \quad (2-26)$$

$$R_X = r_0 [(L - L_r) \sin \psi_R + (\lambda - \lambda_0) \cos L \cos \psi_R]$$

Equivalent airspeed KEAS and calibrated airspeed KCAS

$$KEAS = \left( v \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{\rho_0}} \right) \frac{3600}{6080} \quad \text{nautical miles}$$

$$KCAS = \left( \frac{v_1}{v_2} \right) \cdot (KEAS) \quad (2-27)$$

The quantities  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  are defined by the following empirical formulae:

$$v_1 = f(x) \quad ; \quad x = \text{Mach number} \quad (2-28)$$

$$v_2 = f(x) \quad ; \quad x = (.001511) (KCAS)$$

Where  $f(x)$  assumes the following form:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x^4}{40} + \frac{x^6}{1600}} & \text{for } x < 1.0 \\ \sqrt{1.839 - \frac{.772}{x^2} + \frac{.164}{x^4} + \frac{.035}{x^6}} & \text{for } x \geq 1.0 \end{cases} \quad (2-29)$$

Geometric altitude  $h$  and geopotential altitude:

$$h = \delta r + (\sin^2 L) \delta h$$

$$h_p = \frac{(r_0)(h)}{r_0 + h} \quad (2-30)$$

Rate of climb:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(h) = -w_H = -w_E \quad (2-31)$$

Air density can be approximated as a function of altitude, based upon standard atmospheric data:

$$\rho = \rho_0 E^{-\zeta h_p} \quad (2-32)$$

### 3. MAIN PROGRAM

No efforts are spared to organize the main program in a self-explanatory manner. Parameters and data are grouped together according to their roles and the omnipresence of the comment cards should guide the reader through the program. It is suggested that subsequent users do not deviate from the existing logical organization when making modifications/additions, so not to defeat the purposes. In order to simplify the loading process, all parameters and data (including aerodynamic coefficients) are stored in the main program, thus avoiding the use of COMMON blocks.

As indicated by figure 3-1, the main program is composed of three parts: the initialization, the Hi-speed loop (starting from statement 47), and the EASE subroutine designed to display and modify any parameter of the main program. EASE was written to allow interchange of parameters without the use of COMMON blocks.

3.1 Initialization: Most data parameters and initial conditions are on punched cards to allow maximal flexibility on flight conditions and vehicle configurations. All aerodynamic derivatives are stored in the form of 16-bit normalized fixed point fractions. The detailed discussion of their handling will be covered under the heading of "Function Generation". During the initialization phase the program will ask the user if he is through with changing parameters before entering into the next phase, by typing the question "ARE FURTHER CHANGES DESIRED?" A "YES" answer will automatically call in the EASE program. A "NO" answer will set in motion the high-speed loop.

Not all parameters can be independently initialized. For instance,  $V_E$  is called an "intermediate" variable because it is a function of  $\psi_H$  and  $U_H$ . Thus the initial value of  $V_E$  is determined once the initial conditions of  $\psi_H$  and  $U_H$  are specified, and vice versa.

3.2 Hi-Speed Loop: This loop is actuated by an interrupt which occurs at synchronous, regular intervals  $\Delta t$  whose duration was set a-priori. During the time  $\Delta t$ , the computer must finish solving one frame of the dynamic equations before the occurrence

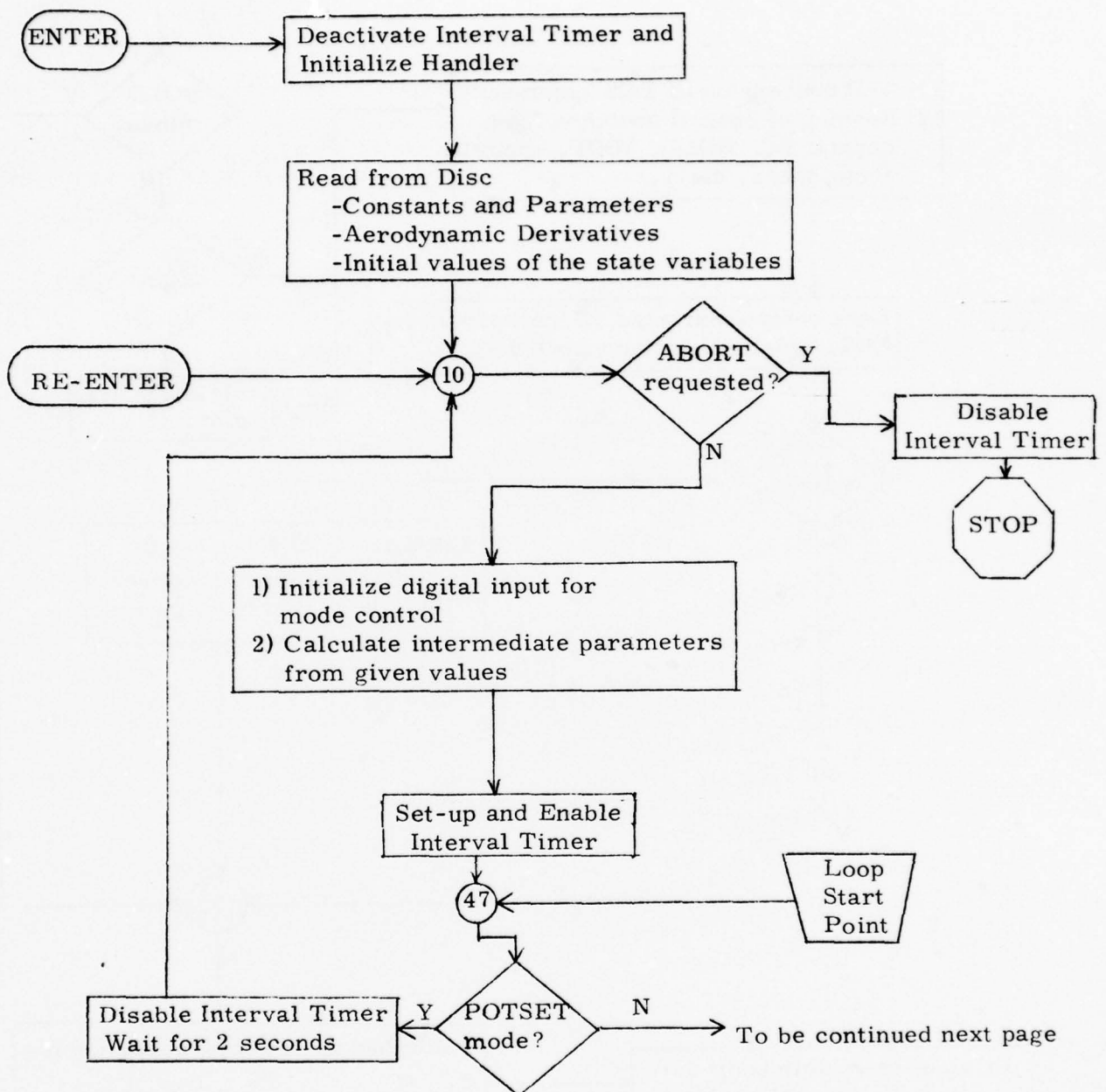


Figure 3-1 - Main Program Flowchart



Figure 3-1 (Continued)

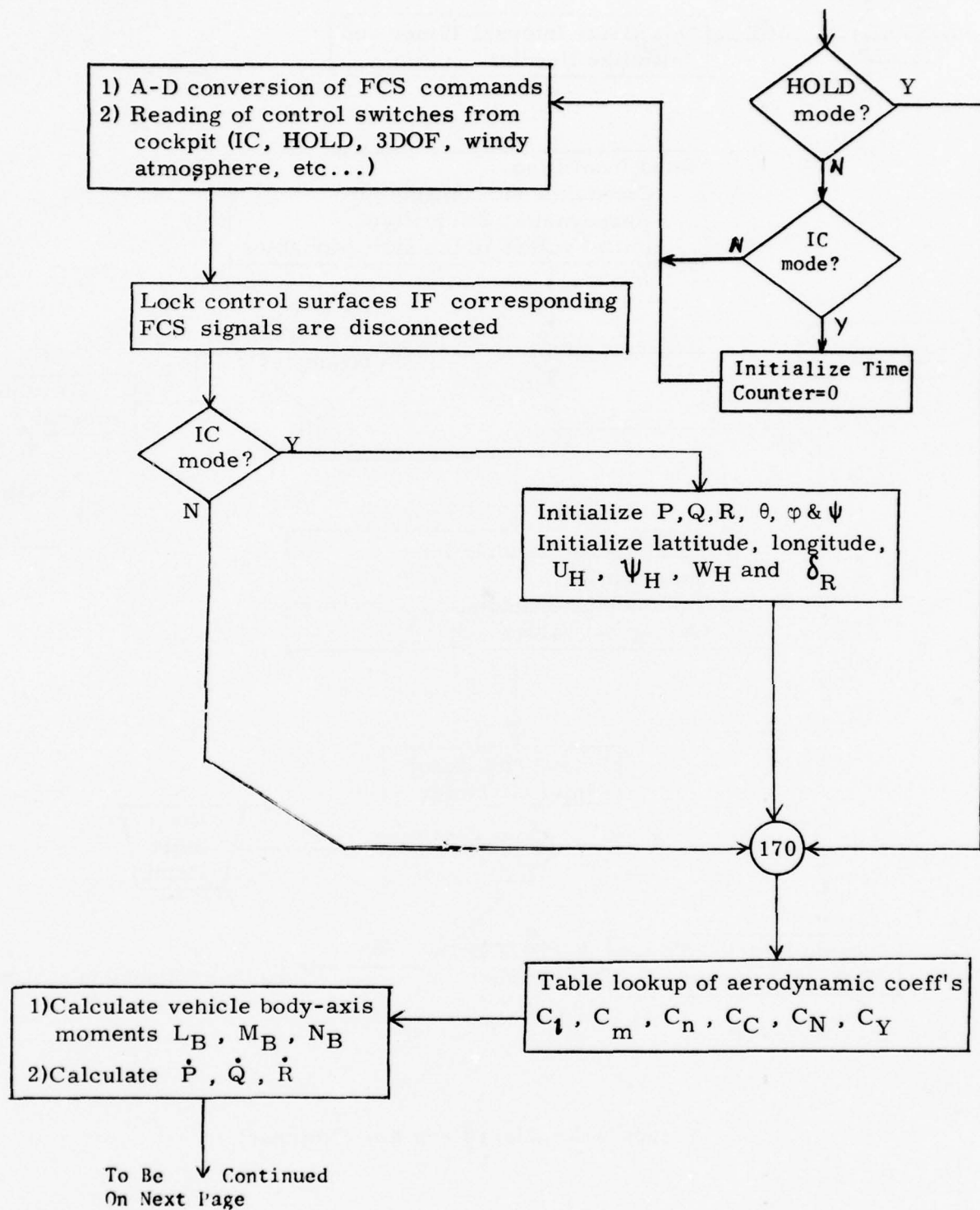


Figure 3-1 (Continued)

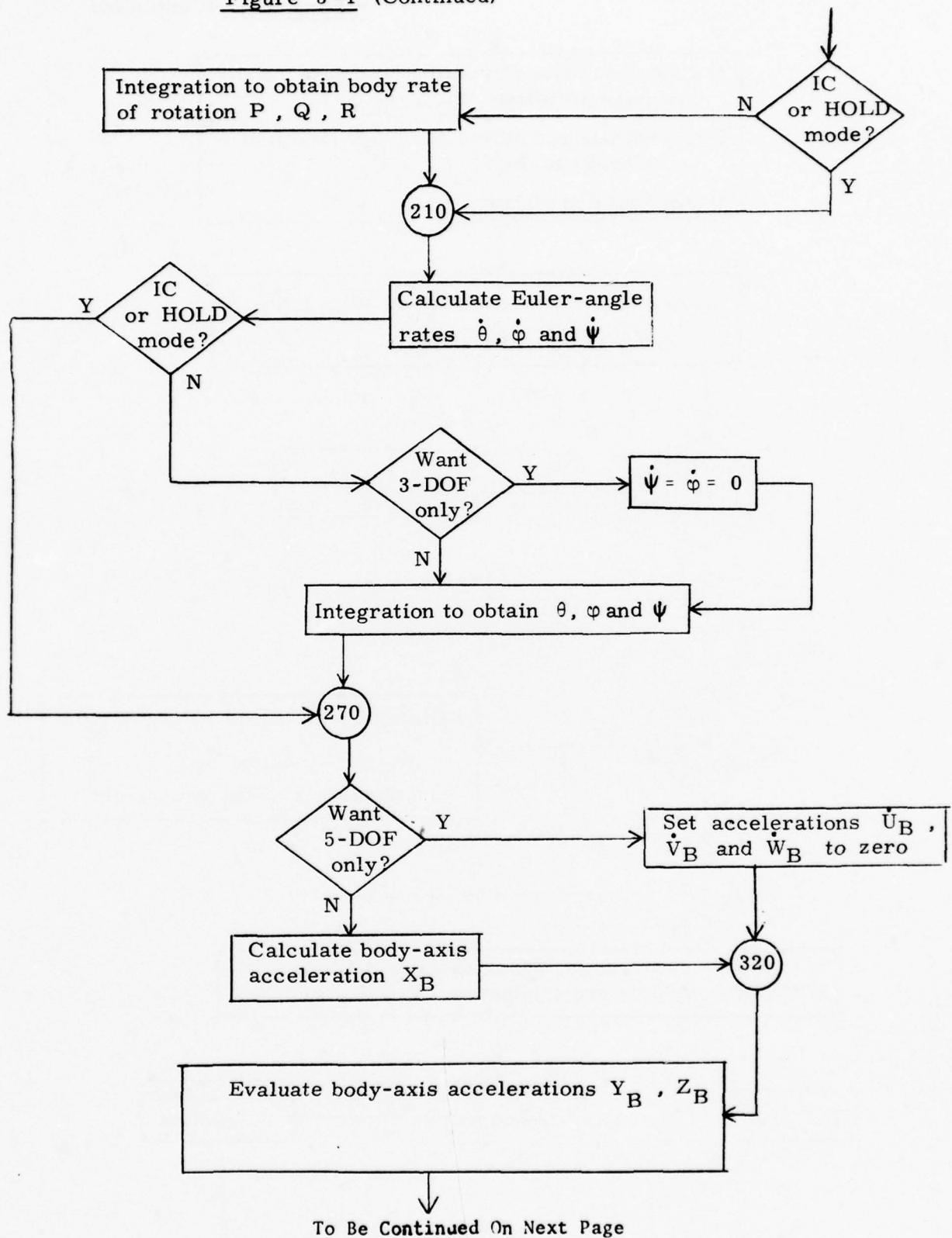


Figure 3-1 (Continued)

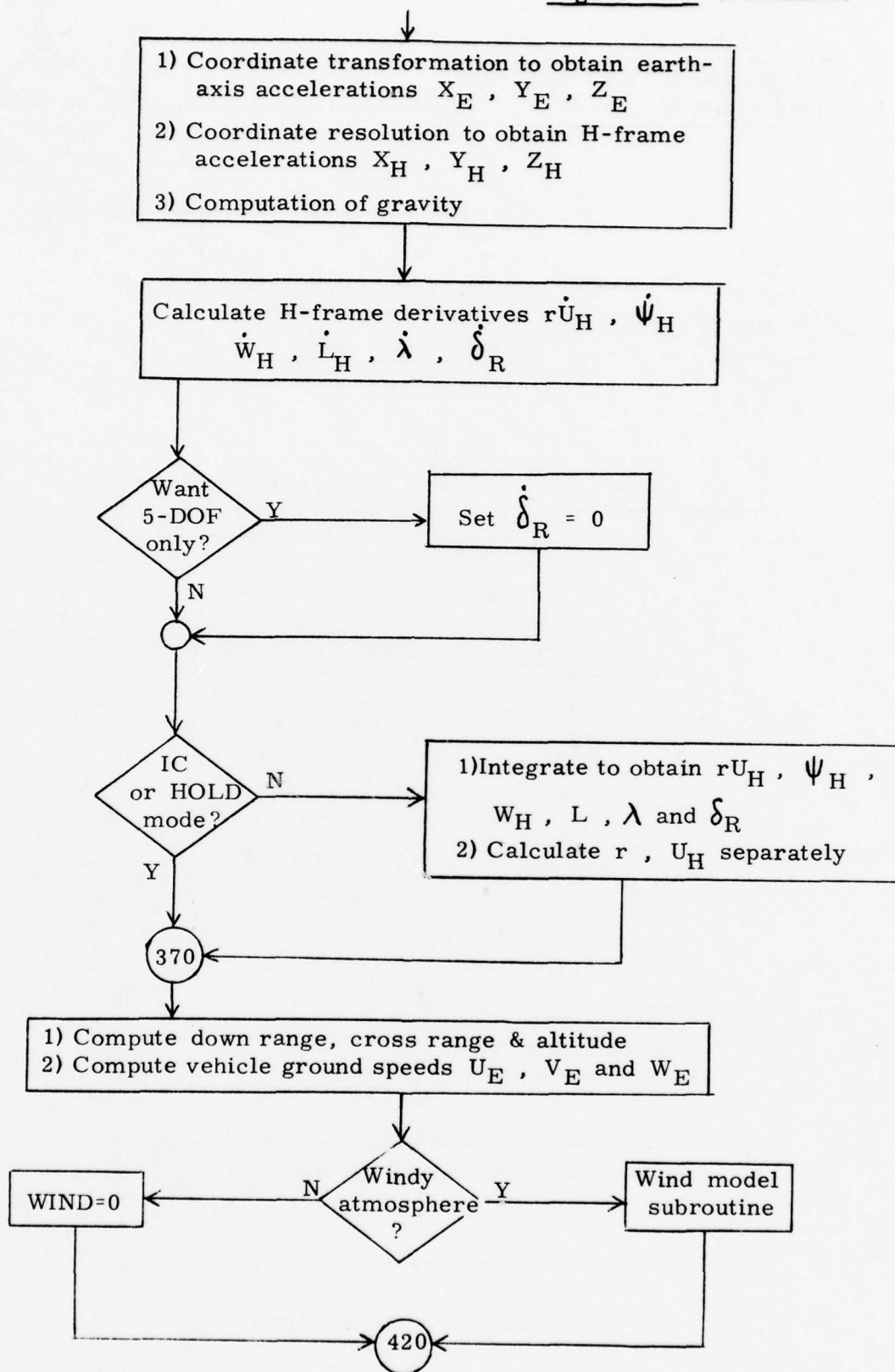




Figure 3-1: Continued

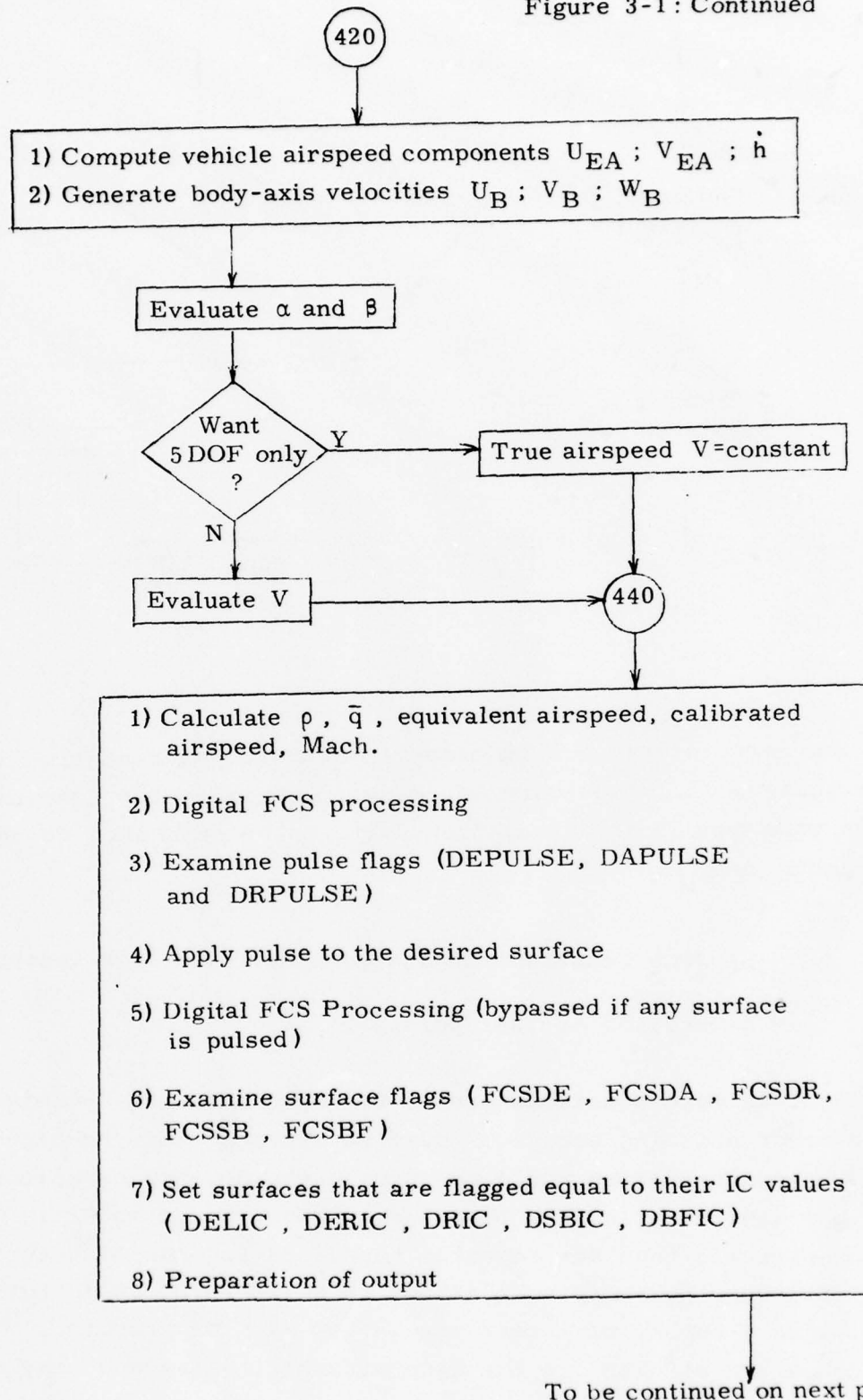
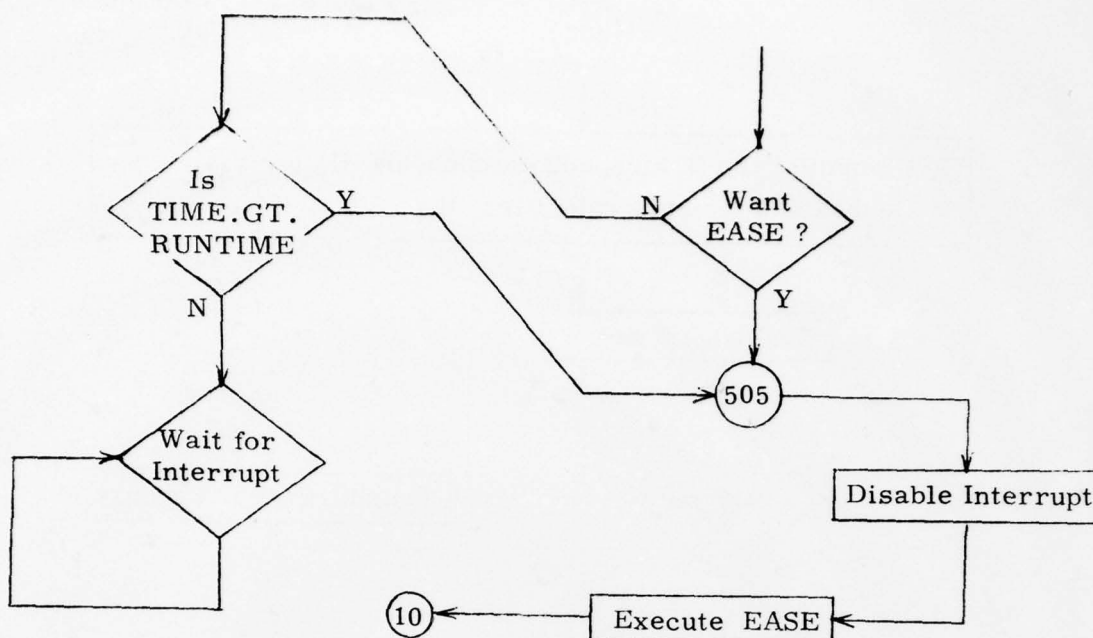


Figure 3-1: Continued



of the next interrupt. In order to achieve the real-time (or time-critical) goal, great care was made to minimize the execution time. Even so, a number of calculations have to be delegated to the analog computer such as

- Sin/cos functions of angles  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\psi$ ,  $\alpha$  for instrumentation
- generation of test pulses

In fact, if more equations are to be added into the dynamic model, some other existing equations must be deleted from the high-speed loop. An alternative would be solving the deleted equations on another digital or analog processor. The dynamic model is given in Chapter II, thus not repeated here. During run time, the operator can intervene by throwing a number of switches which in turn activate a number of interrupts in the digital computer. The switches are situated in the general cockpit area and they consist of

- IC Switch: sets the program back to Initial Condition mode. All information concerning the preceding run is lost.
- HOLD Switch: also stops execution but all state variable values are frozen at their respective values reached prior to activation of the switch. This mode allows the user to investigate the status of his program in post-mortem fashion.
- 3 DOF Switch: sets the yaw rate  $\dot{\psi}$  and the roll rate  $\dot{\theta}$  to zero, the vehicle can then be studied entirely in the pitch plane, having three degrees-of-freedom:  $\dot{x}$ ,  $\dot{z}$ , and  $\dot{\theta}$ . This mode is useful in planning and performance analysis such as plotting the gliding envelope. In this case, we are interested only in getting from one point to another point.
- 5 DOF Switch: imposes a nearly constant altitude, constant total-velocity flight regime. This mode offers a convenient way to study vehicle handling quality and maneuverability. To different people, 5-DOF simulation means slightly different things. Thus we derive the 5-DOF situation used in this simulation for reference purposes.

Consider the acceleration equations in body-axes, excluding the thrust and aerodynamic force on the surfaces.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_B \\ \ddot{y}_B \\ \ddot{z}_B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{u}_B \\ \dot{v}_B \\ \dot{w}_B \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & w_B & -v_B \\ -w_B & 0 & u_B \\ v_B & -u_B & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p_B \\ q_B \\ r_B \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} c\psi.c\theta & s\psi.c\theta & -s\theta \\ (c\psi.s\theta.s\phi - s\psi.c\phi) & (s\psi.s\theta.s\phi + c\psi.c\phi) & c\theta.s\phi \\ (c\psi.s\theta.c\phi + s\psi.s\phi) & (s\psi.s\theta.c\phi - c\psi.s\phi) & c\theta.c\phi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -g \end{bmatrix} \quad (3-1)$$

Inertial-axis  $\rightarrow$  body-axis transformation

Where  $c\psi$  and  $s\psi$  are the abbreviations for  $\cos \psi$  and  $\sin \psi$  respectively. For 5DOF, assume that  $\dot{U}_B = \dot{V}_B = \dot{W}_B = 0$  and solve for the acceleration component  $X_B$

$$X_B = - \frac{Z_B W_B + Y_B V_B}{U_B} + g \left[ \sin\theta - \frac{\cos\theta(V_B \sin\phi - W_B \cos\phi)}{U_B} \right] \quad (3-2)$$

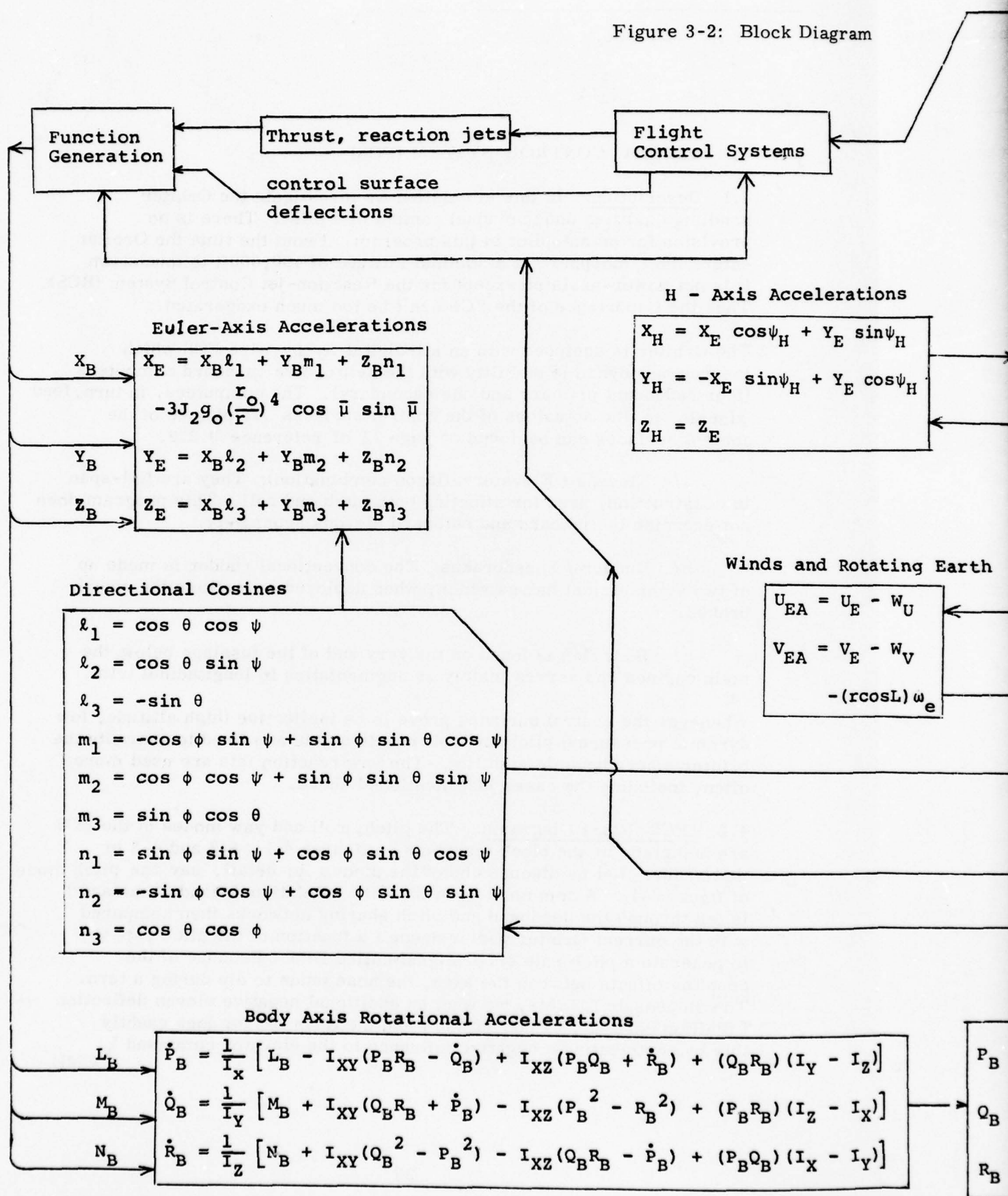
Equation (3-2) is used in lieu of  $X_B$  described in equations (2-4). The only other changes in the 5-DOF case are

$$\frac{d(\Delta r)}{dt} = 0 \quad (3-3)$$

and  $V = V_{IC}$ , a constant

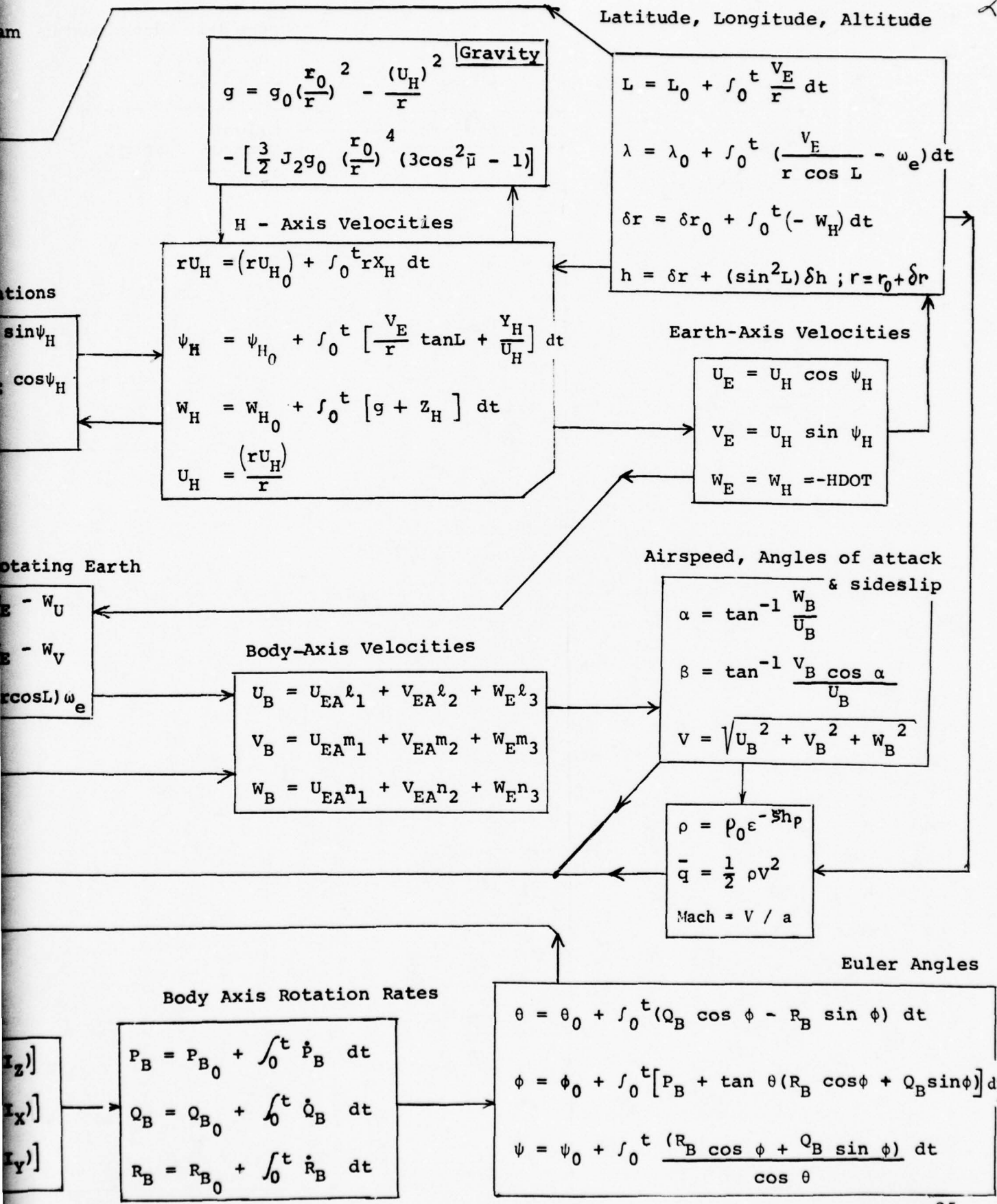
The closed-loop nature of the hi-speed loop is illustrated by the block diagram of figure 3-2. This block diagram depicts the main stream of the calculations and how different groups of calculations are related to each other functionally.

Figure 3-2: Block Diagram





2



#### 4. FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM (FCS)

4.1 Description: In this simulation we investigate the Orbiter handling qualities under manual control of a pilot. There is no provision for an autopilot in this program. From the time the Orbiter enters the atmosphere at a nominal altitude of 400,000ft to touchdown it is not power-assisted except for the Reaction-jet Control System (RCS). Thus the importance of the FCS can't be too much exaggerated.

The Orbiter is equipped with an all-digital fly-by-wire FCS which insures aerodynamic stability with the help of five on-board computers (four redundant primary and one secondary). The computers, in turn, feed signals to the actuators of the control surfaces. A picture of the control surfaces can be found on page 22 of reference 9.2.2.

a/ Elevons ( Elevator-aileron combination): They are full-span in construction, used for affecting both pitch and roll. This program does not exercise the inboard and outboard elevons separately.

b/ Rudder / Speedbrakes: The conventional rudder is made up of two symmetrical halves which, when deployed, constitute the speed brakes.

c/ Body flap is found on the very end of the fuselage below the main engines and serves mainly as augmentation to longitudinal trim.

Whenever the control surfaces prove to be ineffective (high altitude, low dynamic pressures) pitch and roll reaction-jets are fired to guaranty the orbiter's aerodynamic stability. The yaw reaction jets are used more often, including the cases just mentioned above.

4.2 FCS Block Diagrams: The pitch, roll and yaw modes of the FCS are depicted by the block diagrams on figures 4-1, 4-2 and 4-3 in that order. Let us discuss one of the modes in detail, say the pitch mode of figure 4-1. A command from the RHC ( Rotational Hand Command ) is fed through the deadband and pitch shaping networks then compared with the current Orbiter performance ( a function of the pitch rate  $Q$  ) to generate a pitch rate error signal called DPJ. Because of the coupling effects between the axes, the nose tends to dip during a turn. To compensate for this, we want an additional negative elevon deflection ( trailing edge up , by convention ) and the term  $R \cdot \tan \phi$  does exactly this by contributing a negative influence to the elevon command  $\delta_e$  CMD .

When the speedbrakes are deployed, they force the nose upward by contributing a moment around the Orbiter's center of gravity ( CG ). Note how the speedbrake increment ( DSBPC ) signal is used to negate the unwanted pitch-up by a direct reduction in the pitch-position trim.

The FSC roll channel is represented on figure 4-2. The switches EARLY and LATE correspond to  $MACH > 1.5$  and  $MACH \leq 1.5$  respectively. Notice the roll-rate command main path. Starting with the roll stick position, the signal goes through deadband, shaping and first-order lag circuits before being added with the integral of the roll-rate trim term at SUM21. From there, the control signal is sent through SUM 24 where the roll-rate feedback and other coupling terms are subtracted. All the feedback signals taken together are called PSTAB (roll-rate stability). SUM24 is directed to a switch whose poles are marked EARLY and LATE. The EARLY side of the switch allows only reaction jets to control the roll channel because, at that time, the Orbiter is still at high altitude. Only during the LATE stage can the control surfaces perform effectively.

The FCS yaw channel is illustrated on figure 4-3. The rudder pedal generates a signal which is fed through the dead-band and shaping networks. Then it is summed with the integrated yaw-trim signal. Before reaching the actuators proper, this signal is further modified by Mach number and dynamic pressure  $\bar{q}$ . An arrangement similar to the roll-axis channel is implemented here to allow the yaw jets UZCMD to take over at high altitude (EARLY). Only at low altitude (LATE) can the rudder work the way it works on an airplane.

Figure 4-4 describes how the Orbiter's control surfaces are exercised by different actuators.

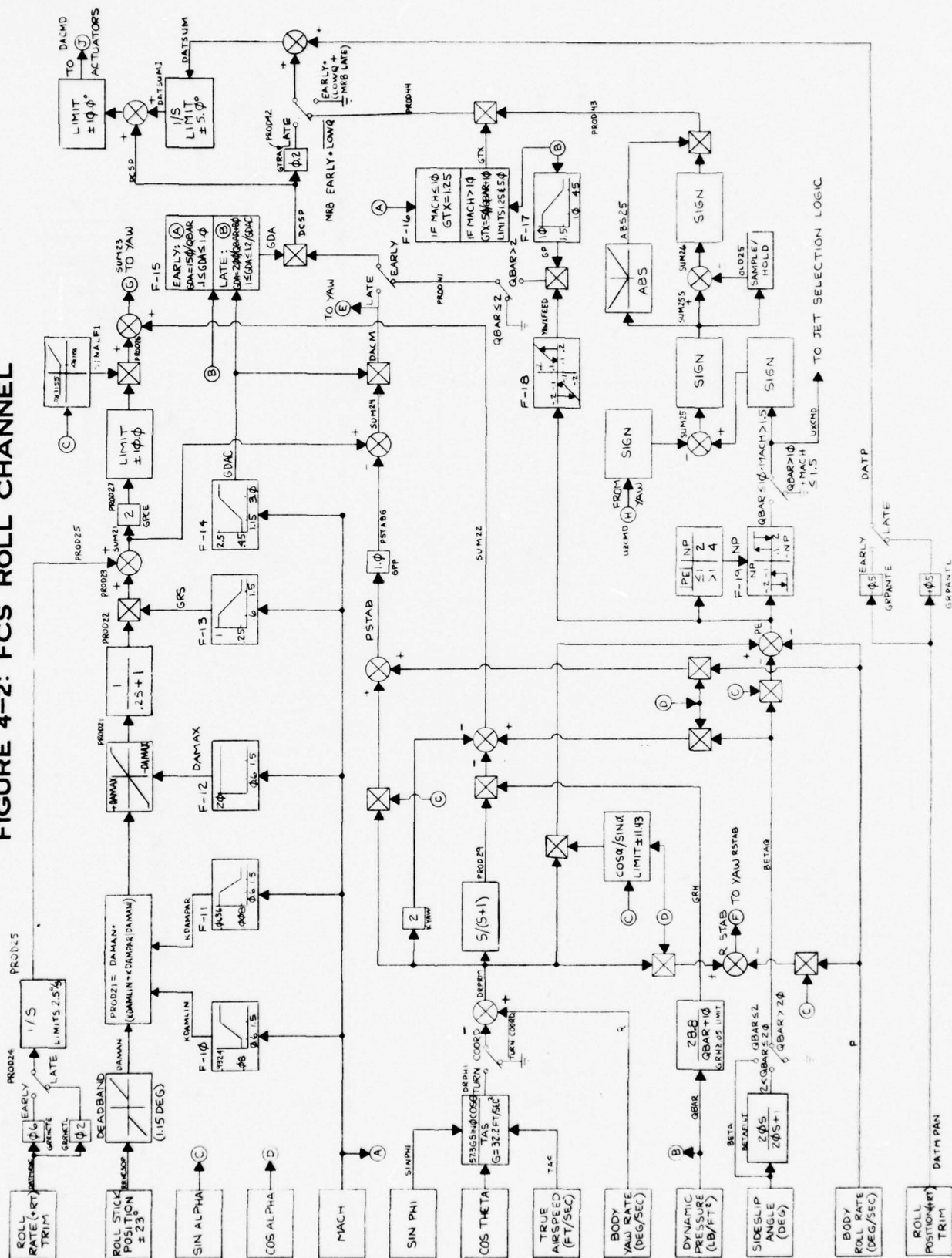
**4.3 FCS Computer Implementation:** In the block diagrams the transfer functions and filters are expressed in the Laplace s-domain. We could have used the s-plane if an analog computer were used. Since the FCS program is done digitally it is advantageous to map the transfer functions from the s-plane to another complex plane, the z-plane. In simple terms, z can be defined as  $z = e^{sT}$  where T is the sampling period. A comprehensive treatment of infinite-impulse-response digital filters can be found in reference 9.1.6, chapter 4.

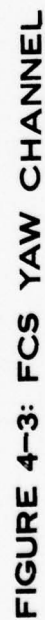
It is a known fact that a stable analog filter might or might not map into a stable digital filter if we just go about replacing the differentials by finite



[illegible]

FIGURE 4-2: FCS ROLL CHANNEL





The diagram illustrates the control system for the S-300 missile, showing the flow from the speedbrake handle position through various limiters and rate limiters to the final output signals.

**Inputs and Initial Processing:**

- SPEEDBRAKE HANDLE POSITION:** The primary input signal.
- DEGRATE TO PITCH:** A feedback signal from the pitch rate gyro.
- DEGRATE TO YAW:** A feedback signal from the yaw rate gyro.
- DEGRATE TO ROLL:** A feedback signal from the roll rate gyro.

**Signal Flow and Limiters:**

- The **SPEEDBRAKE HANDLE POSITION** signal is processed by a **LIMITS** block ( $\pm 0.1$  to  $\pm 0.8$ ).
- The output of the **LIMITS** block is summed with the **DEGRATE TO PITCH** signal and then the **DEGRATE TO YAW** signal.
- The resulting signal is summed with the **DEGRATE TO ROLL** signal.
- The signal then passes through a **1/5 LIMITS** block ( $\pm 2.0$  to  $\pm 3.5$ ).
- The output of the **1/5 LIMITS** block is summed with the **DEGRATE TO ROLL** signal.
- The signal then passes through a **1/5 LIMITS** block ( $\pm 2.0$  to  $\pm 3.5$ ).
- The output of the **1/5 LIMITS** block is summed with the **DEGRATE TO ROLL** signal.
- The signal then passes through a **1/5 LIMITS** block ( $\pm 2.0$  to  $\pm 3.5$ ).
- The output of the **1/5 LIMITS** block is summed with the **DEGRATE TO ROLL** signal.

**Final Output Signals:**

- DER (Deceleration Error Rate):** The output of the first **1/5 LIMITS** block.
- DE (Deceleration Error):** The output of the second **1/5 LIMITS** block.
- DA (Deceleration Error Acceleration):** The output of the third **1/5 LIMITS** block.
- DEL (Deceleration Error Length):** The output of the fourth **1/5 LIMITS** block.
- DR (Deceleration Error Rate):** The output of the fifth **1/5 LIMITS** block.
- DSB (Deceleration Error Speed):** The output of the sixth **1/5 LIMITS** block.
- DBF (Deceleration Error Force):** The output of the seventh **1/5 LIMITS** block.



differences (backward, forward, or central differences). A more elaborate process is used in this program to prevent computational instability and aliasing problems. It is called Bilinear transformation (simple conformal mapping) and it is represented by the following transformation:

$$s = \frac{2 (1 - z^{-1})}{T (1 + z^{-1})} \quad (4-1)$$

Consider a first-order transfer function as an example. Given

$$H(s) = \frac{10}{s + 10} \quad (4-2)$$

Substituting  $s$  for  $z$  as dictated by equation (4-1)

$$H(z) = \frac{10}{\frac{2 (1 - z^{-1})}{T (1 + z^{-1})} + 10} \quad (4-3)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{10T + 10Tz^{-1}}{2 - 2z^{-1} + 10T + 10Tz^{-1}}$$

In this program the frame time is  $T = .04$  second. Any first-order transfer function can be, for our programming purposes, reduced to the form shown below:

$$\frac{Y}{X} = \frac{G_1 + G_2 * z^{-1}}{1 + G_3 * z^{-1}} \quad (4-4)$$

Similarly we put all second-order transfer functions in the following form prior to digital coding:

$$\frac{Y}{X} = \frac{G_1 + G_2 * z^{-1} + G_3 * z^{-2}}{1 + G_4 * z^{-1} + G_5 * z^{-2}} \quad (4-5)$$

Thus the z-transform of equation (4-2) finally becomes, after introducing the proper value for T into equation (4-3)

$$H(z) = \frac{.1667 + .1667 z^{-1}}{1 - .6667 z^{-1}} \quad (4-6)$$

Computer mechanization of equations (4-4) and (4-5) are done in the form of function subroutines called FILT1 and FILT2 respectively. FILT1 and FILT2 stand for first-order filter and second-order filter. For FILT1 the expression comes directly from equation (4-4)

$$Y_n = G_1 * X_n + X_{OLD} \quad (4-7)$$

$$X_{OLD} = G_2 * X_{n-1} - G_3 * Y_{n-1}$$

For FILT2, equation (4-5) can be put into the format

$$Y_n = G_1 * X_n + X_{node1} \quad (4-8)$$

where

$$X_{node1} = G_2 * X_{n-1} - G_4 * Y_{n-1} + X_{node2}$$

$$X_{node2} = G_3 * X_{n-2} - G_5 * Y_{n-2}$$

Refer to Table 4-1 to correlate an s-domain transfer function to its z-domain counterpart. Besides the filters, the hysteresis transfer function also deserves a brief mention. Figure 4-5 depicts the flowchart of the HYSTER subroutine and it is self-explanatory.

A detailed flowchart of the Shuttle Flight Control System (SHTLFCS subroutine) is contained in Figures 4-6. The actual listing of SHTLFCS can be found in Appendix D.

TABLE 4-1 : Transfer Functions

Transfer Functions ( s-domain)	z-Transform Equivalent ( for sampling period T=.04 sec)
$\frac{1}{s}$	$\frac{.04}{1 - z^{-1}}$
$\frac{s}{s + 1}$	$\frac{.9804 - .9804 z^{-1}}{1 - .9608 z^{-1}}$
$\frac{5}{s + 5}$	$\frac{.0909 + .0909 z^{-1}}{1 - .8182 z^{-1}}$
$\frac{7.5}{5s + 1}$	$\frac{.02988 + .02988 z^{-1}}{1 - .992 z^{-1}}$
$\frac{10}{s + 10}$	$\frac{.1667 + .1667 z^{-1}}{1 - .6667 z^{-1}}$
$\frac{1}{s + 1}$	$\frac{.01961 + .01961 z^{-1}}{1 - .9608 z^{-1}}$
$\frac{20s}{20s + 1}$	$\frac{.999 - .999 z^{-1}}{1 - .998 z^{-1}}$
$\frac{s + 1}{.5s + 1}$	$\frac{1.9615 - 1.8846 z^{-1}}{1 - .9231 z^{-1}}$
$\frac{15^2}{s^2 + 15s + 15^2}$	$\frac{.06475 + .1295 z^{-1} + .06475 z^{-2}}{1 - 1.309 z^{-1} + .5683 z^{-2}}$

Figure 4-5: Hysteresis Function

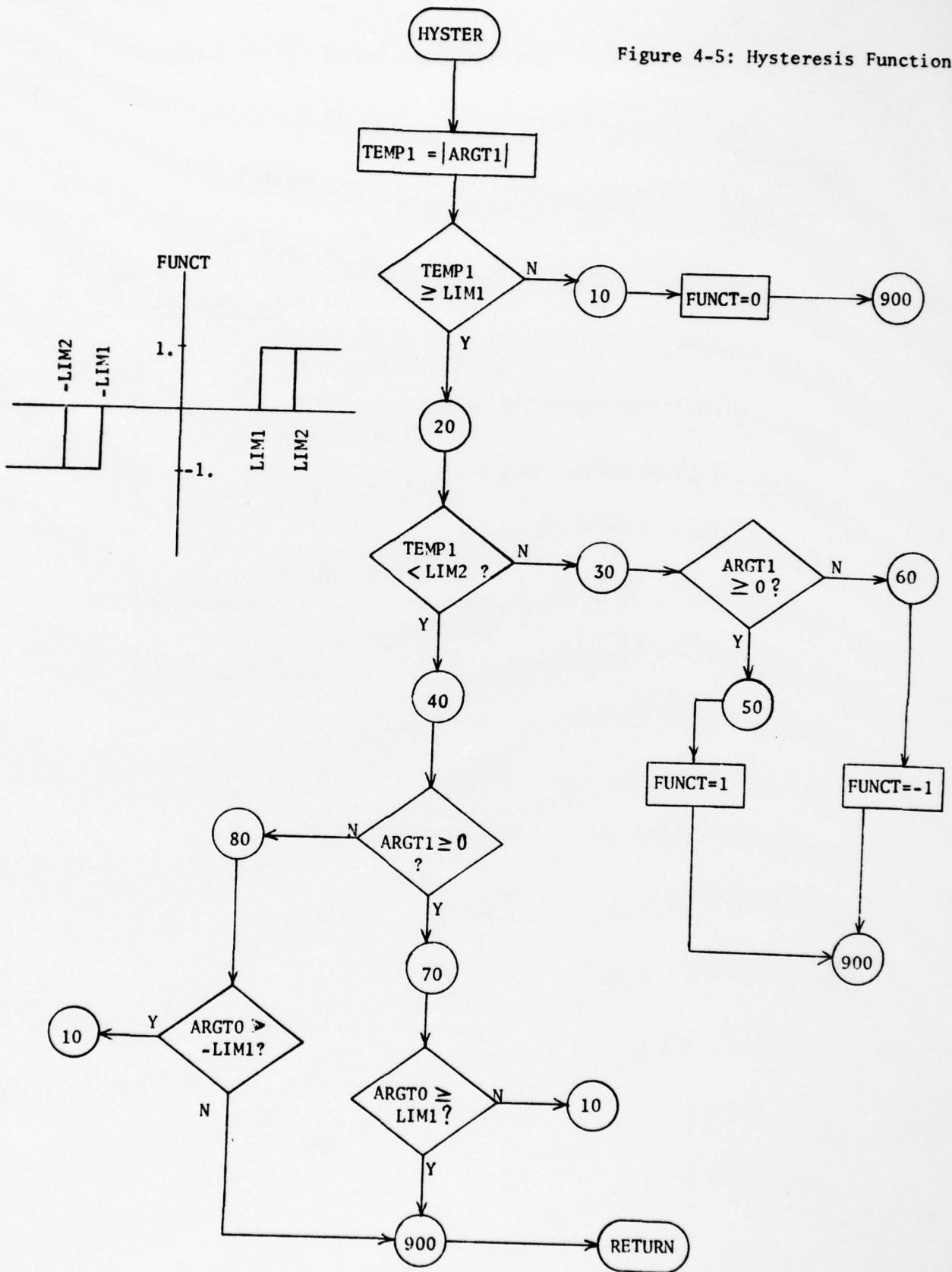
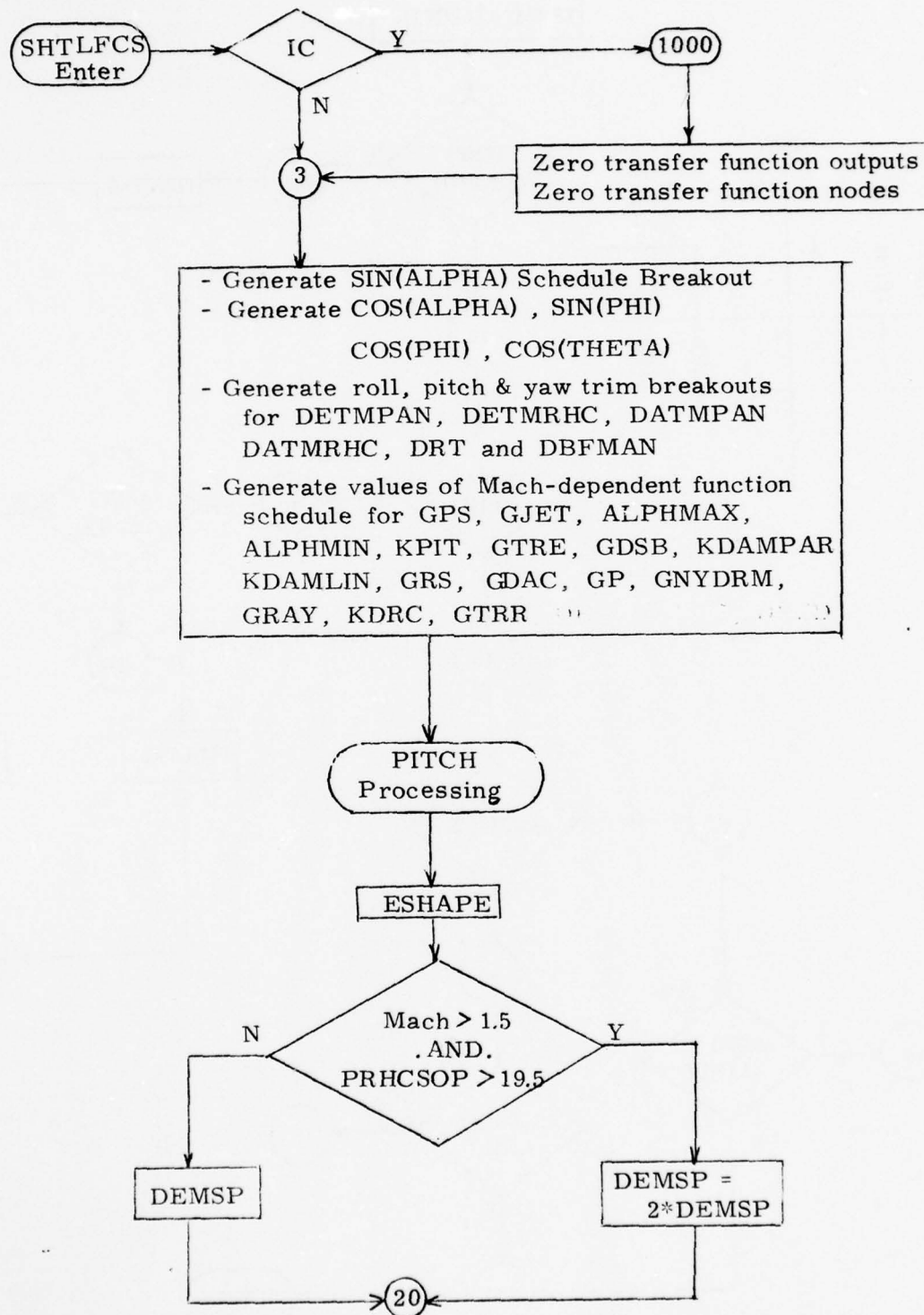




Figure 4-6: SHTLFCS Flow Chart



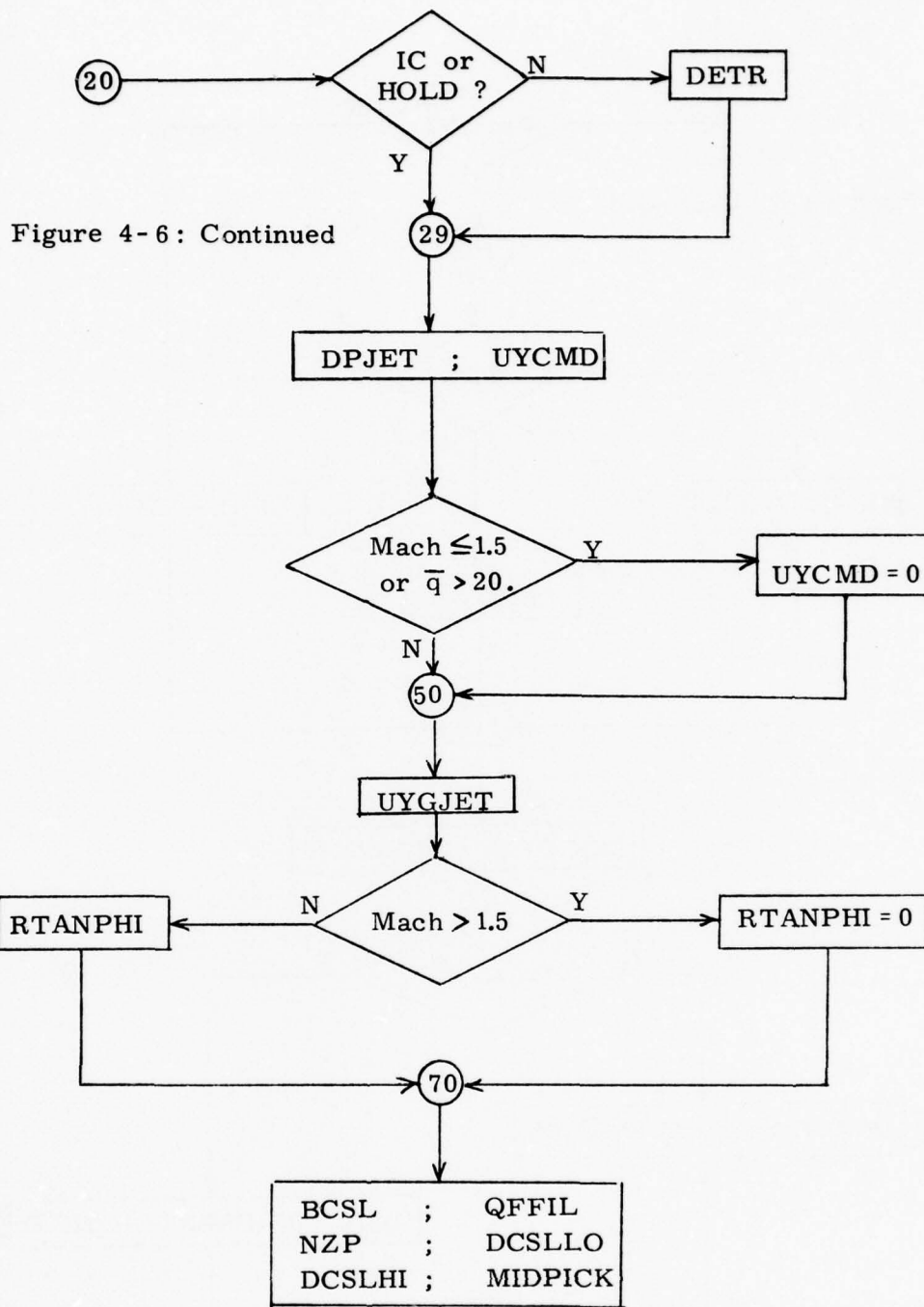
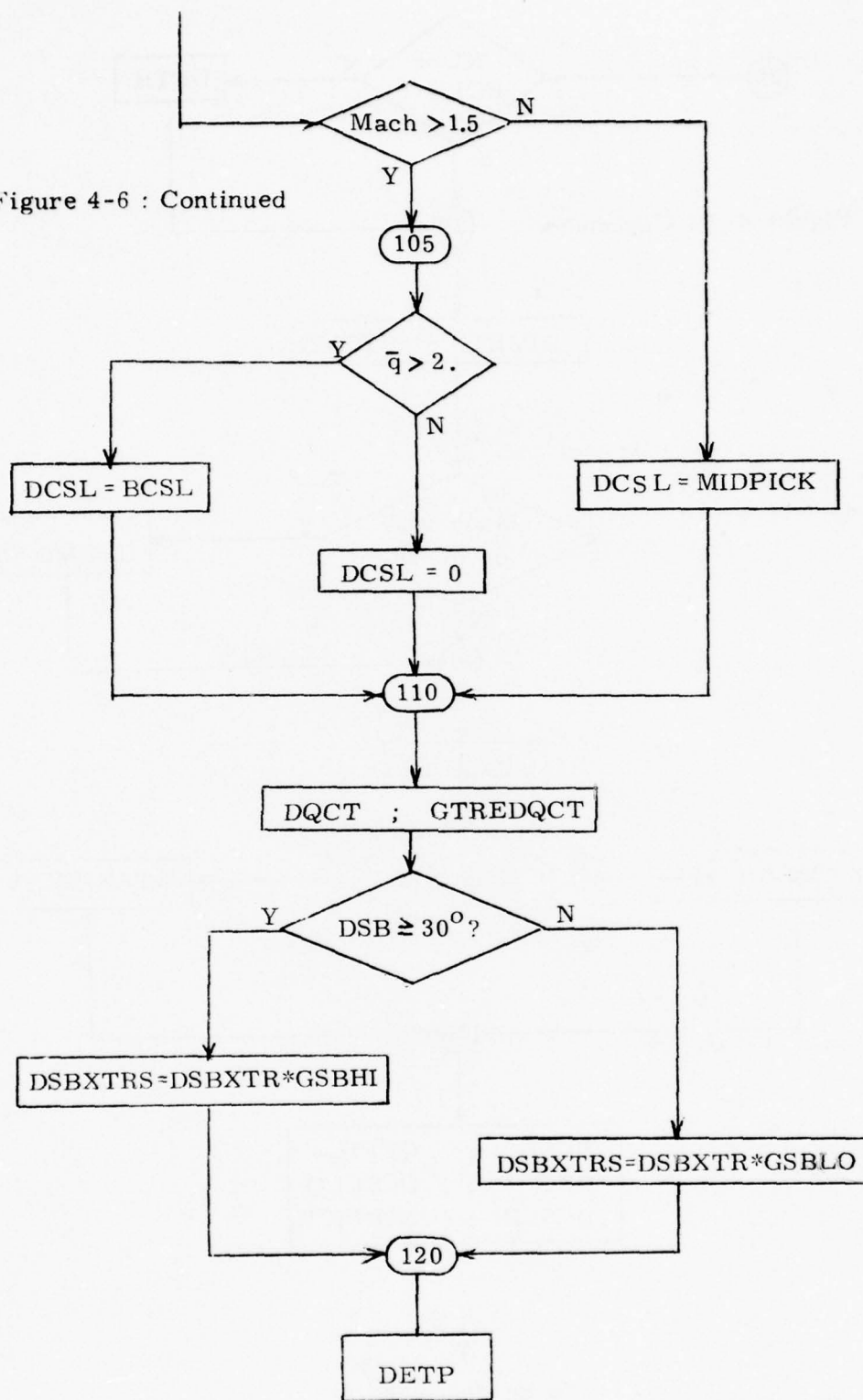
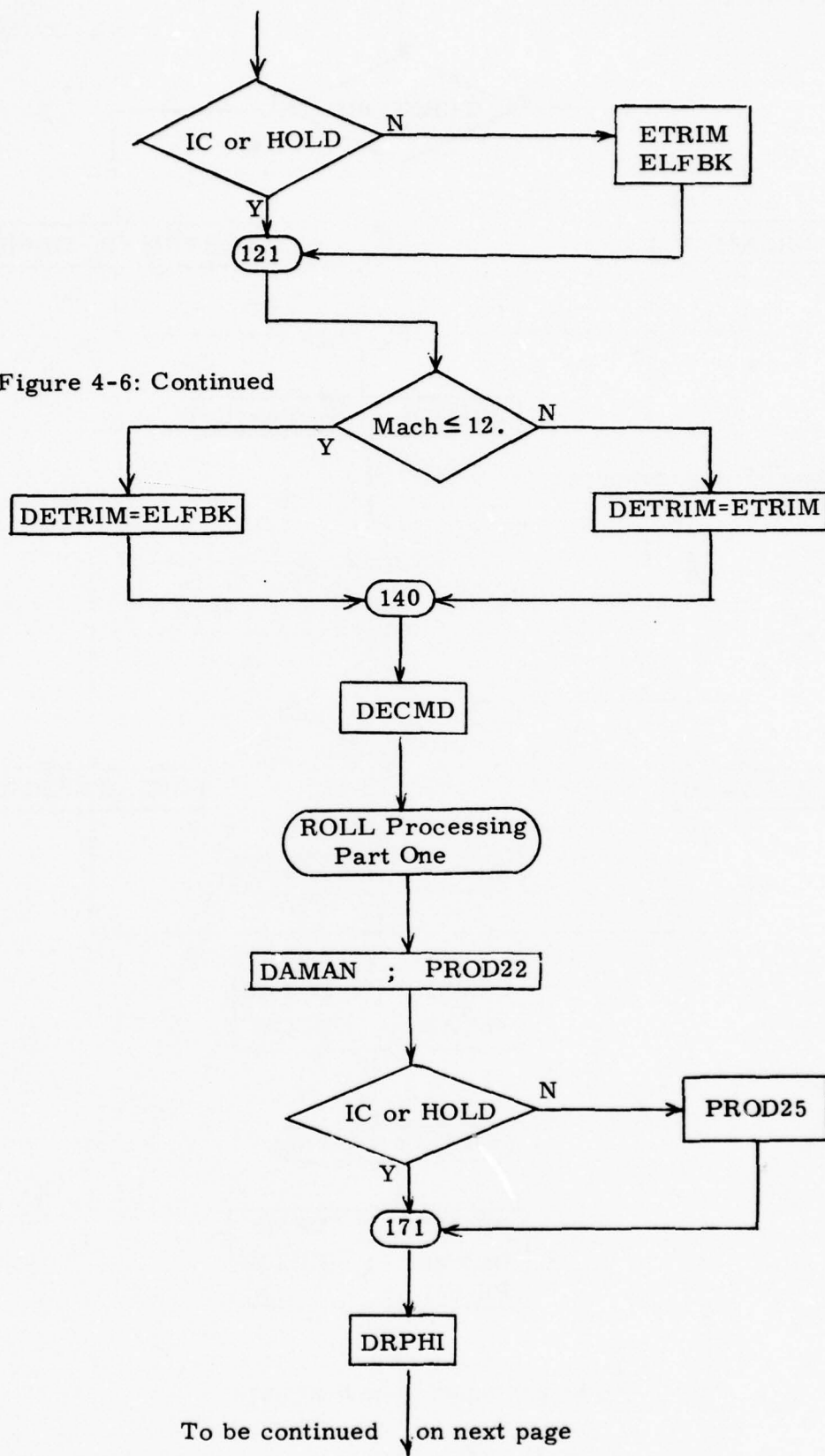


Figure 4-6 : Continued

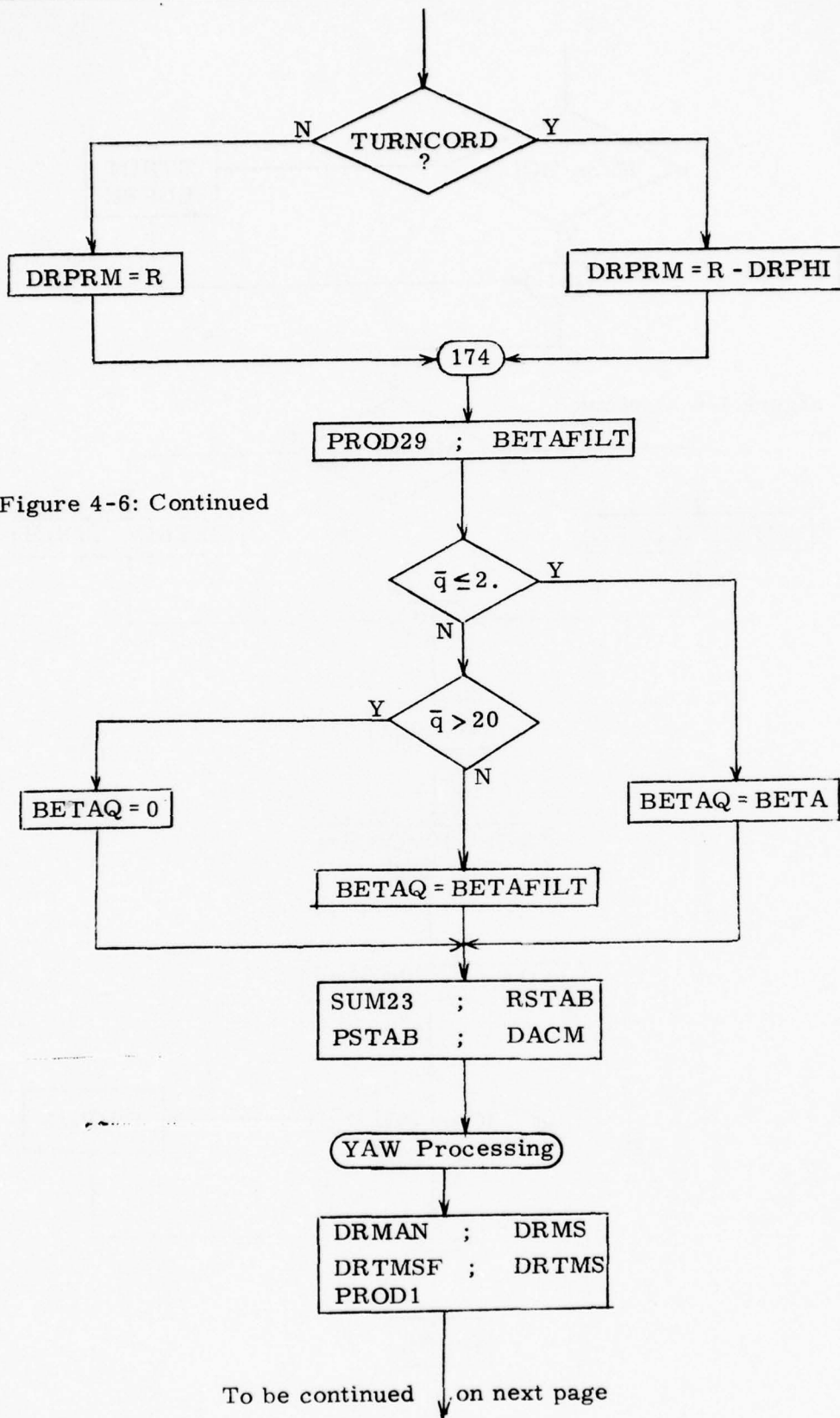


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Figure 4-6: Continued







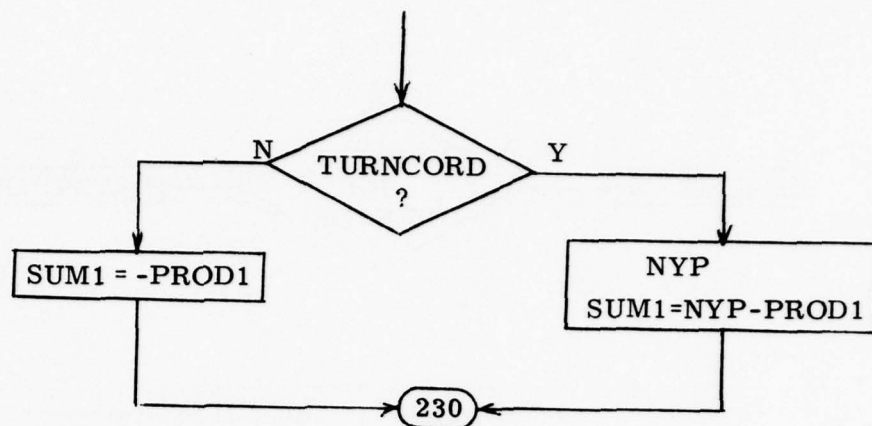
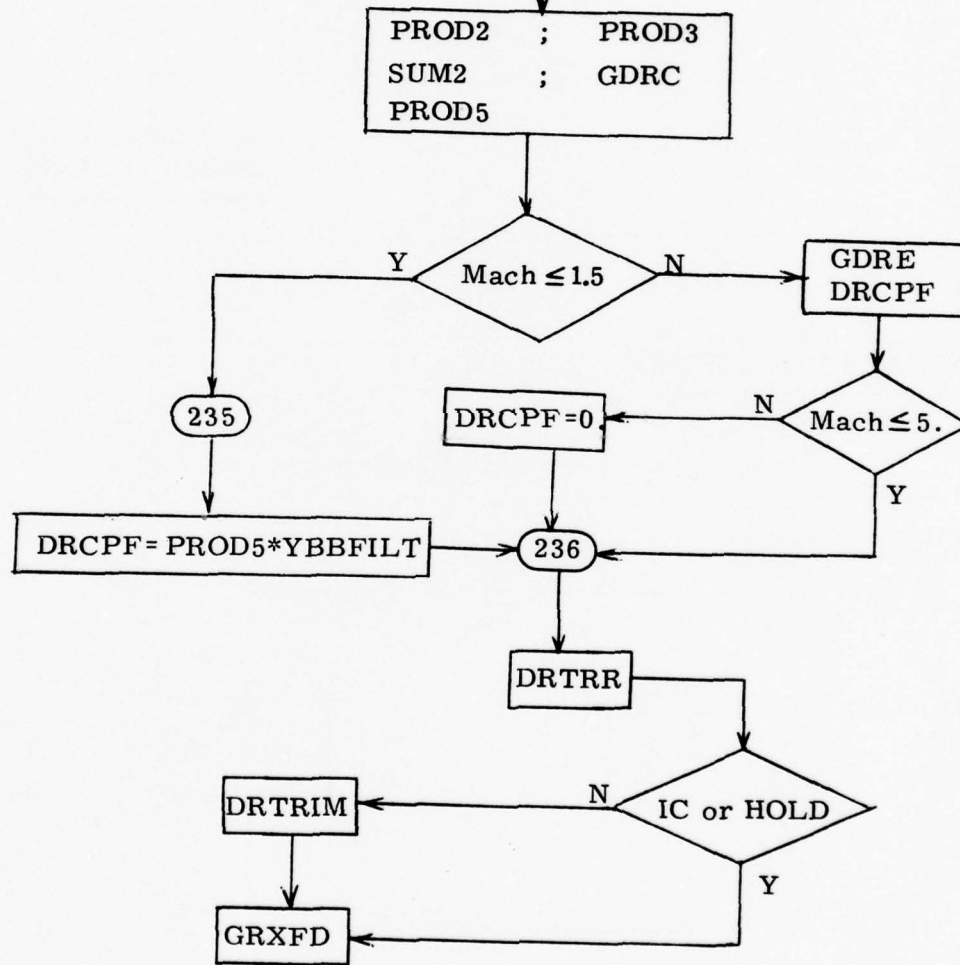


Figure 4-6: Continued



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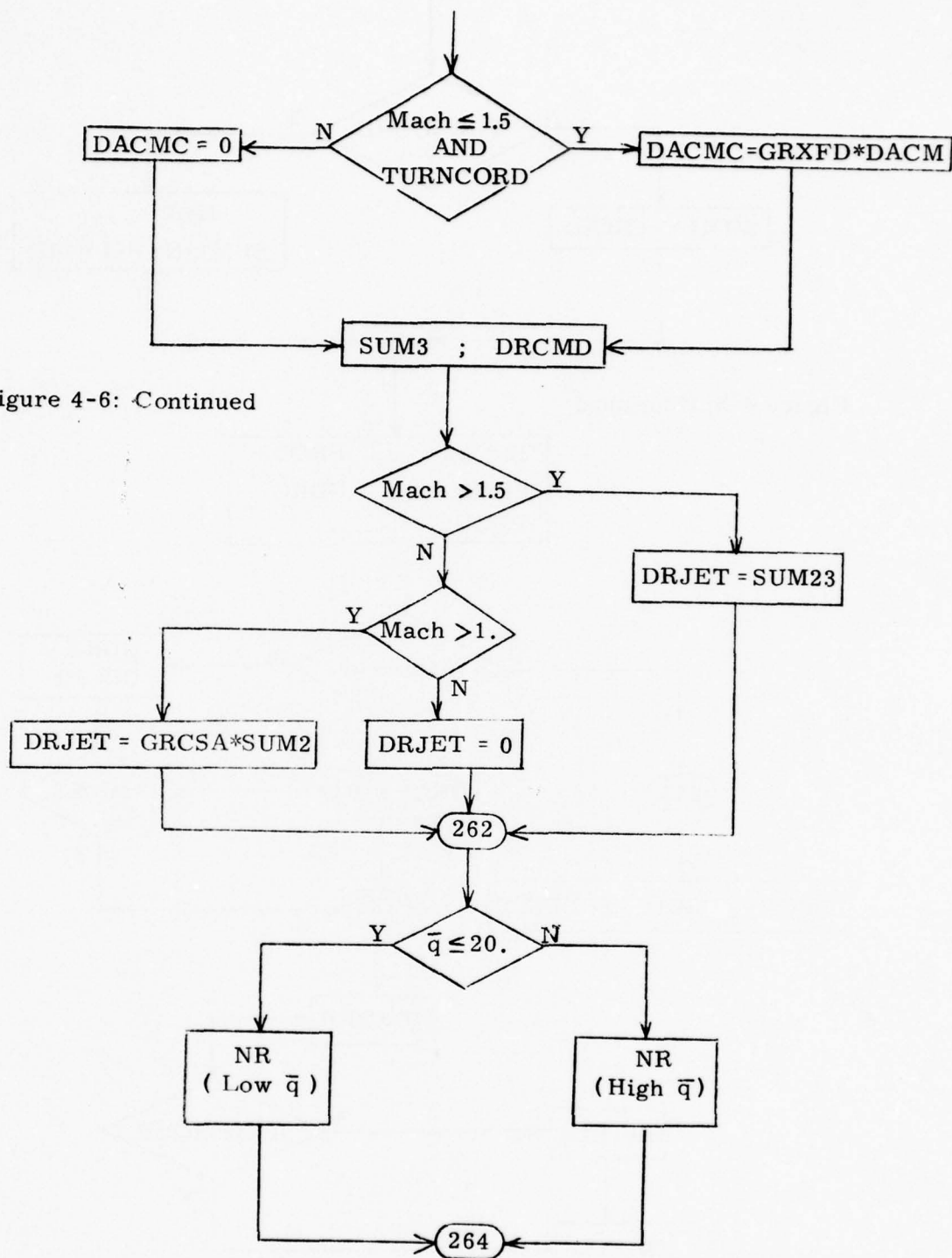


Figure 4-6: Continued

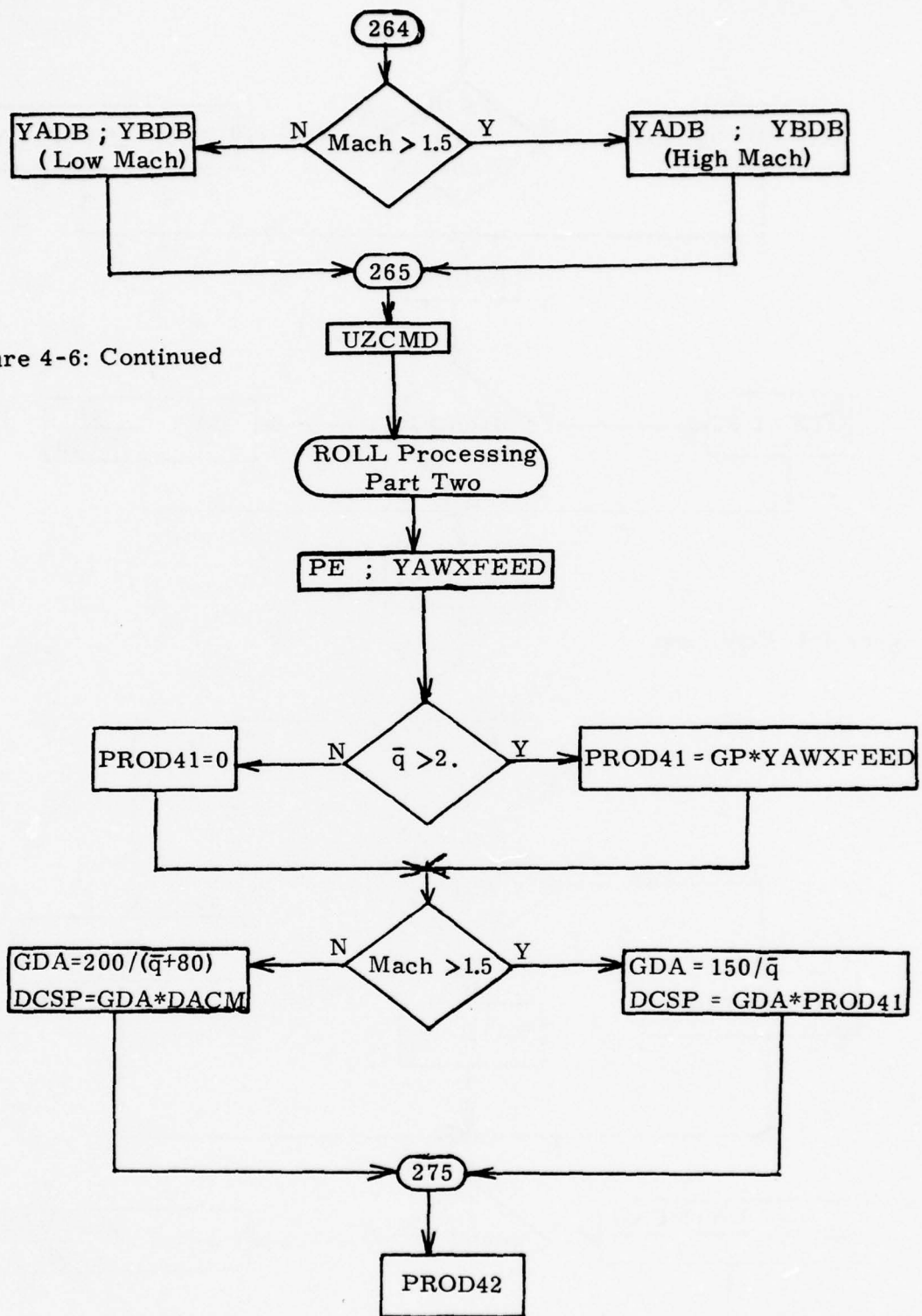


Figure 4-6: Continued

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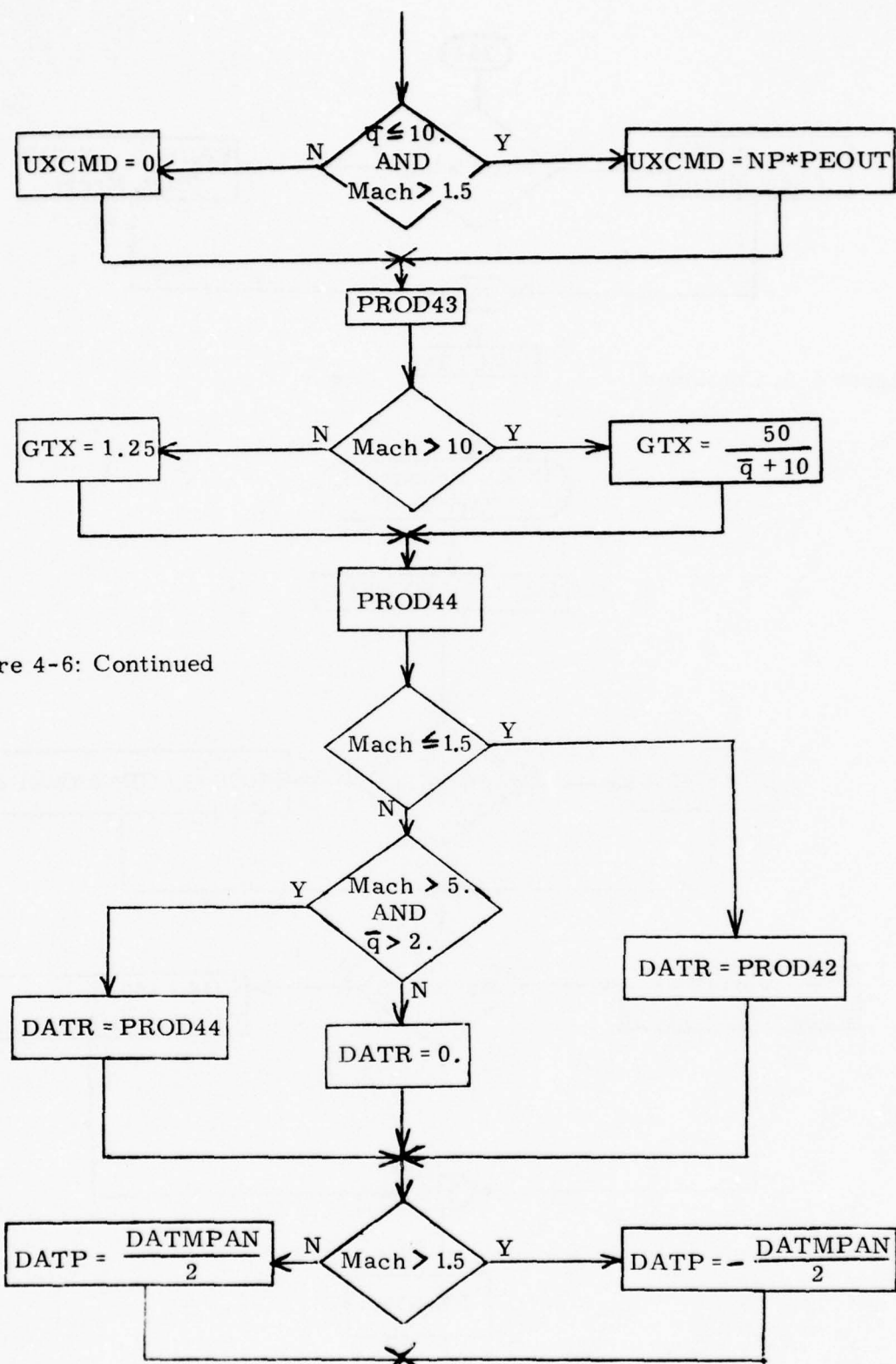
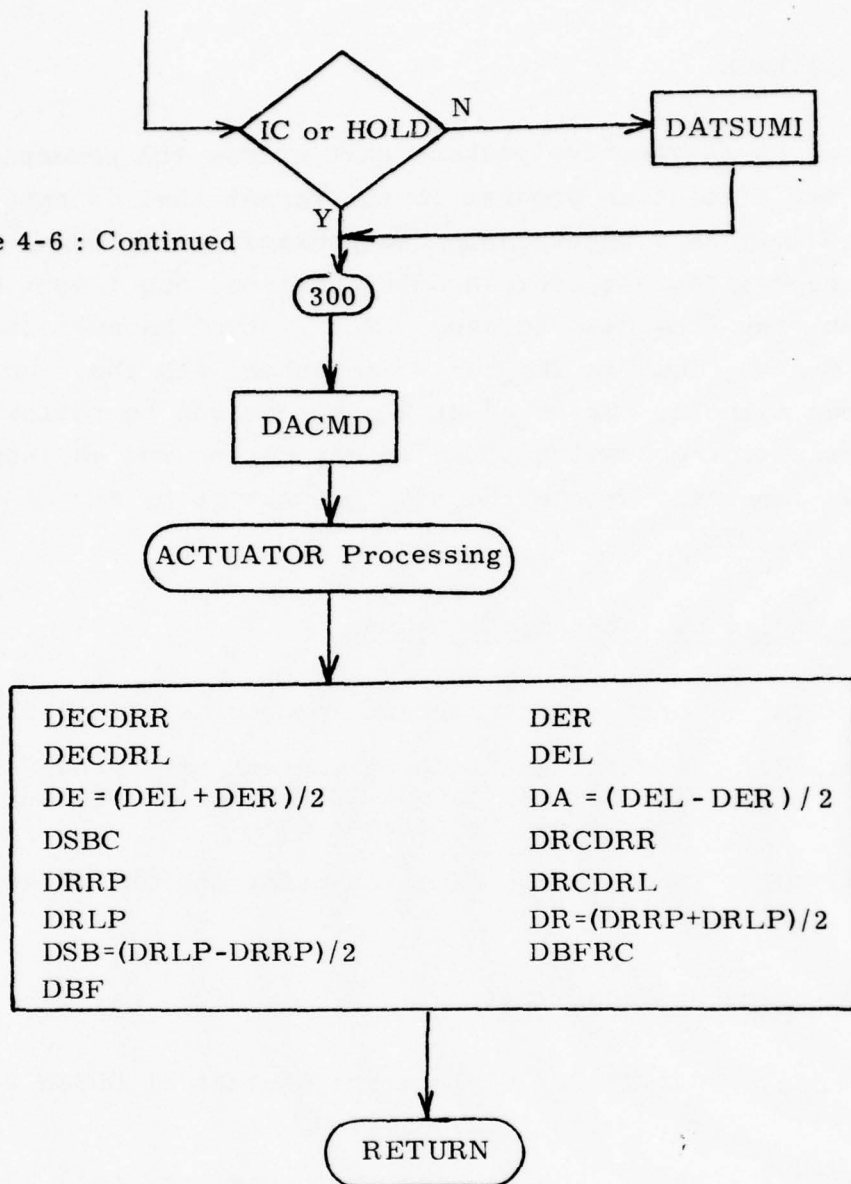


Figure 4-6: Continued

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Figure 4-6 : Continued



## 5. EASE PACKAGE

EASE is an interactive package that allows the researcher easy access to the Simulation program in the format that is natural to him. To qualify as a general-purpose package, the program must readily accept different vehicle configurations and flight conditions which vary from case to case. The list of parameters and variables can be found in Chapter VI together with their units and computer symbols. Users of EASE are required to follow two simple formats corresponding to an interrogation and an input. EASE can be accessed through the Main program or by setting Control Switch 12 to .TRUE. .

### a/ Examples of Interrogation Mode

THETA?      What is the current value of  $\theta$ ? (in F25.10 format)

\*12AF?      What is the integer content of address 12AF?  
              (In decimal format I25). The asterisk (\*)  
              specifies the integer mode.

43600?      What is the floating-point content of address  
              43600?

### b/ Examples of Input Mode

OMEGA = .000072923      Replace the content of OMEGA with  
                              .72923E-4.

\*17777 = 50              Replace the content of cell 17777  
                              with 50 decimal

1FF2C = .25              Put .25 (in floating-point format)  
                              into cell 1FF2C.

c/ To exit EASE, type an exclamation mark "!" followed by a carriage return (C/R).

For unusually large numbers or unusually small numbers, check the

accompanying listing to avoid truncation of the input data. For example, the I/O floating-point number is determined at format F25.10. Any digits beyond 10 places to the right of the decimal point will be ignored. The user should also safeguard against entering a value for a parameter that is larger than the largest allowable for the parameter. For example, the pitch rate  $Q_B$  has a range of  $\pm 2$  rad/sec and is scaled at  $[Q_B/2]$  when appearing to the Flight Control System. If the user of EASE inadvertently sets  $Q_B = 3$ , the output of the DAC (digital-to-analog converter) corresponding to  $Q_B$  is completely wrong.

When a wrong symbol was typed, EASE will respond with "NO SUCH SYMBOL IS DEFINED TO EASE". There are other interactive features built into EASE to help the users in case of mistakes. Here are a few common typing mistakes to serve as examples:

a/ OMEGA = 2.6F19

EASE will come up with the message "MEMORY DATA MUST BE A DECIMAL NUMBER" because there is no provision for EASE to accept hexadecimal numbers.

b/ \*RHO? (even though  $\rho$  was declared a floating-point in the main program). The resulting message is "WRONG INPUT FORMAT".

c/ BYTE = 377 (even though BYTE was declared as 8 bits)  
In that case  $255 \leq \text{BYTE} \leq 0$ . EASE will alert the user with the warning "DATA OUTSIDE RANGE".

The simplified flowchart for the EASE package is contained in figure 5 -1 for reference purposes.



Figure 5-1: EASE Flowchart, Executive

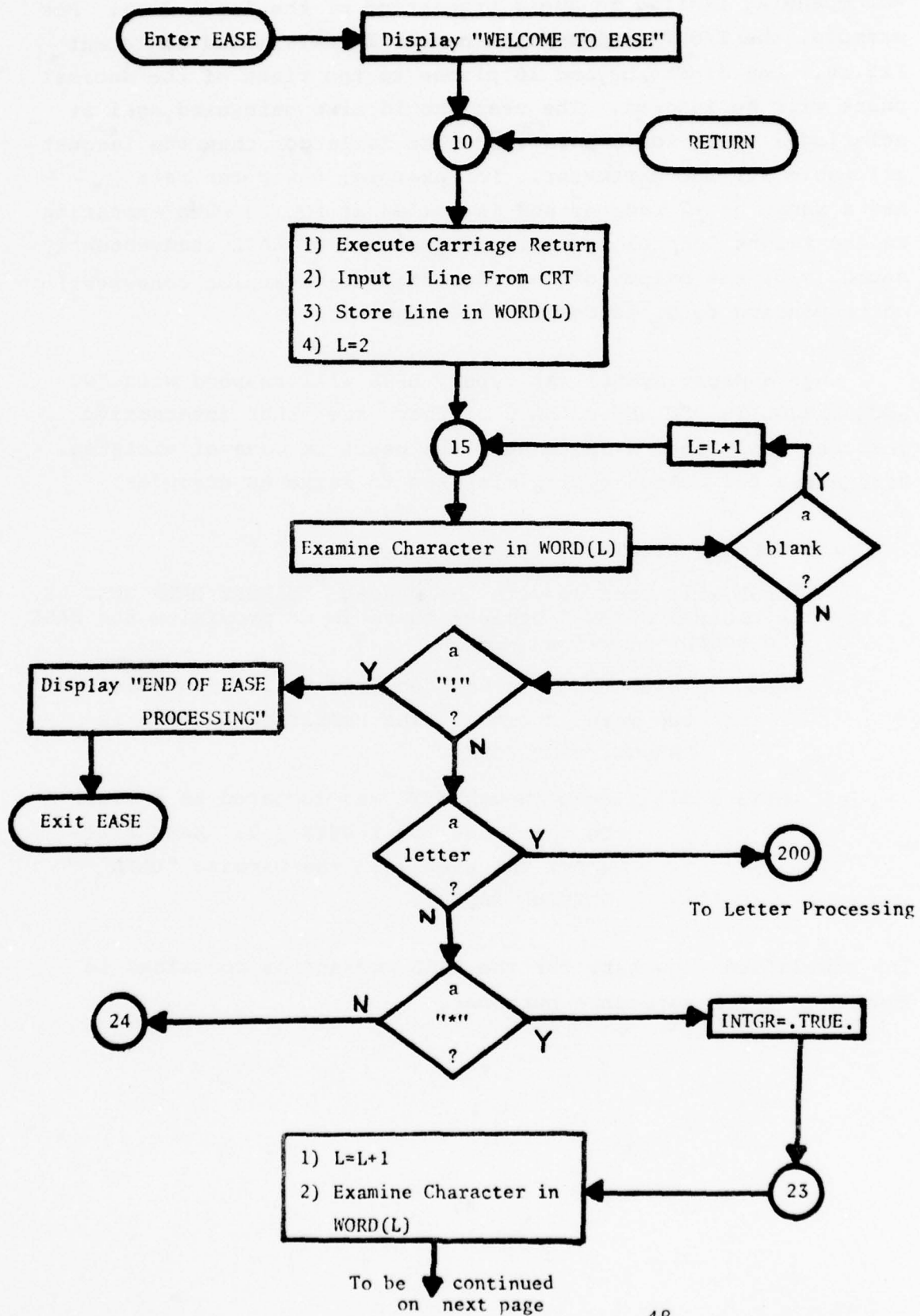


Figure 5-1 (continued), Executive

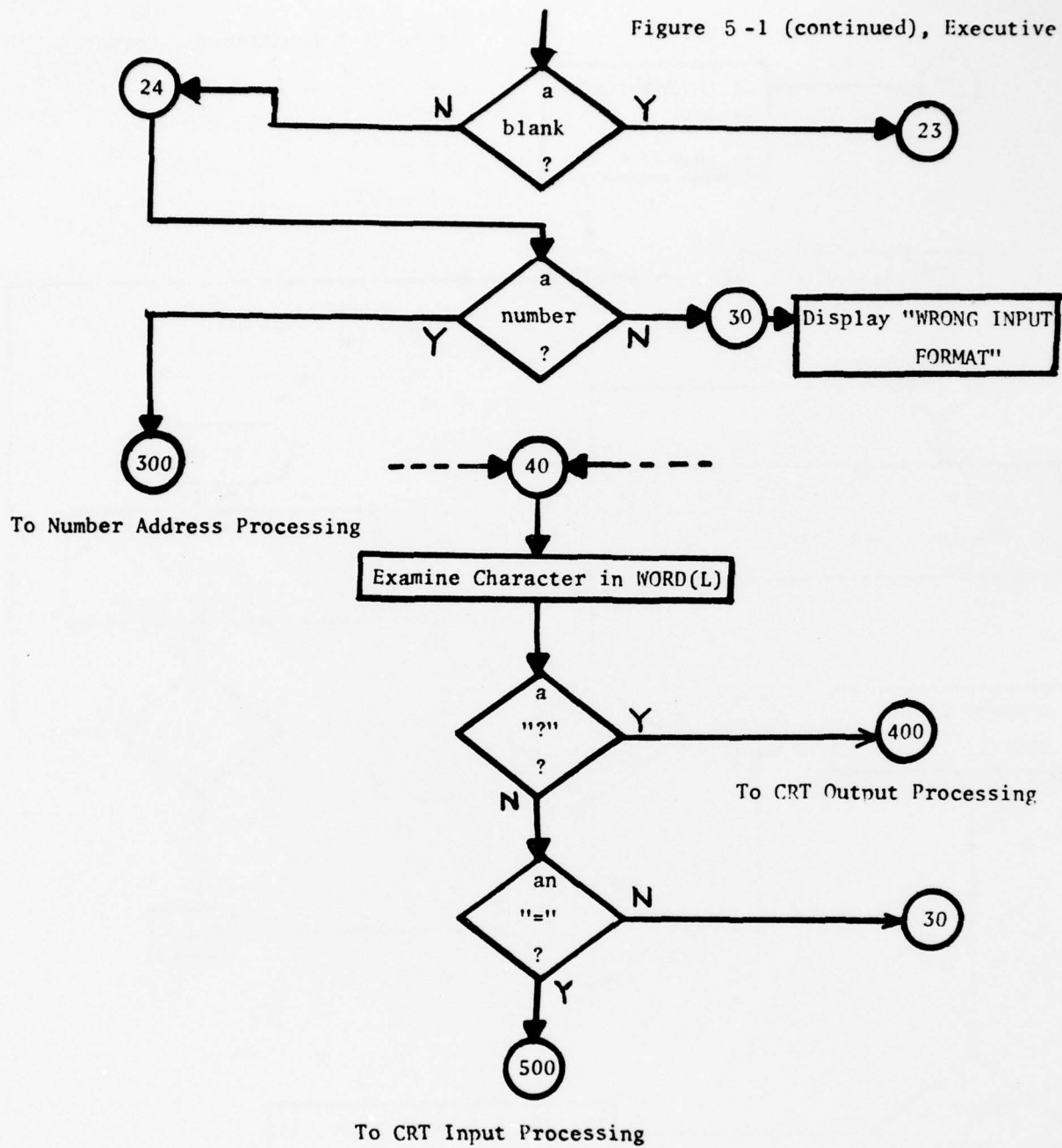


Figure 5 -1 (continued), Letter Processing

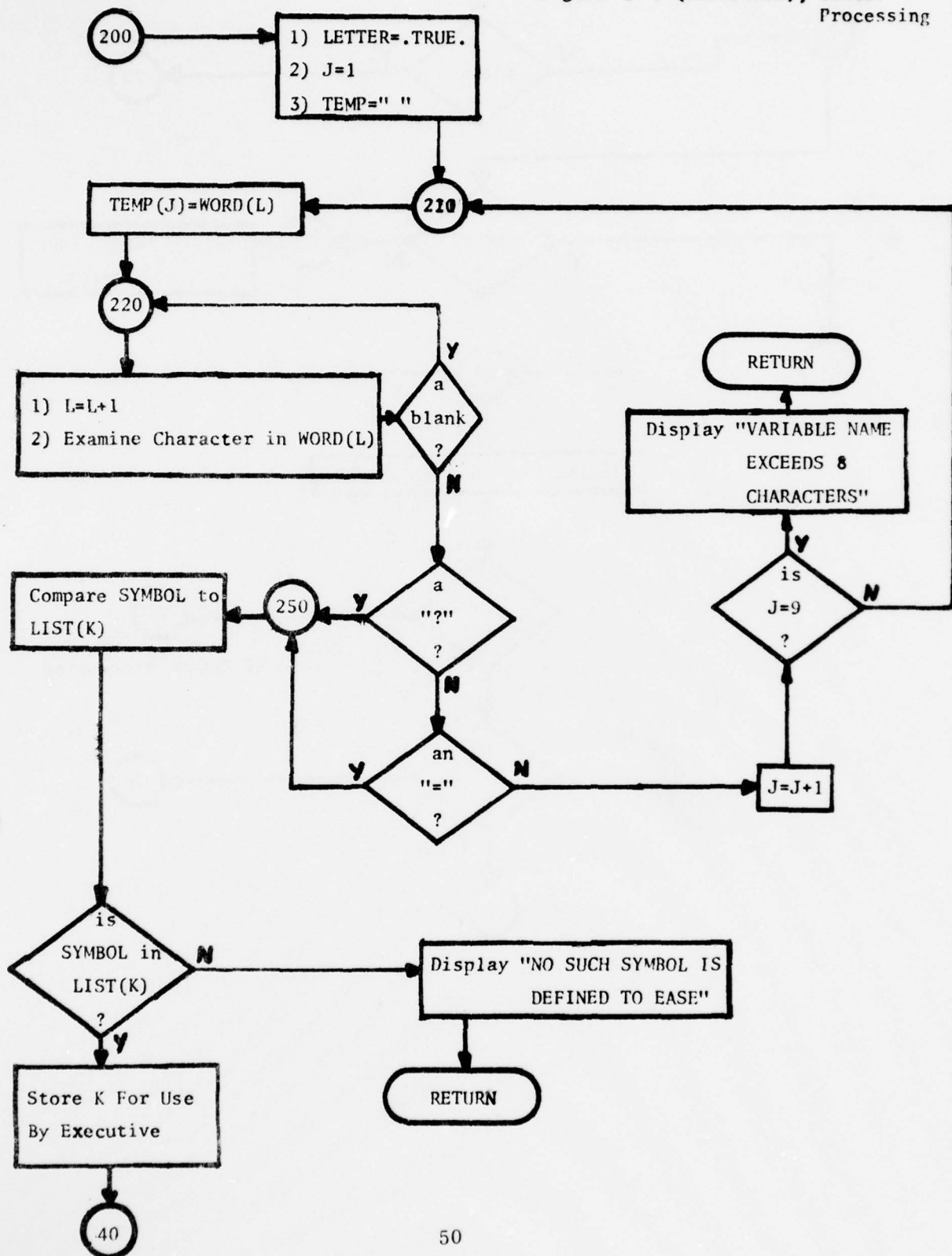


Figure 5 -1 (continued), Number Address Processing

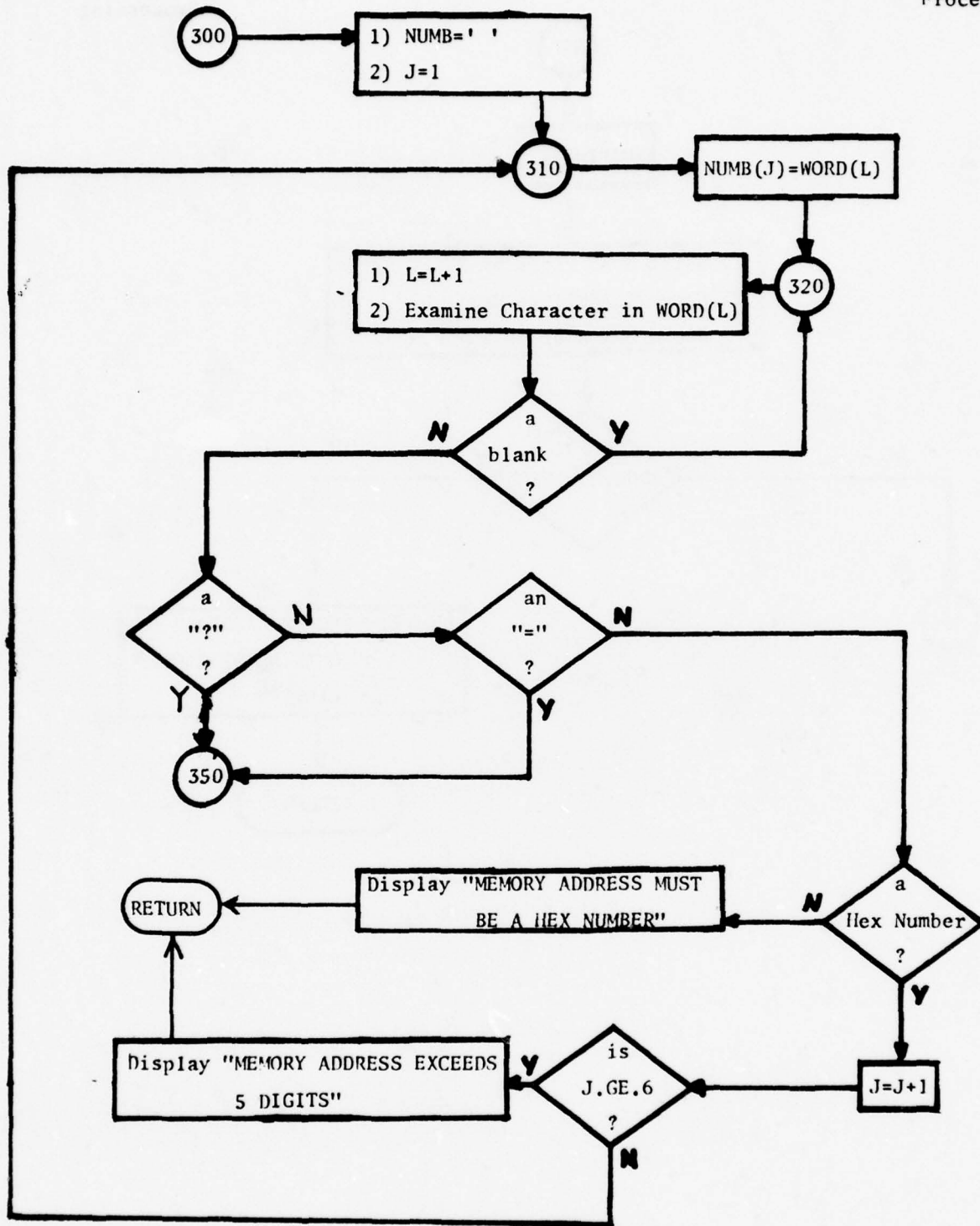




Figure 5-1 (continued), Number Address Processing

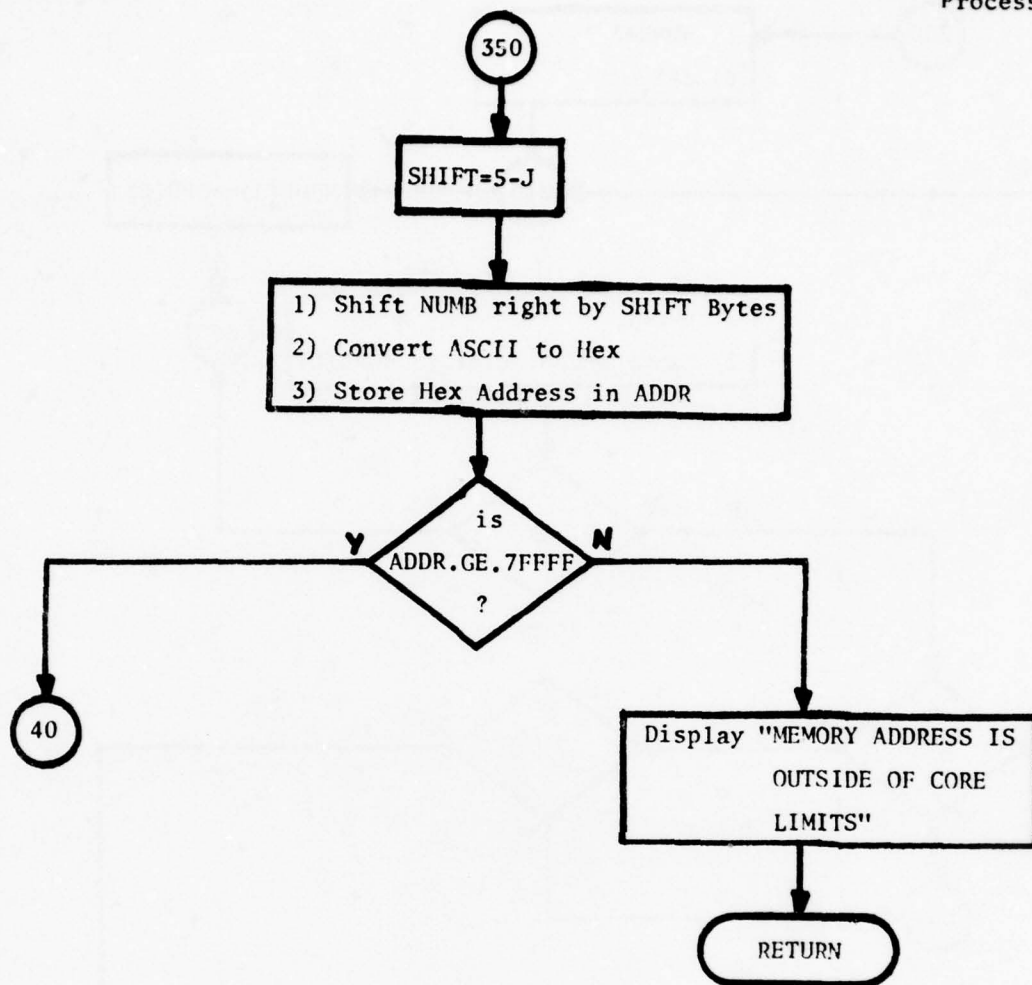


Figure 5-1 (continued), CRT Output Processing

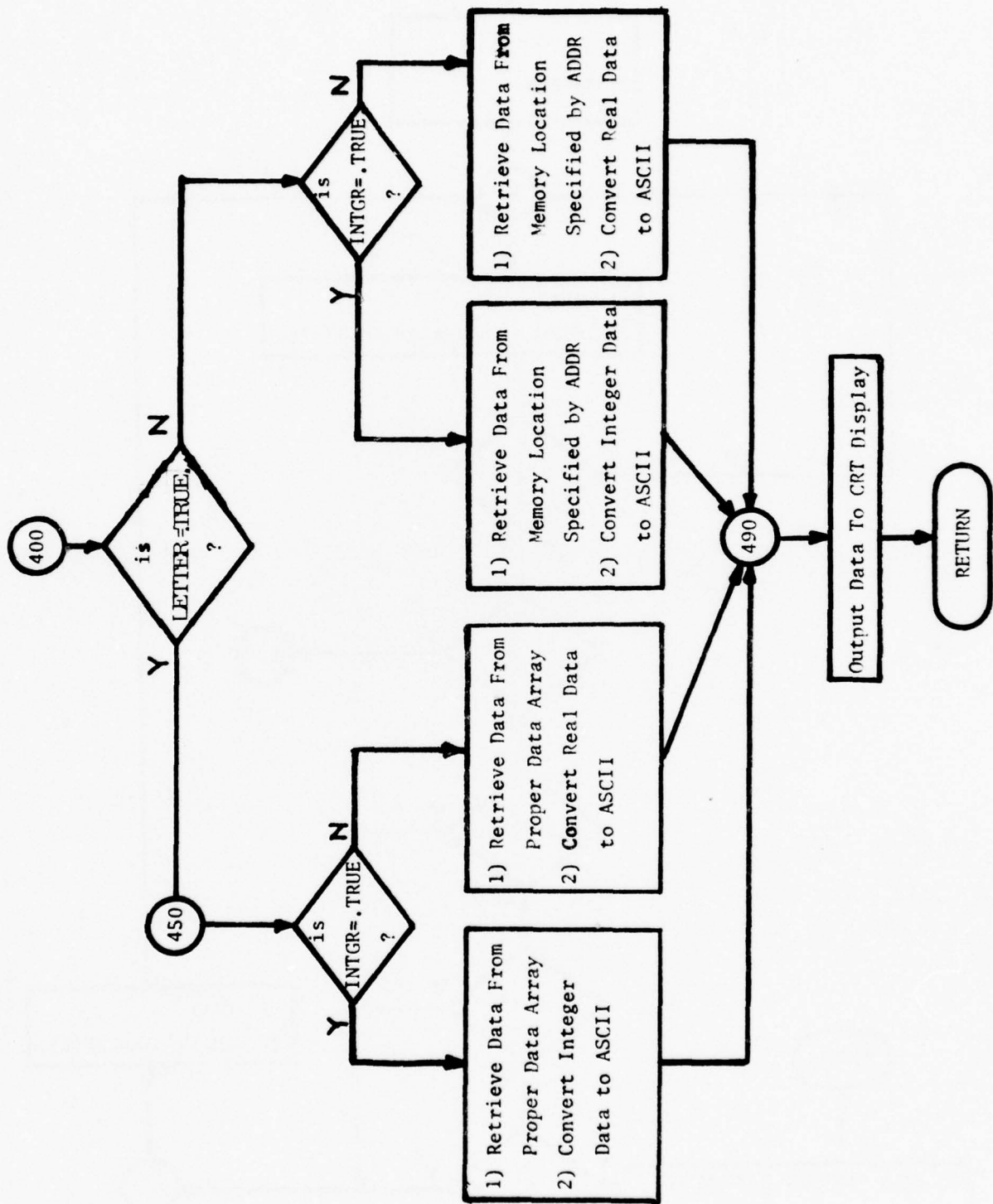


Figure 5-1 (continued), CRT Input Processing

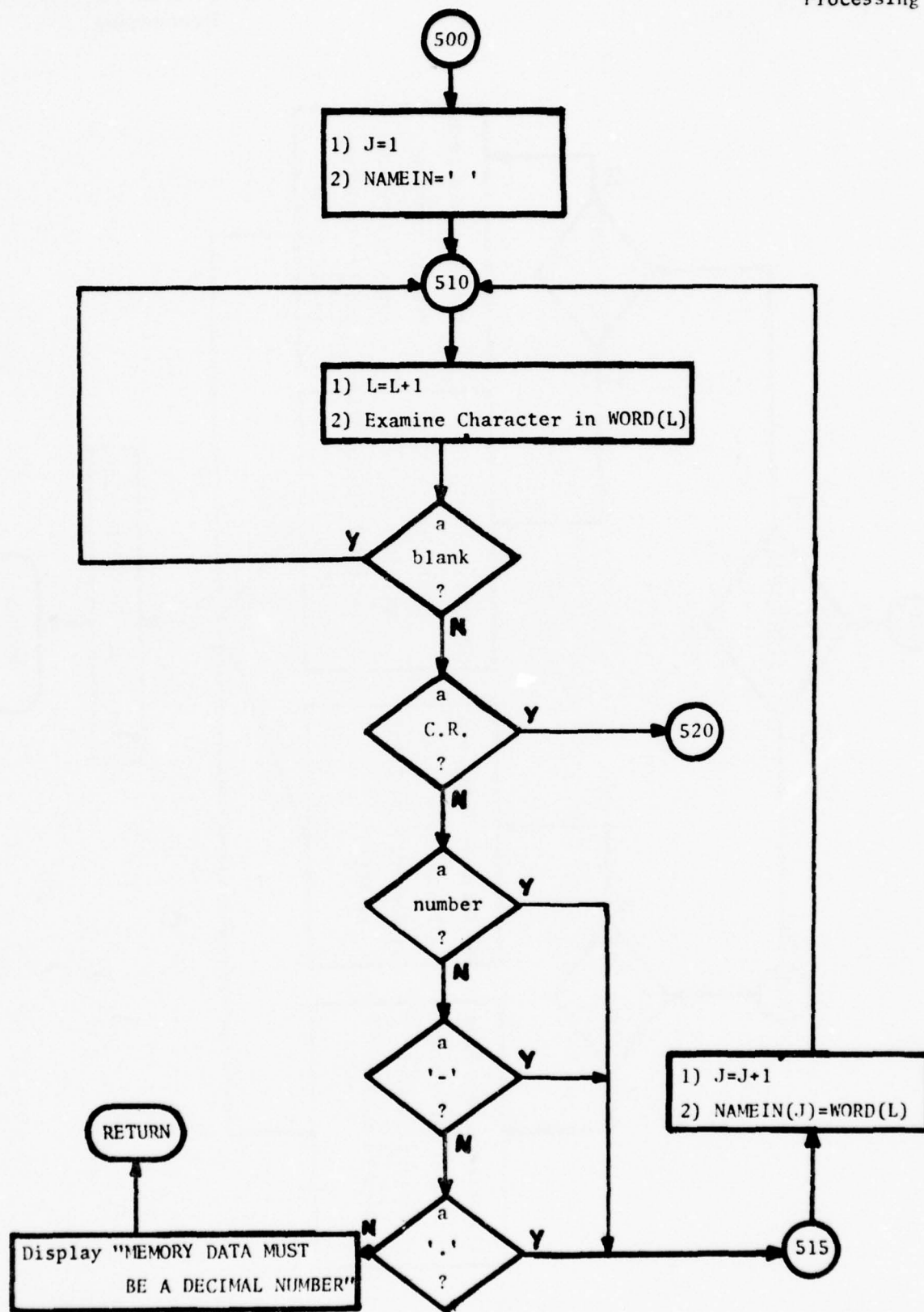
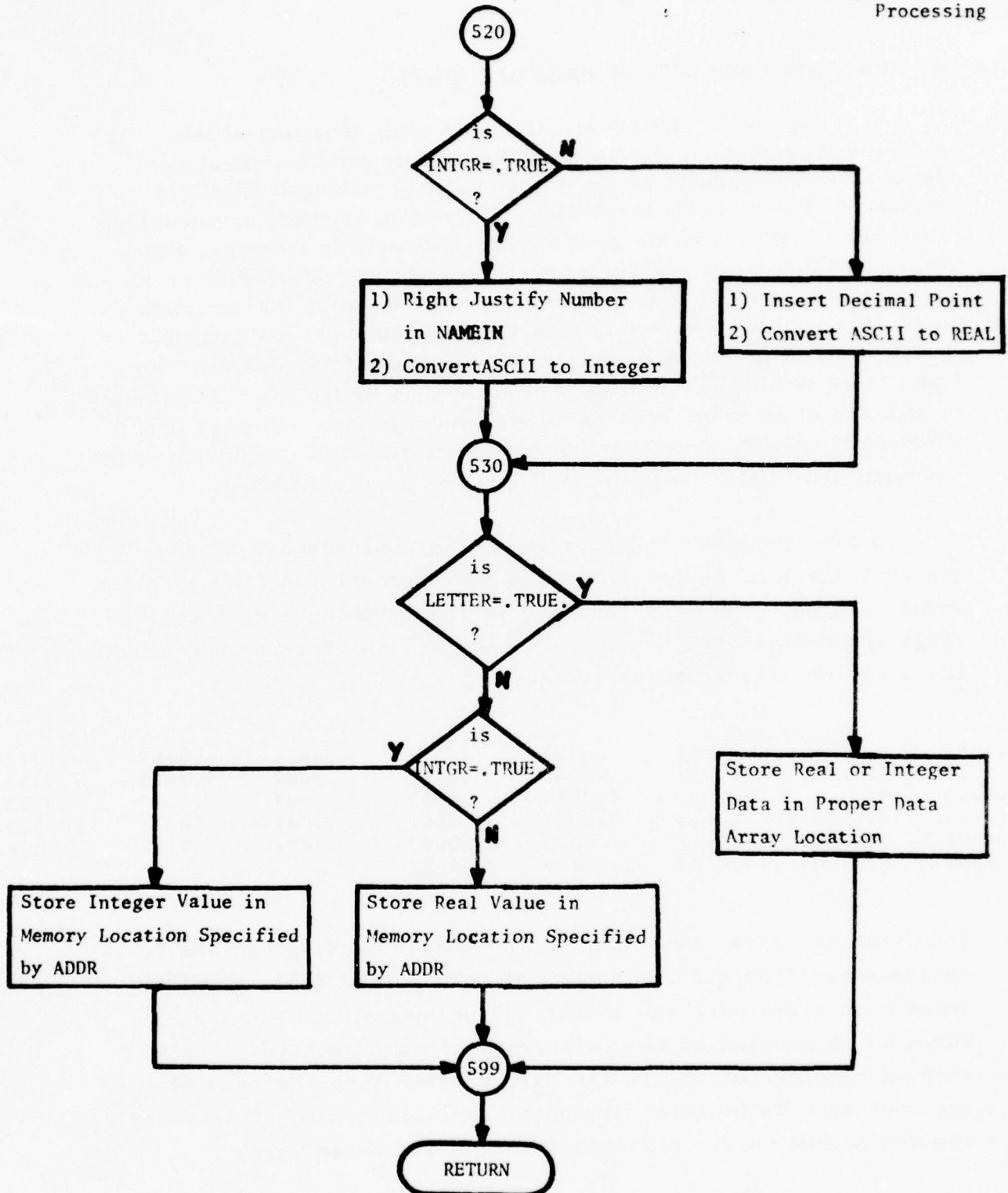


Figure 5-1 (continued), CRT Input Processing



## 6. FUNCTION GENERATION PACKAGE (FGP)

Fast function generation constitute the main objective of this software package so it can successfully support a time-critical simulation. The package is Fortran compatible making it adaptable elsewhere if needed. On the other hand, because of speed consideration, some part of this program were written in Assemble language. Physically the FGP is embedded into the Main program and considered an integral part thereof. This leature also helps speed up the execution time. Aerodynamic data for this particular simulation are composed of about 40 functions having from one to three arguments. Overall, there exist more than 4000 data points to be handled by the FGP. If there is a shortage of memory space each data point could be converted into a fixed-point quantity, normalized then made to fit into a 16-bit half-word location. But in that case, the FGP must be greatly modified.

We are provided with data in the form of punched cards. The card image of a representative two-argument function is shown below. In this case the function is the pitching-moment coefficient (or derivative) bias,  $CM_0(\alpha, Mach)$ , which is a function of the angle of attack and the velocity.

CM0	45						
-.0083	-.0023	0.0047	.0057	.0037	-.0013	-.0153	-.0373
-.0553	-.0083	-.0023	.0047	.0057	.0037	-.0013	-.0153
-.0303	-.0503	-.0073	-.0013	.0057	.0057	.0027	-.0033
-.0165	-.0283	-.0413	-.0043	.0007	.0081	.0047	-.0003
-.0093	-.0193	-.0273	-.0263	.0002	.0052	.0132	.0072
-.0038	-.0158	-.0248	-.0278	.0052			

Note that the first card (called the Header card) gives the derivative name (CM0) and the number of data points (45). Derivative names must start with the letter "C" or they will be rejected. There is no mention of how many arguments are involved. Only when we make use of  $CM_0$  in the Main program that the type of argument and its breakpoints appear explicitly. For this example, the two arguments are arranged in the order  $CM_0(\alpha_1, M_1)$  ;



$$CM_0(\alpha_2, M_1); CM_0(\alpha_3, M_1); \dots; CM_0(\alpha_5, M_1); CM_0(\alpha_1, M_2);$$

$$CM_0(\alpha_2, M_2); CM_0(\alpha_3, M_2); \dots \text{ until } CM_0(\alpha_5, M_9).$$

The FGP is made up of three separate sub-programs, each doing a specified task. They are: DATASTORE, POINT and DERIVE4. Their particular roles are described below.

**6.1 DATASTORE Program :** This program performs the following tasks:

- Read aerodynamic data from the card file as described earlier.
- Check the validity of data including the name.
- Rearrange the data in a predetermined order.
- When an end-of-file (EOF) card is encountered, write the whole data array on a disc file.

The flowchart for DATASTORE can be found on figure 6-1. We can analyze DATASTORE program by tracing through the handling of one stability derivative, say CM0 again. When MAIN program calls DATASTORE, it reads and inspects the first card, also called the Header card. That card should contain an 8-character derivative name followed by a blank and followed by a 6-digit integers (blanks  $\nabla$  included). For example

Derivative  
name

Columns #16 thru #80  
reserved for comments

CM0000000000000045COMMENTS . . . .

Number of  
data points

One header card is required per derivative by DATASTORE. Anytime an EOF card is encountered in place of a header card, control is reverted to the MAIN program. Thus the very last card must be an EOF or the program will hang up.

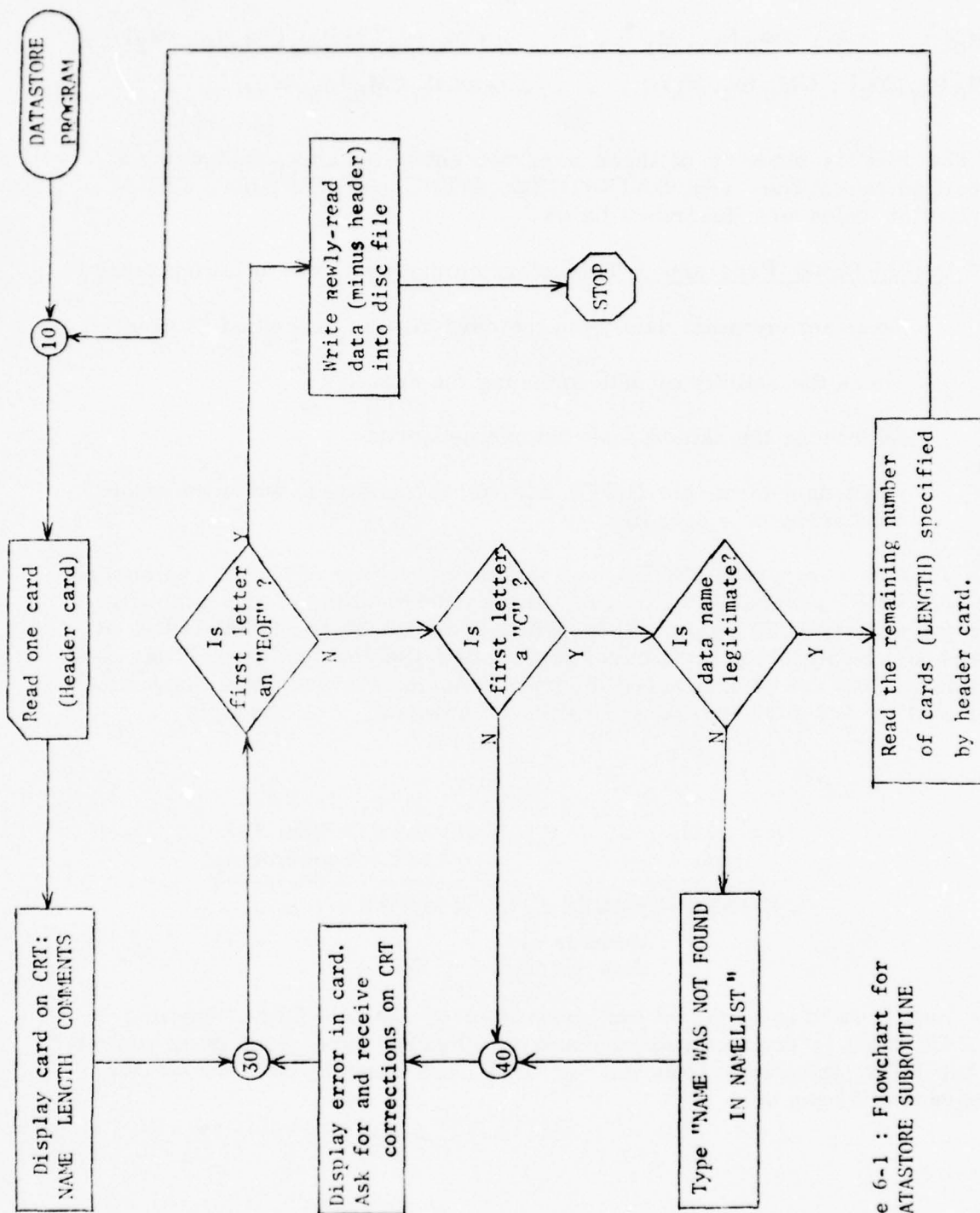


Figure 6-1 : Flowchart for  
DATASTORE SUBROUTINE

Since all derivative names stored start with the letter "C", a test is made of the first character to eliminate any unnecessary search of the Data List. Only those names previously defined in the Main program's Data Table ( such as  $CM_0$ ,  $C_{\ell_\beta}$ ,  $C_{n_{\delta a}}$ , ... ) are considered legitimate. If the first letter of the header card is a "C", control is passed to the "name list search" portion of DATASTORE program (beginning with statement #50). In the event the first character of the header card is not a "C", DATASTORE allows the user the choice of aborting the run ( returning to Main program ) or the choice of correcting the typographical mistake by inputting a new name on the CRT.

After the derivative name and address have been found in the tables, DATASTORE returns to the card reader and reads the information on the cards stacked behind the header card. The newly arrived data points are stored in the temporary array called DATA(I), ( I=1, LENGTH ). In our example LENGTH = 45 as indicated on the header card earlier. When all the expected data points are in ( an EOF card is read ) DATASTORE terminates the reading phase and all the aerodynamic data are written out on a disc file. Notice that DATASTORE is executed only once, during program initialization phase and the disc file will be utilized by the Derivative subroutines later on.

It should be aware that DATASTORE is a separate program that must be executed prior to all other programs in the normal sequence of operation. Also note that DATASTORE program must be modified and rerun for any change in the length or table arrangement of the aerodynamic data. These parameters must match those of the MAIN program to insure that the data are stored in the same relative location where they will be used. Specifically care and attention should be paid to the following:

- The order and dimension of the data-table declaration statements
- The DATA statements for variable SIZE and NUMBER

- The ASCII variables in NAMELIST
  - The order of the data table ACW (Address Constant Word) array.
- These parameters effect the proper ordering of the data table in the array which is dumped to disc.

6.2 POINT Subroutine : This subroutine, which is called by the Main program, performs all the preliminary tasks prior to final interpolation. One call to POINT subroutine is required per argument list and a representative calling sequence applicable to our present example might appear as follows:

```

      CALL POINT (ALPHA , ALPHAPT(2) , ALPHAPT(1) , ALPHAT(1) , ALPHAT(3))
      CALL POINT (MACH , MACHPT(2) , ALPHAPT(1) , ALPHAT(1) , ALPHAT(3))

```

↑                    ↑                    ↓                    ↓                    ↑  
 ↓                    ↓                    ↑                    ↑                    ↓

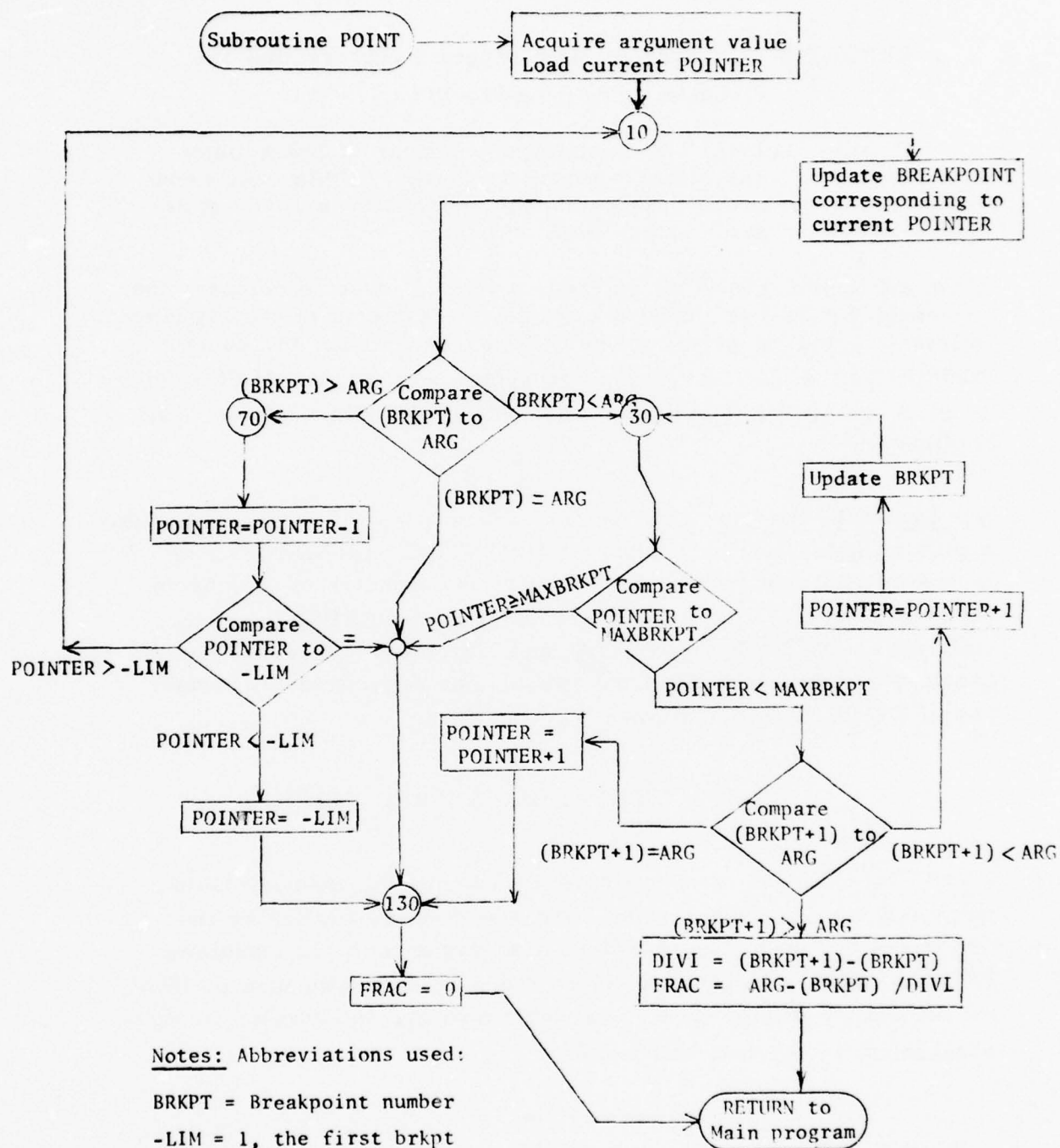
The outgoing arrows are added to visually indicate arguments needed by the subroutine for processing the calls and, conversely, the incoming arrows show that information is being returned to the Main program. Two calls are made to POINT subroutine because in our current example , CM0 is a function of two arguments,  $\alpha$  and Mach. Let us inspect one of the calls above.

ALPHA = an argument, the present value of  $\alpha$

ALPHAT(3) = starting point of a list of breakpoints associated with the independent variable  $\alpha$ . This list consist of floating-point values.

ALPHAPT(1) = returns to Main program as an integer value (called "pointer") indicating the smallest breakpoint adjacent to the argument  $\alpha$ , say  $\alpha_1$ . This information will be used during subsequent interpolation.





Notes: Abbreviations used:

BRKPT = Breakpoint number

-LIM = 1, the first brkpt

MAXBRKPT= no. of brkpts of  
an argument.

ARG=value of the argument

(BRKPT)=the value of the argument  
corresponding to BRKPT

Figure 6-2 : Subroutine POINT



ALPHAT(1) = returns to Main program representing the  
distance,  $FRAC = (\alpha - \alpha_i) / (\alpha_{i+1} - \alpha_i)$

Finally, ALPHAPT(2) contains the number of breakpoints  
associated with the argument. In this case there  
are 9 breakpoints as declared by a DATA state-  
ment in the Main program.

When subroutine POINT is entered, a test is made to compare the  
argument ( $\alpha$  in this instance) against the extrema of the argument  
values ( $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_9$  here). Should  $\alpha < \alpha_1$  then we set the pointer  
ALPHAPT(1) to 1. Conversely whenever  $\alpha > \alpha_9$  we set ALPHAPT(1)  
to 9. A simplified flowchart of the POINT subroutine can be found  
in figure 6-2.

6.3 Derive Subroutine: This section was written using the FUNCTION  
approach instead of the standard SUBROUTINE approach in order  
to reduce program length and minimize the transfer of arguments  
between different programs. There exist four DERIVE functions:  
DERIVE1, DERIVE2, DERIVE3 and DERIVE4. Together they can  
handle any function having from one to four arguments. A sample  
use of DERIVE1 is as follows:

FUNCT = DERIVE1 (DATATABLE, MACHT)

where DATATABLE is the starting location of the memory table  
containing the data which were placed there earlier by the  
DATASTORE subroutine. MACHT is an argument table containing  
FRAC in the first word (see figure 6-2 for the significance of FRAC),  
the breakpoint pointer in the next half-word and the number of Mach  
breakpoints in the last half-word.

MACHT

FRAC	
POINTER	MACHT LENGTH

For our existing example, the pitching derivative bias  $CM_0$  appears at last, on the right-hand side of an assignment statement

$$CM_0 = \text{DERIVE2} ( CM_{0T} , \text{ALPHAT} , \text{MACHT} )$$

## 7. REPRESENTATIVE SOLUTIONS

No simulation can be completely trusted unless it has undergone preliminary STATIC and DYNAMIC CHECKS. It is imperative that such checks be carried out before the very first production run and especially if the simulation is just started up after some lay-off time. Check conditions need not be unique; any reasonable set of conditions will suffice. However, some considerations should be given to checking conditions commonly encountered in the flight regime.

### 7.1 General Procedures

The STATIC CHECK for the rotational equations could be performed as follows: an initial flight condition is established by fixing Mach number, dynamic pressure and angle of attack at pre-selected values. Input variables, angular rates, Euler angles, control surfaces, etc., to each of the equations are then perturbed one at a time or in pairs to excite particular terms of the equations to be checked. The outputs should be scrutinized for trends and for possible wrong signs.

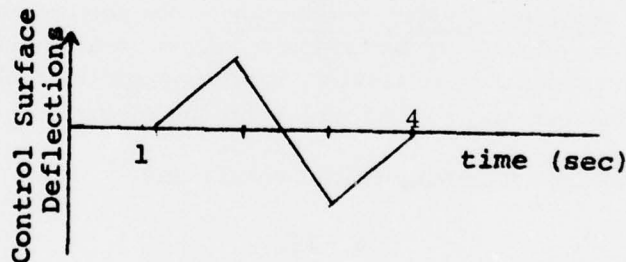
By choice of certain parameters we can isolate each portion of an equation to see if it gives the correct answer. A case in point is illustrated by considering

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{P}_B = \frac{\bar{q} S b}{I_X} \left[ (C_{\ell_P} P_B + C_{\ell_R} R_B) \frac{b}{2V} + C_{\ell_\beta} \beta + C_{\ell_{\delta a}} \delta a + C_{\ell_{\delta r}} \delta r \right] \\ + \frac{I_{XZ}}{I_X} (\dot{R}_B + P_B Q_B) + \left( \frac{I_Y - I_Z}{I_X} \right) Q_B R_B \end{aligned} \quad (7-1)$$

If we set  $P_B = Q_B = 0$  and  $\beta = \delta a = \delta r = I_{XZ} = 0$  we can observe the change in roll rate as a sole function of the yaw rate, or  $\dot{P}_B = f(R_B)$ . By resetting different parameters, we can gradually examine the influence of each of the terms in the  $P_B$  equation, remembering to take into account the sign of each term.

A similar procedure is used to check the aerodynamic coefficient equations for  $C_N$ ,  $C_C$ ,  $C_\ell$ ,  $C_m$ ,  $C_n$  and  $C_Y$  as functions of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , Mach number and control surface configuration.

DYNAMIC CHECKS should be attempted only after the user is fully satisfied with the static tests. Again a few checks are suggested herein for illustration purposes. They are neither unique nor exhaustive. To test the dynamic behavior of the rotational equations, a stable flight condition is picked and initialized by setting  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\delta_{e\_TRIM}$ ,  $\delta_{r\_TRIM}$ ,  $\delta_{a\_TRIM}$ ,  $V$  and  $h$  (TRIM conditions are selected so that the initial moments are zero, i.e.,  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  remain unchanged). Each surface ( $\delta_e$ ,  $\delta_r$ ,  $\delta_a$ ) is pulsed separately and the resulting aerodynamic responses on  $P_B$ ,  $\dot{P}_B$ ,  $Q_B$ ,  $\dot{Q}_B$ ,  $R_B$ ,  $\dot{R}_B$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , acceleration terms  $N_Z$  &  $N_Y$ ,  $\theta$ ,  $\varphi$  and  $\psi$  are recorded on a strip-chart and compared to known correct responses. The suggested shape of the bidirectional ramp shown below could be used for forcing function (deflection varies from  $\pm 5^\circ$  for subsonic region to  $\pm 20^\circ$  for supersonic region)



It is recommended that this test be conducted on a daily basis to verify the operation worthiness of the equipment. DYNAMIC CHECKS should be carried out on the translational (orbital) equations also. If all aerodynamic effects are nullified by zeroing  $C_C$ ,  $C_Y$ ,  $C_N$ ,  $L_B$ ,  $M_B$ ,  $N_B$ ,  $\dot{P}_B$ ,  $\dot{Q}_B$ ,  $\dot{R}_B$  at the same time fixing  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\theta$ ,  $\psi$  and  $\varphi$ , the vehicle can then be considered as a point mass. Additional checks of the orbital equations are also performed by initializing  $C_C$  and  $C_N$  such



that the aerodynamic effects of these equations can be assessed. It should be noted that dynamic checks for handling qualities are normally performed in five degrees-of-freedom. Dynamic checks for performance (point-mass) are performed in three and six degrees-of-freedom.

The control system mechanization is checked by varying the input variables (control stick, rudder pedal, angular rates, angle of attack, Mach number, dynamic pressure, etc) and observing the control surface responses.

The cockpit instruments, switches, control stick and rudder pedals must be checked for proper mechanization (magnitude and sign).

## 7.2 Static Checks

The values being established for Static Check can be completely arbitrary but they must be reasonable. For instance, we can't choose a test value for  $\alpha = -10^\circ$  because the Shuttle will not operate in that range. On the other hand one can pick a test value of  $\alpha = 28^\circ$  or  $\alpha = 30^\circ$  and one value is as good as the other. In this program the Orbiter can assume either the ENTRY phase or the TAEM phase. Each phase should be tested individually.

7.2.1 Equations-of-Motion Checks: By setting certain flags the FCS can be effectively bypassed to allow us to check only the equations of motion. Specifically, to disengage the FCS, reset the flags concerning aileron and rudder and trim the elevon  $\delta_{e_t} = -16.33^\circ$

Then establish the following initial conditions

Mach = 3	$\alpha = 20$	$\bar{q} = 150$
h = 99480	V = 2970	S = 2690
b = 78.06	$\bar{c} = 39.57$	$W_0 = 155,000$
$I_X = 600,000$	$I_Y = I_Z = 5.5 \times 10^6$	$I_{XZ} = 10^5$
$\bar{x} = 65\%$	$\bar{z} = 29.06\%$	$\delta_{BF} = -5^\circ$
$\delta_{SB} = 25^\circ$	Gear in Up position	$\delta_e = -16.33^\circ$

With the above IC's, equation (2-19) become,



$$\dot{P}_B = \left( \frac{I_Y - I_Z}{I_X} \right) Q_B R_B + \frac{I_{XZ}}{I_X} (\dot{R}_B + P_B Q_B) + \frac{\bar{q} S b}{I_X} \left[ (C_{\ell \beta} + C_{\ell \beta \delta e1} \delta_e) \beta + C_{\ell \delta a} \delta_a + C_{\ell \delta r} \delta_r \right] + \frac{\bar{q} S b^2}{2 V I_X} (C_{\ell P} P_B + C_{\ell R} R_B) \quad (7-2)$$

Substituting known quantities into (8-2)

$$\dot{P}_B = .1667 (\dot{R}_B + P_B Q_B) + 52.495 \left[ (-.00168 - .00001 * (-16.33)) \beta + .000547 \delta_a + .00022 \delta_r \right] + .68986 (-.261 P_B + .073 R_B) \quad (7-3)$$

Next we manipulate the state variables to obtain a number of conditions. The series of checks appear lengthy at first glance, but they are necessary, because each set of conditions allows us to verify a different part of the set of equations of motion.

- a/ For  $P_B = Q_B = 0$  ;  $R_B = .4 \text{ rad/sec}$  ;  $\beta = 0^\circ$   
 $I_{XZ} = 0$  resulting in  $\dot{P}_B = .0201 \text{ rad/sec}^2$
- b/ For  $Q_B = R_B = 0$  ;  $\beta = \delta_a = \delta_r = 0$  ;  $P_B = 1$ .  
 $I_{XZ} = 0$   $\dot{P}_B = -.1801$
- c/ For  $P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0$  ;  $\beta = -5^\circ$  ;  $\delta_a = \delta_r = 0$   
 $I_{XZ} = 0$   $\dot{P}_B = .3990$
- d/ For  $P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0$  ;  $\delta_a = 10^\circ$  ;  $\beta = \delta_r = 0$   
 $I_{XZ} = 0$   $\dot{P}_B = .2871$
- e/ For  $P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0$  ;  $\delta_r = 20^\circ$  ;  $\beta = \delta_a = 0$   
 $I_{XZ} = 0$   $\dot{P}_B = .2310$
- f/ For  $P_B = 0$  ;  $Q_B = R_B = .4$  ;  $\beta = \delta_a = \delta_r = 0$   
 $I_{XZ} = 0$   $\dot{P}_B = .1534$

In the next two cases, g) and h),  $I_{XZ}$  is not set to zero but to  $10^5$  as indicated earlier.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{g/} \quad & \text{For } P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0 ; \delta_a = 10^\circ ; \beta = \delta_r = 0 \\ & \dot{R}_B = .0058 \quad \text{Resulting in} \quad \dot{P}_B = .2881 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{h/} \quad & \text{For } P_B = 1 ; Q_B = .4 ; R_B = 0 ; \delta_a = 10^\circ ; \beta = \delta_r = 0 \\ & \dot{R}_B = -.3541 \quad \dot{P}_B = .1148 \end{aligned}$$

Still under the IC's imposed earlier, calculate the static test concerning the pitch acceleration. According to equation (2-19)

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{Q}_B = & \left( \frac{I_Z - I_X}{I_Y} \right) P_B R_B + \frac{I_{XZ}}{I_Y} (R_B^2 - P_B^2) + \frac{\bar{q} S \bar{c}}{I_Y} \left[ C_{m0} + \Delta C_{me} + \right. \\ & \left. C_{m\delta_{BF1}} \delta_{BF} + C_{m\delta_{SB1}} (\delta_{SB} - 55^\circ) \right] + \frac{\bar{q} S \bar{c}^2}{2 V I_Y} (C_{mQ} Q_B) \end{aligned} \quad (7-4)$$

Plugging in the inertia terms

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{Q}_B = & .8909 P_B R_B + .0182 (R_B^2 - P_B^2) + 2.903 \left[ -.023 + \Delta C_{me} - .00051 \delta_{BF} \right. \\ & \left. + .00028 (\delta_{SB} - 55^\circ) \right] + .0193 (-2.3 Q_B) \end{aligned} \quad (7-5)$$

As a consequence

$$\text{i/} \quad \text{For } P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0 ; \delta_e = 0 ; \delta_{BF} = -5^\circ ; \delta_{SB} = 25^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Whereupon the check value for the pitch acceleration is} \\ & \dot{Q}_B = -.0838 \text{ rad/sec}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{j/} \quad & \text{For } P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0 ; \delta_e = -16.33^\circ ; \delta_{BF} = 16.3^\circ \\ & \delta_{SB} = 25^\circ \quad \dot{Q}_B = -.0831 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{k/} \quad & \text{For } P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0 ; \delta_e = -16.33^\circ ; \delta_{BF} = -5^\circ \\ & \delta_{SB} = 87.2^\circ \quad \dot{Q}_B = .072 \end{aligned}$$

$$l/ \quad \text{For } P_B = R_B = 0; Q_B = .5; \delta_e = -16.33^\circ; \delta_{BF} = -5^\circ$$

$$\delta_{SB} = 25^\circ \quad \dot{Q}_B = -.0222$$

$$m/ \quad \text{For } P_B = Q_B = 0; R_B = .4; \delta_e = -16.33^\circ; \delta_{BF} = -5^\circ$$

$$\delta_{SB} = 25^\circ \quad \dot{Q}_B = .0029$$

$$n/ \quad \text{For } P_B = 1.; Q_B = 0; R_B = .4; \delta_e = -16.33^\circ$$

$$\delta_{BF} = -5^\circ; \delta_{SB} = 25^\circ \quad \dot{Q}_B = .3411$$

Next let us turn our attention to the yaw acceleration by making use of equation (2-19) again

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{R}_B = & \left( \frac{I_X - I_Y}{I_Z} \right) P_B Q_B + \frac{I_{XZ}}{I_Z} (\dot{P}_B - Q_B R_B) + \frac{\bar{q} S b^2}{I_Z} [ (C_{n\beta} + C_{n\beta\delta_e} \delta_e) \beta + C_{n\delta_a} \delta_a \\ & + (C_{n\delta_r} \delta_r + C_{n\delta_r\beta} |\beta|) \delta_r ] + \frac{\bar{q} S b^2}{2 V I_Z} (C_{n_P} P_B + C_{n_R} R_B) \end{aligned} \quad (7-6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{R}_B = & -.8909 P_B Q_B + .0182 (\dot{P}_B - Q_B R_B) + 5.727 [ -.00096 \beta + .00001 \delta_a \\ & + (-.00042 + .000016 |\beta|) \delta_r ] + .0753 [ .01 P_B - .91 R_B ] \end{aligned}$$

Carrying on with the test

$$o/ \quad \text{For } P_B = Q_B = 0; R_B = .4; \beta = \delta_a = \delta_r = 0$$

$$I_{XZ} = 0, \text{ we obtain} \quad \dot{R}_B = -.0274$$

$$p/ \quad \text{For } P_B = 1.; Q_B = R_B = 0; \beta = \delta_a = \delta_r = 0$$

$$I_{XZ} = 0 \quad \dot{R}_B = .0008$$

$$q/ \quad \text{For } P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0; \beta = -5^\circ; \delta_a = \delta_r = 0$$

$$I_{XZ} = 0 \quad \dot{R}_B = .0275$$

r/ For  $P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0$  ;  $\delta_a = 20^\circ$  ;  $\delta_r = \beta = 0$

$$I_{XZ} = 0 \qquad \dot{R}_B = .0011$$

s/ For  $P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0$  ;  $\delta_r = 20^\circ$  ;  $\beta = \delta_a = 0$

$$I_{XZ} = 0 \qquad \dot{R}_B = -.0481$$

t/ For  $P_B = 1.$  ;  $Q_B = .4$  ;  $R_B = 0$  ;  $\beta = \delta_a = \delta_r = 0$

$$I_{XZ} = 0 \qquad \dot{R}_B = -.3556$$

Now we again impose a value of  $10^5$  on  $I_{XZ}$

u/ For  $P_B = Q_B = R_B = 0$  ;  $\delta_a = 20^\circ$  ;  $\beta = \delta_r = 0$

$$\dot{P}_B = .5761 \text{ rad/sec}^2 \qquad \dot{R}_B = .0116$$

v/ For  $P_B = 0$  ;  $Q_B = R_B = .4$  ;  $\delta_a = 20$  ;  $\beta = \delta_r = 0$

$$\dot{P}_B = .5913 \qquad \dot{R}_B = -.0184$$

7.2.2 FCS Checks : Set ALTITUDE = 92,800 ft ; VELTRUE = 2960 ft/sec ; TURNCORD = .TRUE. ( to allow the FCS to maintain the nose level during a turn) and Rudder Pedal Position RPTASOP = 0. Then proceed to parts a) and b) below.

a) Pitch Plane Test (ENTRY Phase) : Fix the Pitch RHC , PRHCSOP =  $-10^\circ$  and  $Q_B = 2^\circ/\text{sec}$ . Then the elevon deflection, the final object of our Pitch-plane test , should be  $\delta_e = -6.42^\circ$ . The calculation of intermediate variables leading to  $\delta_e$  is left to the reader.

b) Roll and Yaw Test (ENTRY Phase) : Establish the Roll Stick Position RRHCSOP =  $16.15^\circ$  and also the following conditions

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{PRHCSOP} = 0^\circ & P_B = 5^\circ/\text{sec} \\ \varphi = 30^\circ & R_B = 1^\circ/\text{sec} \\ \theta = 20^\circ & \alpha = 15^\circ \end{array}$$

We should obtain these final results

$$\delta_a = -2.66^\circ$$

$$\delta_r = -1.9^\circ$$

and Yaw-jet Command DRJET = .63 (dimensionless) corresponding to the firing of two reaction jets (UZCMD = 2).

Now we are ready to test the FCS in TAEM phase. Assume ALTITUDE = 48,600 ft and VELTRUE = 1017 ft/sec. This will result in Mach = 1.05 and  $\bar{q} = 200 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ . Proceed to parts c) and d) next.

c) Pitch-Plane Test (TAEM Phase) : Choose PRHCSOP =  $-10^\circ$  ; RRHCSOP =  $0^\circ$  ; RPTASOP =  $0^\circ$  ;  $Q_B = -2^\circ/\text{sec}$  ;  $R_B = -2^\circ/\text{sec}$  and  $\varphi = 30^\circ$ . With the above initial conditions we should command the following responses:

Pitch-jet command, DPJET = -.79

Pitch command signal, BCSL = .365

d) Roll & Yaw Test (TAEM Phase) : Select the conditions listed below.

$$\text{PRHCSOP} = 0^\circ$$

$$\text{RPTASOP} = 11.125^\circ$$

$$\varphi \approx 30^\circ$$

$$\theta \approx 20^\circ$$

$$\alpha \approx 15^\circ$$

$$\text{RRHCSOP} = 11.15^\circ$$

$$P_B = 2^\circ/\text{sec}$$

$$R_B = 5^\circ/\text{sec}$$

$$NY = .25 g$$

$$\dot{R}_B = 0$$

Look for the following results out of the FCS

$$\delta_a = .771^\circ$$

$$\delta_r = 22.09^\circ$$

$$\text{DRJET} = -10.68 \text{ (4 jets)}$$



### 7.3 Dynamic Checks

Again, two principal parts of the program are tested semi-independently of each other. We choose to test the simulation in 5 DOF's only, by setting FIVDEG = .TRUE. . In 5-DOF mode the Shuttle flies at a constant altitude at a constant axial velocity. To disturb the equilibrium (or steady-state) conditions, we introduce a forcing-function of short duration and observe the system response. The triangular-waveform forcing-function shown in paragraph 7.1 is generated on the analog computer and patched into an A-D convertor. It has its peaks at  $\pm 1$ . Once converted into a digital quantity, this waveform is further modulated to give the proper pulse amplitude (for example  $\pm 16^\circ$  for  $\delta_e$  pulse). During each test only one surface is disturbed. All other surface deflections are returned to initial-condition values or set to zero. Both the equations-of-motion test and the FCS test use the same standard conditions for altitude, true airspeed, weight, surface area, inertial coefficients, Euler angles and trim surface deflections, namely

$I_X = 6 \cdot 10^5$	$\bar{x} = .65$	$V_T = 2970$
$I_Y = 5.5 \cdot 10^6$	$\bar{y} = 0$	$\bar{q} = 150$
$I_Z = 5.5 \cdot 10^6$	$\bar{z} = .2907$	Mach = 3
$I_{XY} = 0$	$h = 99,480$	$S = 2690$
$I_{XZ} = 10^5$	$W_0 = 1.55 \cdot 10^5$	$b = 78.03$
$\bar{c} = 39.56$	$L_T = 107.5$	

The following angular conditions are also arbitrarily imposed

$\delta_{SB} = 25^\circ$	$\varphi(0) = 0^\circ$	$L(0) = 0^\circ$
$\delta_{BF} = -5^\circ$	$\psi(0) = 0^\circ$	$\lambda(0) = 0^\circ$
$\alpha(0) = 20^\circ$	$\theta(0) = 20^\circ$	$\delta_a = 0^\circ$
$\beta(0) = 0^\circ$	$\delta_e = -16.33^\circ$	$\delta_r = 0^\circ$

7.3.1 Equations-of-Motion Tests : Three runs are made , all with the following conditions:

FCSDE = FCSDA = FCSDR = .TRUE.

Various output quantities are fed to the DAC's and appear on the strip charts as analog signals. Under the best circumstances the traces can be read at an accuracy of 1% and thus can be used as a qualitative check only. Distinguish the three runs:

- Case a :  $\delta_e$  is pulsed with a triangular wave (see page 65) having  $\pm 16^\circ$  peaks . See figure 7-1.
- Case b:  $\delta_a$  is pulsed with the same waveform resulting in the traces on figure 7-2.
- Case c:  $\delta_r$  is pulsed with a triangular signal having  $\pm 20^\circ$  peaks. Consult figure 7-3 for the airframe responses.

7.3.2 Flight-Control-System Tests: The FCS tests helps to verify the end-to-end performance of the simulation. Since we operate at Mach 3 and since rudder pedal inputs are bypassed by the FCS at Mach  $> 1.5$ , there is no need to pulse the rudder surface. In the two remaining test cases, a full stick input is applied to the aileron in one case and to the elevon in the other case. The testing is intended not only for dynamic system response, but also in assisting in the discovery of possible FCS discontinuities or errors. Both cases are made with the following conditions:

FCSDE = FCSDA = FCSDR = .FALSE.

As before, the system response is observed through the use of strip-chart recorders. The two cases are perturbed in the following manner:

- Case d :  $\delta_{eRHC}$  is pulsed with a triangular wave having peaks at  $\pm 20^\circ$  . See figure 7-4.
- Case e:  $\delta_{aRHC}$  is pulsed by the same signal. See figure 7-5.

It should be noted that in both cases the Flight Control System must be allowed to stabilize the airframe for approximately 3 to 5 seconds before applying the disturbances. In this manner the pitch axis will settle to a trim condition, reducing the inter-axis interaction.

25 deg/sec<sup>2</sup>

-25 deg/sec<sup>2</sup>

+10 deg/sec

-10 deg/sec

10°

0°

20°

0°

4 g's

0

-16°

2sec

4sec

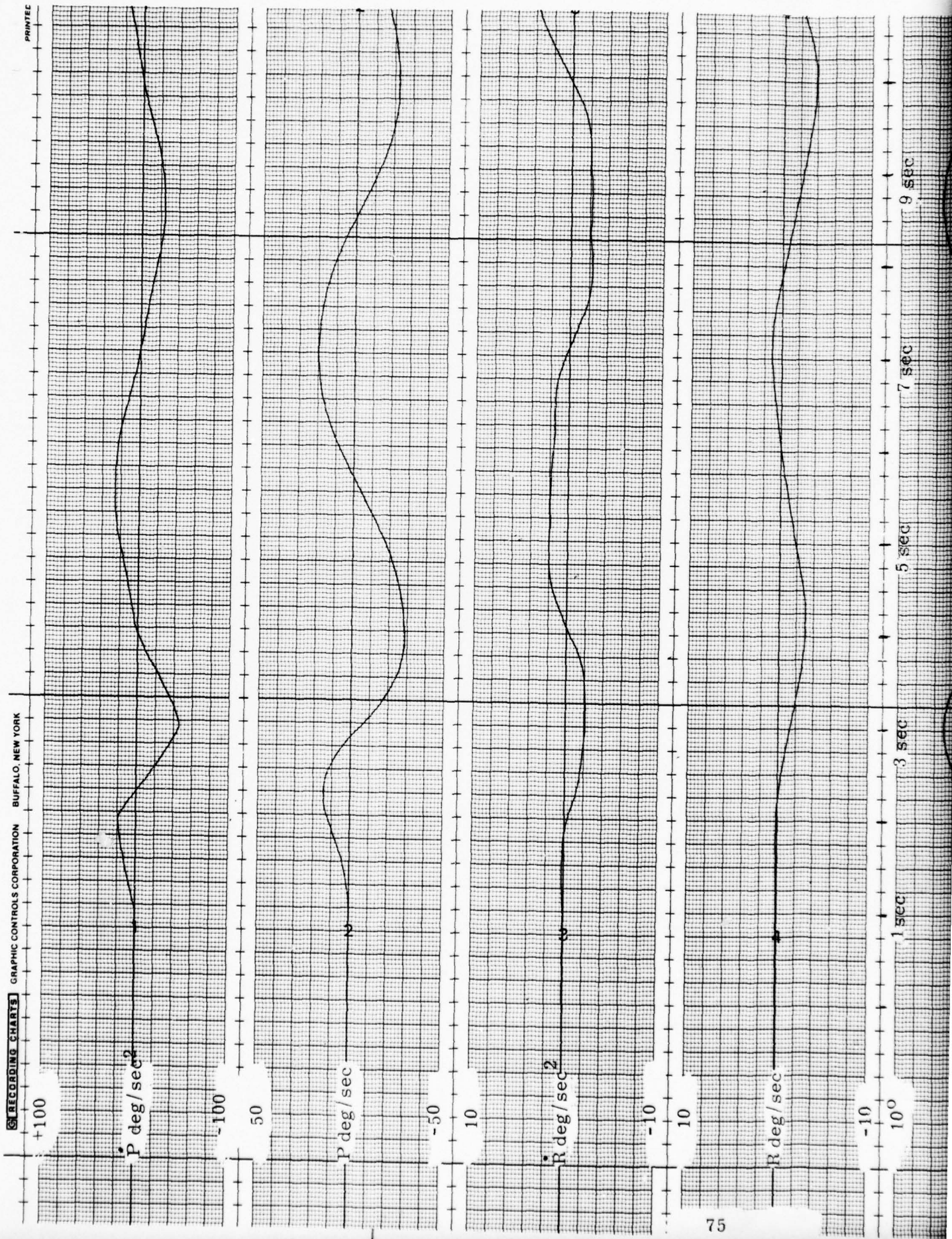
6sec

8sec

Figure 7-1: Equations-of-Motion Check  
(Case a)

 $\dot{Q}$ 
 $\dot{Q}$ 
 $\alpha$ 
 $\theta$ 
 $Z_R$ 
 $\delta_e$





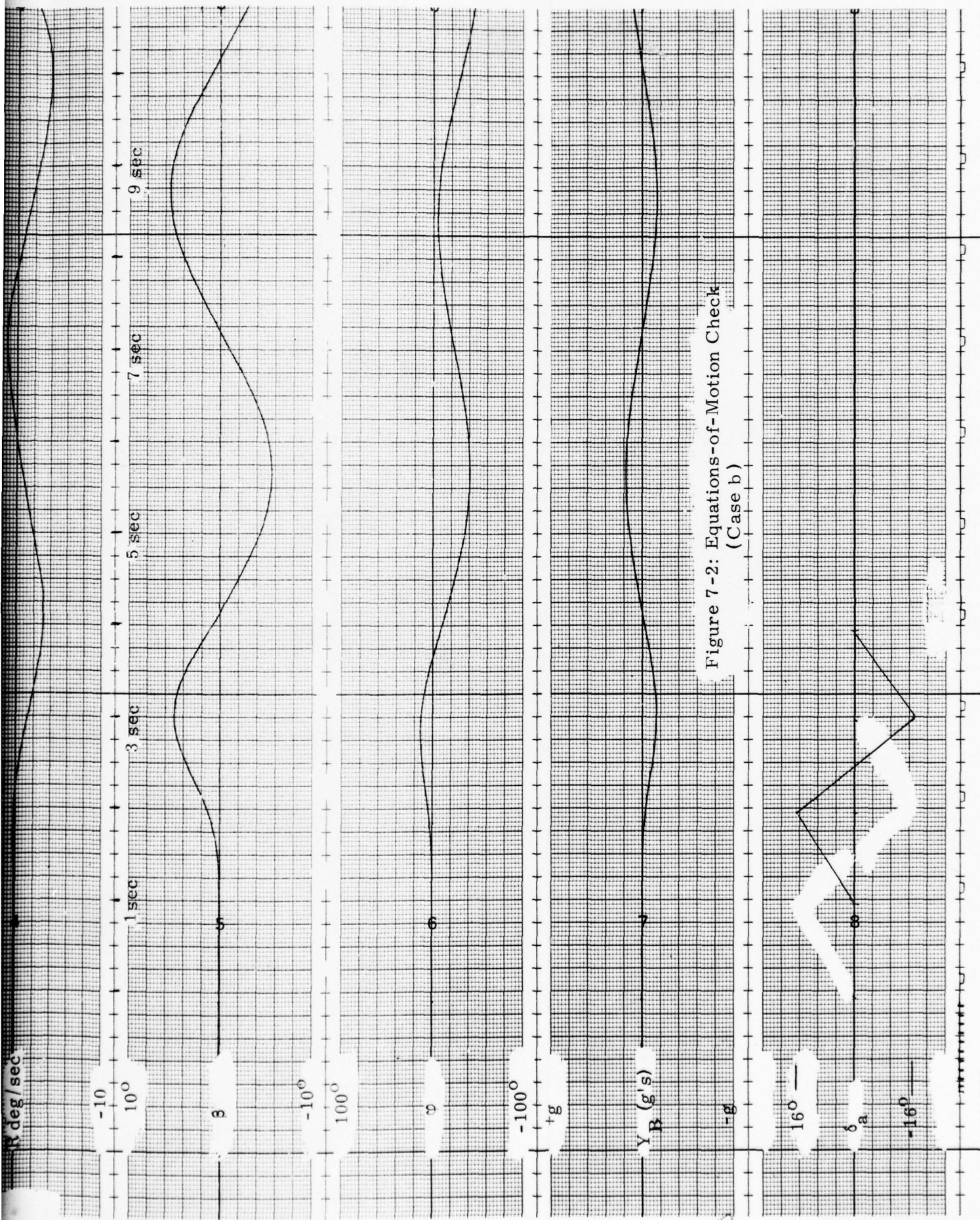


Figure 7-2: Equations-of-Motion Check  
(Case b)



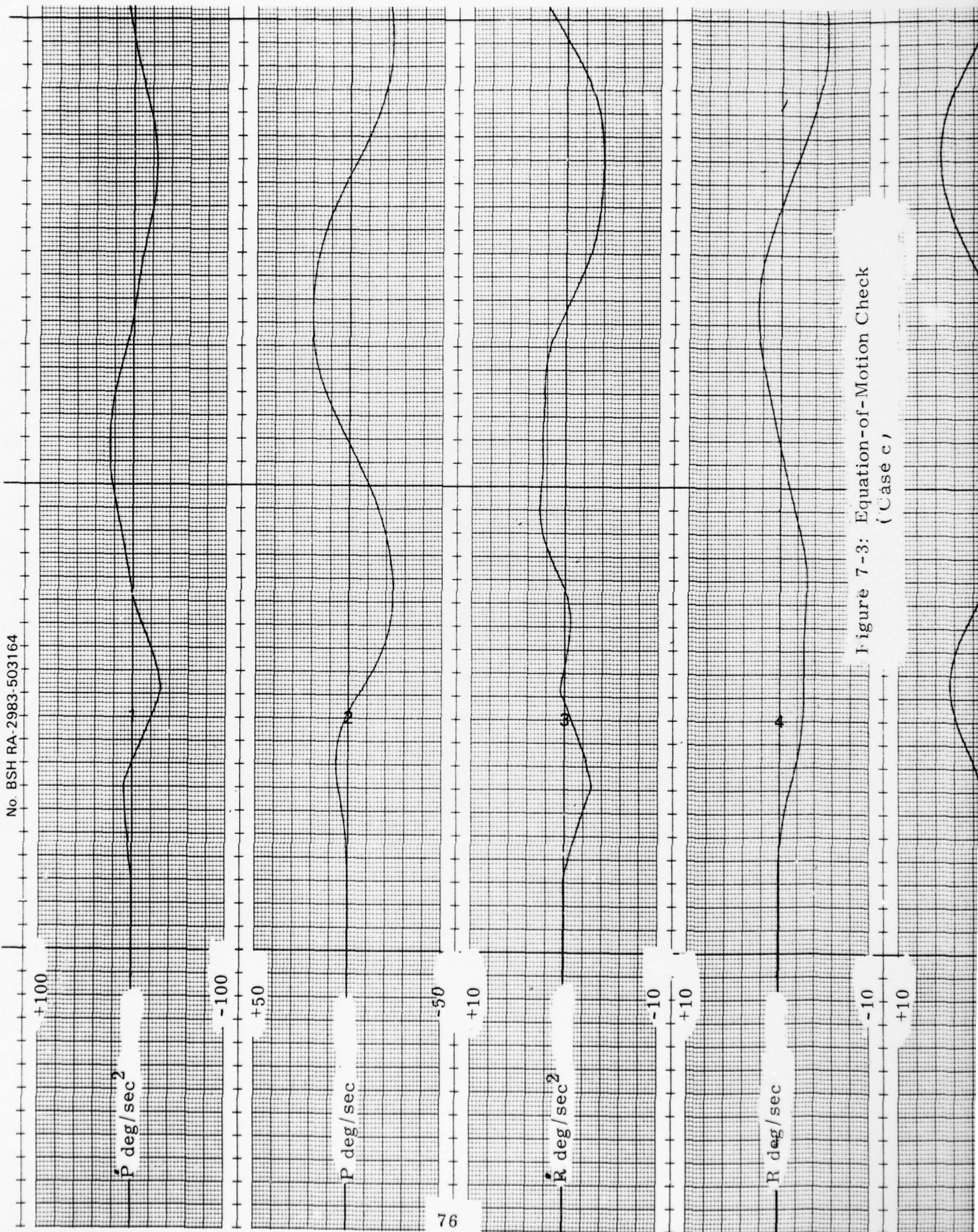
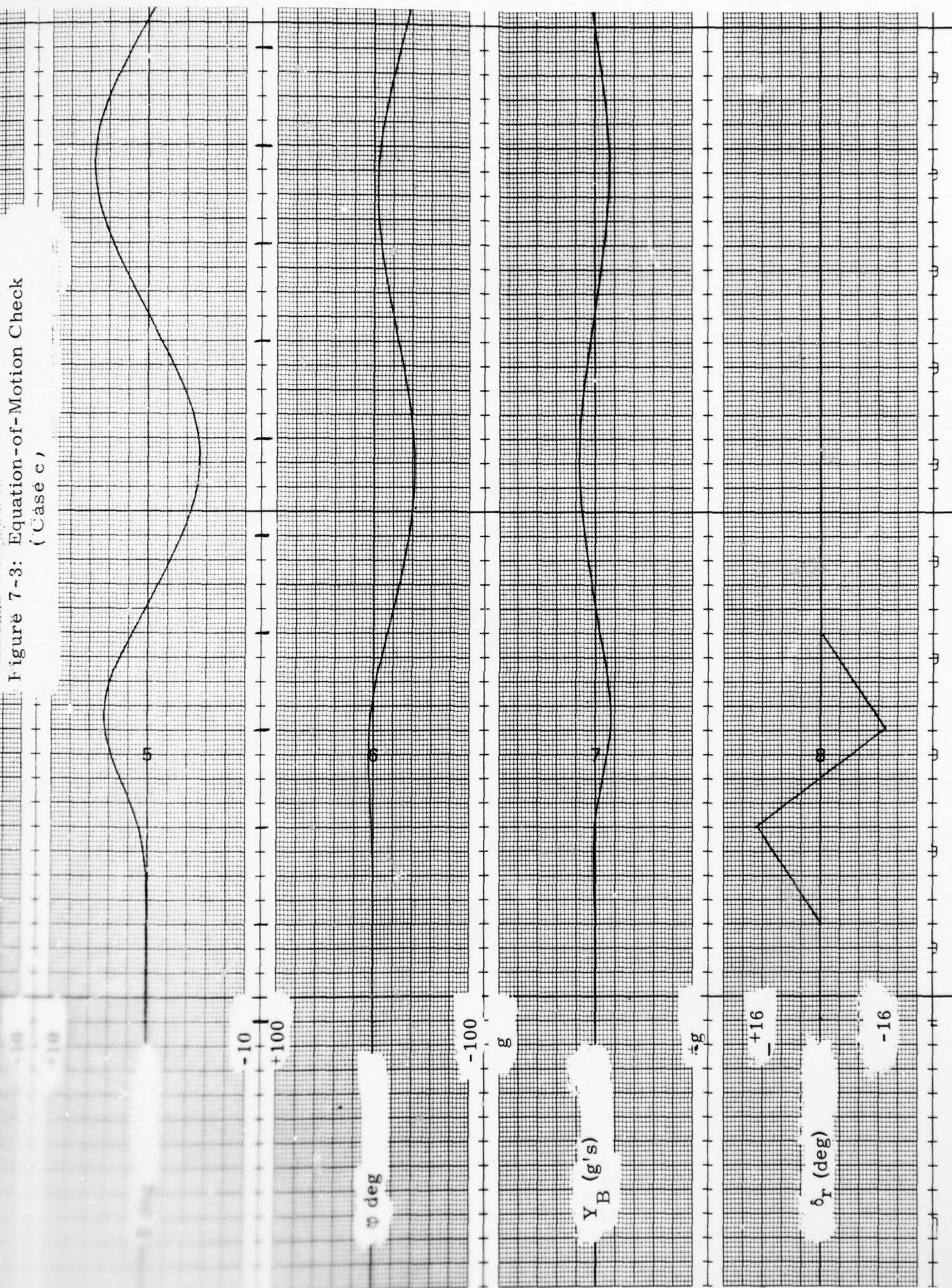


Figure 7-3: Equation-of-Motion Check  
(Case c)



Figure 7-3: Equation-of-Motion Check  
(Case c)





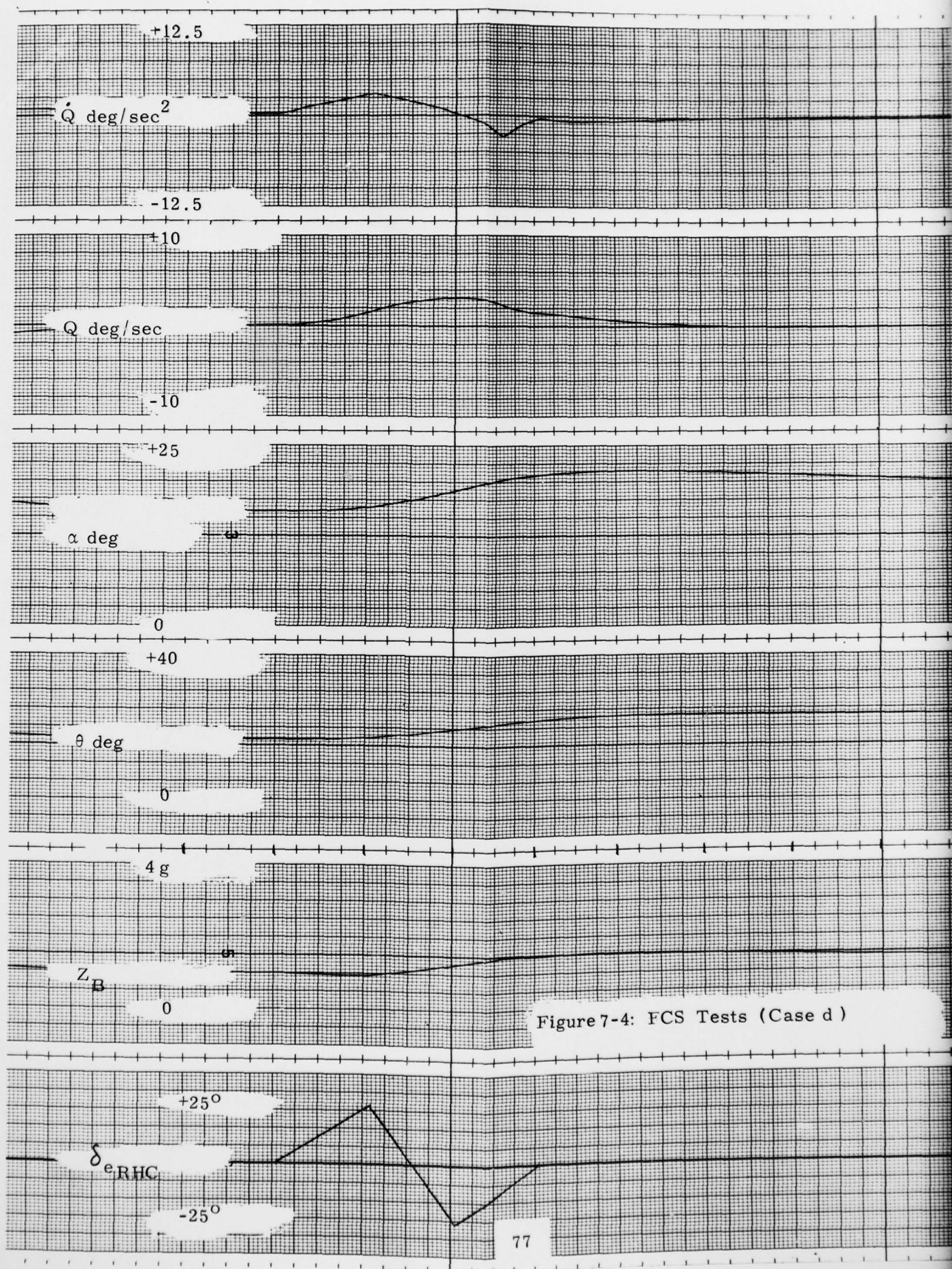
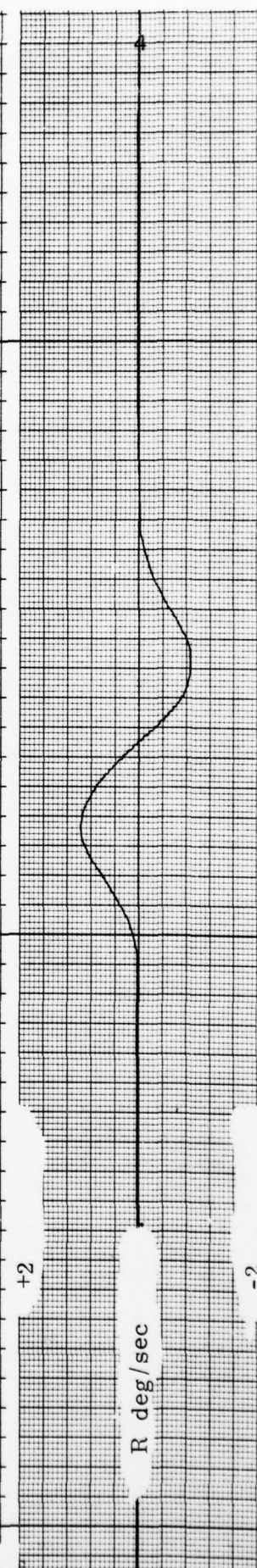
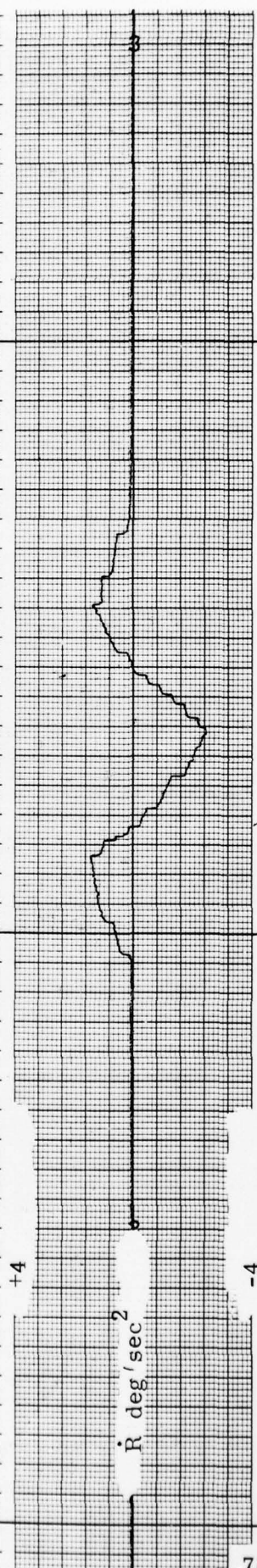
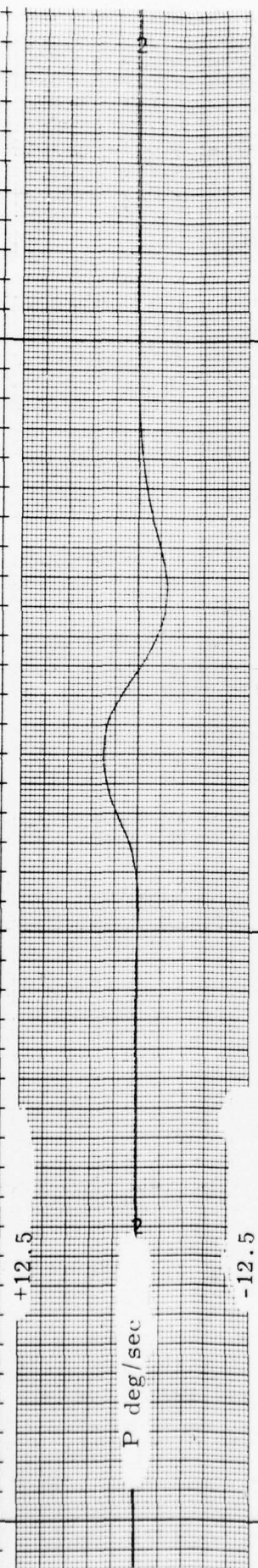
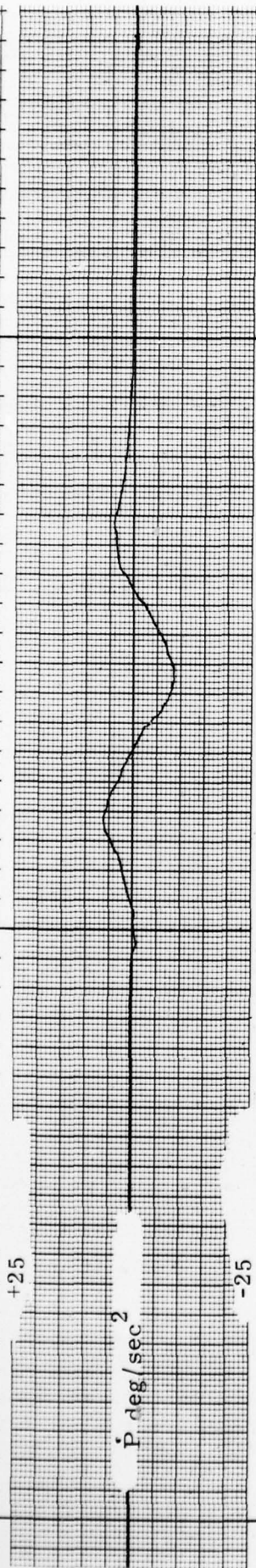
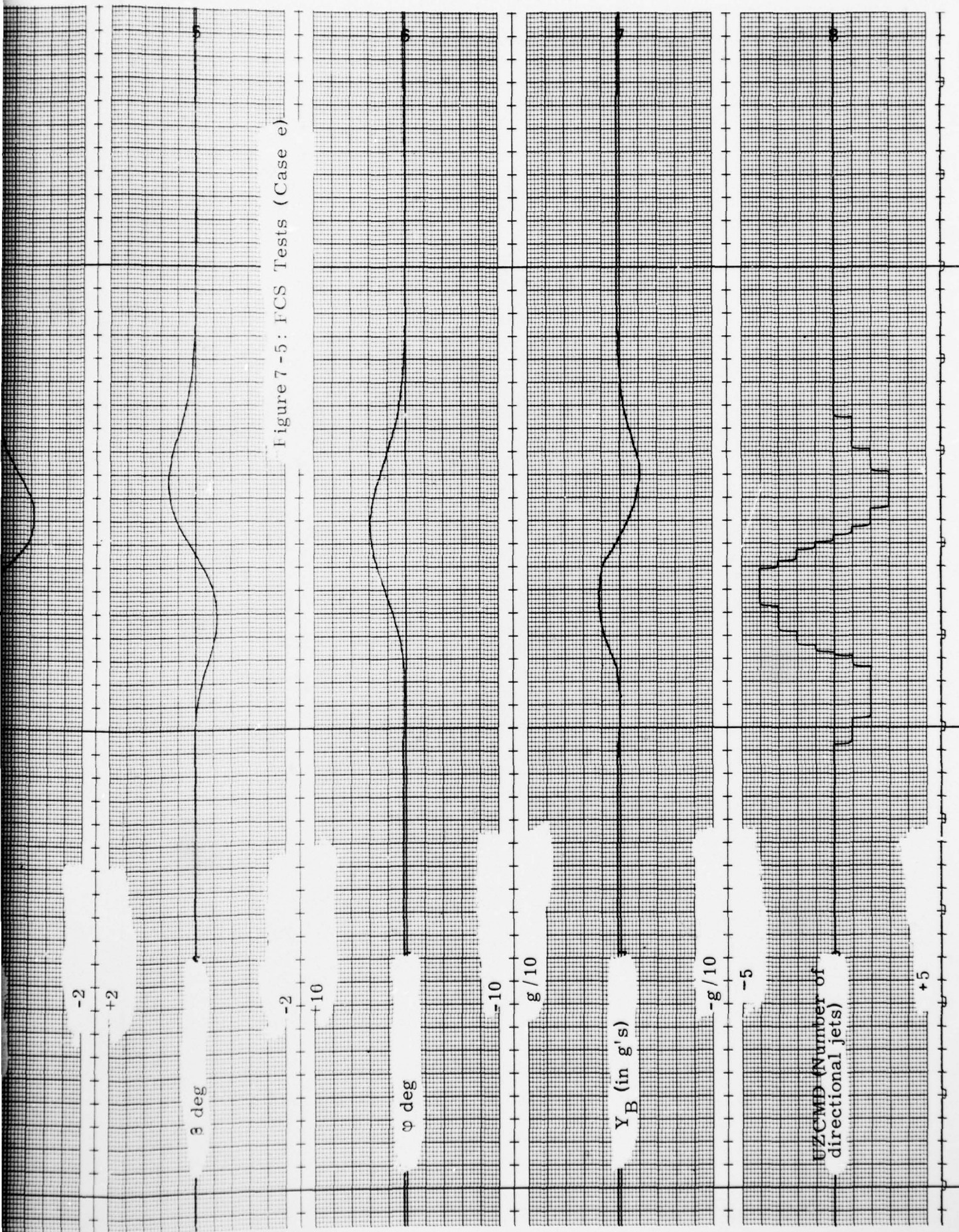


Figure 7-4: FCS Tests (Case d)









## 8. TERMINOLOGY, SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

### 8.1 List of Acronyms

ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
A-D	Analog-to-Digital
CG	Center of Gravity
CMD	Command ; Commanded
CRT	Cathode-Ray Tube (Computer terminal)
C/R	Carriage Return
DAC	Digital-to-Analog Convertor
DOF	Degree Of Freedom
EOF	End-Of-File
FCS	Flight Control System
FGP	Function-Generation Package
FILT	Filter
Hex	Hexadecimal number
IC	Initial Condition mode
I/O	Input / Output
NOM	Nominal value
RHC	Rotational Hand Control
RCS	Reaction-jet Control System
SEL	Systems Engineering Laboratories

### 8.2 Lists of Symbols Used in Computer Programs

The following abbreviation is used throughout this chapter: DL = dimensionless quantity. The subscripts on various quantities have the following significance:

- $\delta a$  = aileron incremental deflection
- B = written in Body coordinate system
- $\delta BF$  = Body Flap incremental deflection

$\delta e$  = elevon incremental deflection  
 $\delta r$  = rudder " "  
 $\delta SB$  = Speed Brake incremental deflection  
  
E or e = Earth axes or relating to earth  
F = Fuel  
G = Gear extended  
  
H = written in H-frame (orbital reference axes)  
L, R = two halves (Left & Right) of the elevon  
0 = bias value ; IC value ; sea-level value

Be aware that stability coefficients with various final subscripts may have different units. Consider  $C_{N_0}$ ,  $C_{N_{\delta e}}$ ,  $C_{N_{\delta BF}}$  (bias value of normal force coefficient, normal force derivatives due to elevon and body flap incremental deflection); they will not appear as three separate entries on the table. Note that  $C_{N_0}$  is dimensionless while  $C_{N_{\delta e}}$  and  $N_{\delta BF}$  have units of  $\text{sec}^{-1}$ . Other subscripts used are  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$  and  $r$ .

Sometimes a quantity is represented by two computer variables which are not equivalent. For instance ALPHA stands for  $\alpha$  in radians. At the same time ALFA also symbolizes  $\alpha$  but in degrees. Similarly LAT and LA both stand for latitude, but LAT is a single-precision quantity while LA is computed in double precision. The computer symbols appear on two separate tables. The second table lists the names used in the FCS program and the first table covers the remaining programs (MAIN plus all subroutines)

Table 8-1 : MAIN PROGRAM SYMBOLS

Symbol	Explanation	Computer Representation	Unit
a	Sonic speed	SOUND	ft/sec
b	Wing span	B	ft
$C_c$	Total trim chord coefficient	CC	DL
$cg_X$	Longitudinal distance of CG measured from a reference point situated 238" in front of the nose (expressed in % of Orbiter's length)	(not used)	%
$C_l$	Total rolling-moment derivative	CL	DL
$\bar{c}$	Mean aerodynamic chord	C	ft
$C_{m\delta_e}$	Pitching-moment derivative due to $\delta_e$	CMDE	deg <sup>-1</sup>
$C_{m\delta_{SB}}$	Pitching-moment derivative due to $\delta_{SB}$	CMSB	deg <sup>-1</sup>
$C_{n\delta_r}$	Yawing-moment coeff. due to rudder	CNDR	deg <sup>-1</sup>
$C_N$	Total normal force derivative	CN	DL
$C_{Y\beta}$	Side-force coefficient due to $\beta$	CYB	deg <sup>-1</sup>
$F_T$	Fuel consumption rate	(not used)	1/sec
g	Gravitational acceleration	GRAVITY or G	ft/sec <sup>2</sup>
h	Geometric altitude	ALTITUDE	ft
$h_p$	Geopotential altitude (used for calculating air density & temperature)	GEOALT	ft
$I_{XX}$	Polar moment of inertia (along the longitudinal axis). Or $I_X$	IXX	slug.ft <sup>2</sup>
$I_{XY}$	Products of inertia	$I_{XY}$	slug.ft <sup>2</sup>
$I_{XZ}$		$I_{XZ}$	
$I_{YZ}$		$I_{YZ}$	

Table 8-1 : Continued

Symbol	Explanation	Computer Representation	Unit
$I_{YY}; I_{ZZ}$	Transverse moments of inertia	IYY ; IZZ	slug.ft <sup>2</sup>
KCAS	Calibrated airspeed	KCAS	knot
KEAS	Equivalent airspeed	KEAS	knot
$J_2$	A constant characteristic of the earth mass distribution	J2	DL
$\left. \begin{matrix} J_P \\ J_R \\ J_Y \end{matrix} \right\}$	Constants characteristic of the thrusts of the pitch, roll and yaw reaction jets.	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} UYCND \\ UXCND \\ UZCND \end{matrix} \right\}$	DL
L	Latitude	LAT OR LA	radian
$L_B$	Total rolling-moment in body axes	LBODY	lb.ft
$l_1; l_2; l_3$	Direction cosines	L1 ; L2 ; L3	DL
$l_T$	Length of the Orbiter (nose to tail)	LENGTH	ft
m	Orbiter's mass	MASS	slug
$m_1; m_2; m_3$	Direction cosines	M1 ; M2 ; M3	DL
$M_B$	Total pitching moment	MBODY	lb.ft
Mach	Mach number	MACH	DL
$n_1; n_2; n_3$	Direction cosines	N1 ; N2 ; N3	DL
$N_B$	Total rolling moment	NBODY	lb.ft
$P_B$	Rolling rate	PBODY	rad/sec
$\bar{q}$	Dynamic pressure	QBAR	lb/ft <sup>2</sup>
$Q_B$	Pitching rate	QBODY	rad/sec



Table 8-1 : Continued

Symbol	Explanation	Computer Representation	Unit
$r_0$	Equatorial radius of earth	R0	ft
$r$	Distance between Orbiter and earth center	RADIUS or RAD	ft
$\delta R$	Altitude measured from sea level	DELR	ft
$R_B$	Yawing rate	RBODY	rad/sec
$R_D$	Down range	DOWNRNG	ft
$R_X$	Cross range	CROSSRNG	ft
$S$	Reference wing surface area	S	ft <sup>2</sup>
$T$	Thrust	(not used)	lb
$T_X, T_Y, T_Z$	Thrust vector in the 3 body axes	(not used)	lb
$U_{EA}, V_{EA}$	Horizontal components of airspeed in earth axes	UAIR(or UA) VAIR(or VA)	ft/sec
$\left. \begin{matrix} U_E \\ V_E \\ W_E \end{matrix} \right\}$	Orthogonal velocity components expressed in earth axes	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} UEARTH \\ VEARTH \\ WEARTH \end{matrix} \right\}$	ft/sec
$V$	Orbiter's total velocity	VELTRUE or TAS	ft/sec
$W_0$	Orbiter's weight	WEIGHT	lb
$W_F$	Fuel weight	(not used)	lb
$W_u$	Wind component in North direction	NWIND	ft/sec
$W_v$	Wind component in East direction	EWIND	ft/sec



Table 8-1 : Continued

Symbol	Explanation	Computer Representation	Unit
$\bar{x}$	Longitudinal location of Orbiter's CG (expressed in percent of Orbiter's length)	XBAR	%
$X_B$	Longitudinal acceleration component	XBODY, XB or AX	ft/sec <sup>2</sup>
$\bar{y}$	Lateral location of CG	YBAR	%
$Y_B$	Lateral acceleration component	YBODY, YB or AY	ft/sec <sup>2</sup>
$\bar{z}$	Vertical location of the CG	ZBAR	%
$Z_B$	Normal acceleration component	ZBODY, ZB or AZ	ft/sec <sup>2</sup>
$\alpha$	Angle of attack	ALPHA	radian
$\beta$	Angle of side slip	BETA	deg.
$\gamma$	Flight path angle	(not used)	rad
$\delta_a$	Aileron total deflection	DAIL or DA	deg.
$\delta_{BF}$	Body-flap total deflection	FLAP or DBF	deg.
$\delta_e$	Elevon total deflection	ELEV or DE	deg.
$\delta_r$	Rudder total deflection	DRUD or DR	deg.
$\delta_{SB}$	Speed brake total deflection	BRAK or DSB	deg.
$\Delta t$	Time increment (time frame)	DELTA	sec
$\theta$	Pitch angle	THETA	rad.
$\theta_F$	Angle between surface of the fuel and $X_B$ axis	(not used)	deg.

Table 8-1 : Continued

Symbol	Explanation	Computer Representaion	Unit
$\lambda$	Longitude	LNG or LN	rad
$\bar{\mu}$	Colatitude ( $\frac{\pi}{2} - L$ )	MU	rad
$\rho$	Atmospheric density	RHO	slug/ft <sup>3</sup>
$\varphi$	Roll angle	PHI	rad
$\psi$	Yaw angle	PSI	rad
$\omega_e$	Angular velocity of earth	OMEGA	rad/sec

Some variables appear both in the Main program and the SHTFCS. If they have been previously listed on Table 8-1, they will not be repeated here on Table 8-2.

Table 8-2 : FCS Variables

Computer Variable	Description	Unit
DACMD	Aileron command	deg
DATMPAN	Aileron panel trim command	0, $\pm 1$
DATMRHC	Aileron stick trim command	0, $\pm 1$
DATSUMI	Aileron trim integrator command	deg
DBFMAN	Manual Body Flap command	0, $\pm 1$
DBFRC	Body Flap rate command	deg/sec

Table 8-2 : Continued

Computer Variable	Description	Unit
DCSP	Aileron command due to stick and rate feedback	deg
DECMD	Elevator command	deg
DEL	Left elevon deflection	deg
DER	Right elevon deflection	deg
DETRIM	Elevator position trim command	deg
DETMPAN	Elevator panel trim command	0, $\pm 1$
DETMRHC	Elevator stick trim command	0, $\pm 1$
DPJET	Pitch Jet Command	DL
DQCT	Elevator Command due to stick and rate feedback	deg
DRCPF	Rudder command due to pedal	deg
DRCMD	Rudder command	deg
DRJET	Yaw Jet Command	DL
DRLP	Left-half rudder deflection	deg
DRRP	Right-half rudder deflection	deg
DRTRIM	Yaw Trim Integrator output	deg
DSBPC	Speedbrake command	deg
ELFBK	Elevator Feedback signal ( Mach $\leq 12$ )	deg
ETRIM	Elevator Position Trim ( Mach $> 12$ )	deg
NY	Lateral Acceleration	g's
NZ	Normal Acceleration	g's

Table 8-2 : Continued

Computer Variable	Description	Unit
PE	Roll & Yaw stability feedback	DL
PRHCSOP	Pitch Stick Command	deg
QDOT	Pitch Acceleration	rad/sec <sup>2</sup>
RDOT	Yaw Acceleration	rad/sec <sup>2</sup>
RPTASOP	Rudder Pedal Command	deg
RRHCSOP	Roll Stick Command	deg
SBHP	Speedbrake Handle Command	deg
SUM23	Roll & Yaw Command due to stick	DL



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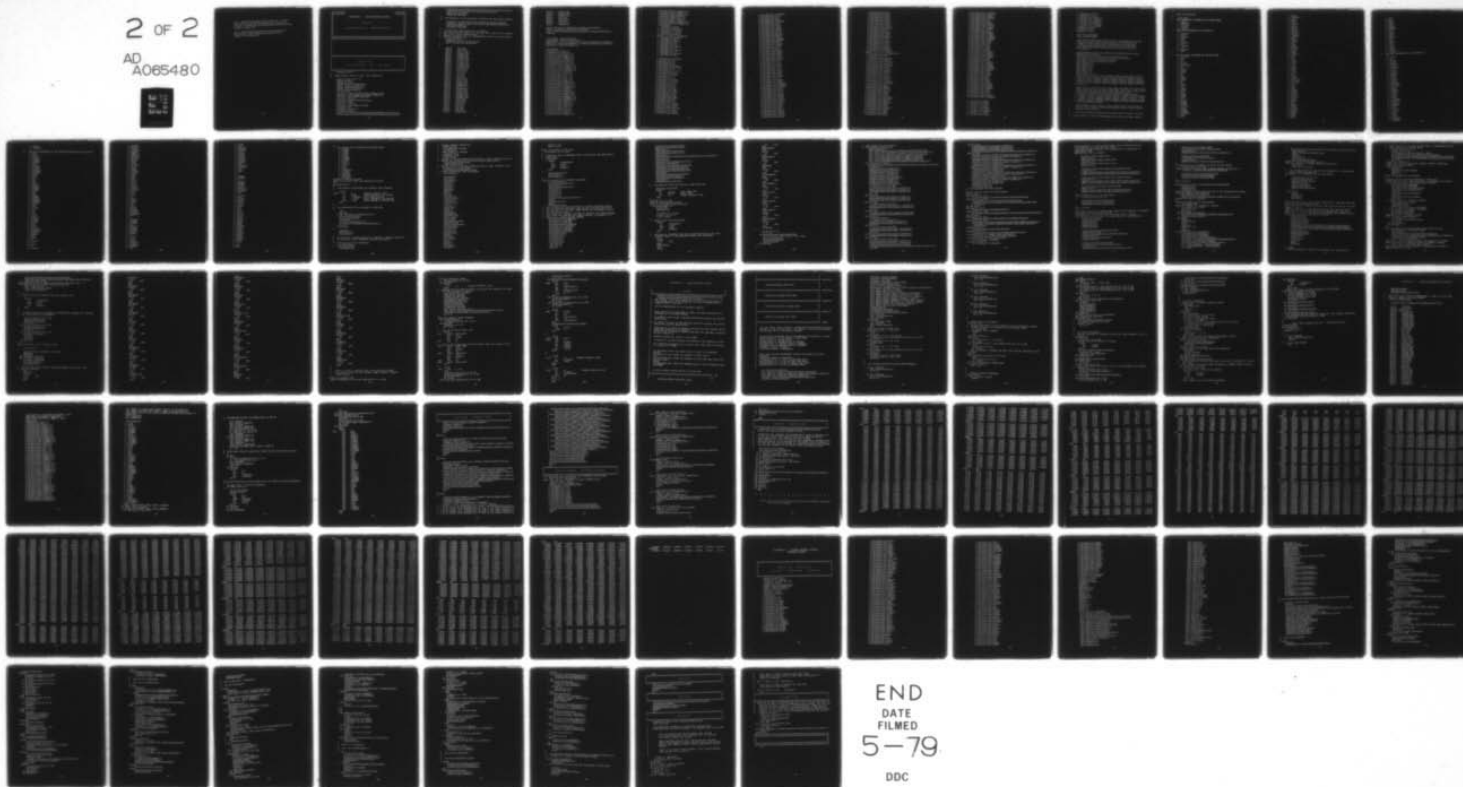
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9.2.5 "Space Shuttle Engineering Pre-Simulation Report", SD74-SH-0301, Rockwell International Space Division, Downey CA, November 1974.



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PROGRAM SHILOFT

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SPACE SHUTTLE ORBITAL FLIGHT TEST SIMULATION.

IMPLICIT REAL \*4(A - Z)

REAL\*8 DATADBL

LOGICAL\*1 DATAHYI

COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)

COMMON /ARRAY2/DATADBL(17)

COMMON /ARRAY3/DATABYT(17)

COMMON /ARRAY4/ANGLE(3)

BIT INBIT(16)

LOGICAL\*1 IC,HOLD,POTSET,ABORT,IREDEG,FIVDEG

LOGICAL\*1 FCSDA,FCSDE,FCSDR,FCSDF,FCSSB,WIND

LOGICAL\*1 READY,DUMPFLAG,AUTOBF

LOGICAL\*1 TURNCORD

LOGICAL\*1 DEPULSE,DAPULSE,DRPULSE

LOGICAL\*4 EASER

LOGICAL\*4 DISCRTIN

INTEGER\*2 TEMP1,TEMP2,PREVTEMP

INTEGER\*4 SAVFL

INTEGER\*4 LINK,II,JJ

INTEGER\*4 HANDLER

REAL\*8 DPIT1,DPIT2,DPIT3,COSLAT,COSMU,COSPSIH,LA,LN,MU,RAD,

\* RCOSLAT,SHARE,SINLAT,SINMU,SINPSIH,UA,UB,UE,VA,VB,VE,WB,WE,

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SHUTTLE

EQUATIONS OF MOTION

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* WHD,XB,YB,ZB,PSIH,DELK,DELRDOT,GRAVITY,LAIDOT,LNGDOT,PSIHDOT,
* RUH,RUHDOT,UH,WH,XEARTH,XH,YEARTH,YH,ZEARTH,ZH
REAL*4 OUTDATA(5243)
INTEGER*4 AEROSIZE

```

```

*
* THE FOLLOWING TYPING STATEMENTS DIMENSION THE DATA TABLE ARRAYS.
*

```

```

    INTEGER*2 DBLSIZE,RSIZE,ISIZE,MAFSIZE,BYTSIZE,SIZE,PLACE
    INTEGER*2 ELEVPT(2),DELPT(2),DERPT(2),ALPHAPT(2),MACHPT(2),
* BETAPT(2),DSBPT(2)
    INTEGER*8 LIST(434)

```

```

*
* THE FOLLOWING ARRAYS FORM THE I/O TABLES.
*
* DATAOUT AND DATAIN FORM THE 44 CHANNEL DATA OUTPUT AND 32 CHANNEL
* DATA INPUT TABLES, RESPECTIVELY.
*
* SCALOUT AND SCALIN ARE THE CORRESPONDING OUTPUT AND INPUT SCALE
* FACTORS, RESPECTIVELY.

```

```

    INTEGER*4 COUNT
    INTEGER*2 DATAOUT(44),DATAIN(32)
    REAL*4 SCALOUT(44),SCALIN(32)

```

```

*
*

```

```

REAL*4      CCOT(63)
REAL*4      UCCEI(378)
REAL*4      CCDBF1T(63)
REAL*4      CCDBF2I(63)
REAL*4      CCDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CCDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CLBTABL(252)
REAL*4      CLBDE1T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDE2T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDSB3T(63)
REAL*4      CLDAT(378)
REAL*4      CLDRT(252)
REAL*4      CLPT(63)
REAL*4      CLRT(63)
REAL*4      CMOT(63)
REAL*4      DCMET(378)
REAL*4      CMDBF1T(63)
REAL*4      CMDBF2I(63)
REAL*4      CMDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CMDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CMQT(252)
REAL*4      CNBTABL(252)
REAL*4      CNBDE1T(63)
REAL*4      CNBDE2T(63)
REAL*4      CNBDSB1I(63)
REAL*4      CNBDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CNBDSB3T(63)
REAL*4      CNDAT(378)
REAL*4      CNORT(252)
REAL*4      CNDRBT(63)
REAL*4      CNPT(63)
REAL*4      CNRT(63)
REAL*4      CNOT(63)
REAL*4      CNDET(63)
REAL*4      CNDBF1T(63)

```

REAL\*4      CNDBF2T(63)  
 REAL\*4      CNDSB1T(63)  
 REAL\*4      CNDSB2T(63)  
 REAL\*4      CYBT(63)  
 REAL\*4      CYDAT(378)  
 REAL\*4      CYDRT(63)  
 REAL\*4      CYDRSB1T(7)  
 REAL\*4      CYDRSB2T(7)

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REAL\*4    SNDIABL(31),SNDARG(31),ZETABL(41),ZETARG(41)  
 REAL\*4    WINDARG(20),NWTABL(20),ENTABL(20)  
 REAL\*4    ELEVT(8),DELT(2),DERT(2),ALPHAT(11),MACHT(9),BETAT(6),  
 ★    DSBT(6)

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EQUIVALENCE (INBIT,DISCRIIN)  
 EQUIVALENCE (SNDARG(1),ZETARG(1))  
 EQUIVALENCE (ELEVT(2),ELEVPT(1)),(DELT(2),DELPT(1)),(DERT(2),  
 ★DERPT(1)),(ALPHAT(2),ALPHAPT(1)),(MACHT(2),MACHPT(1)),(BETAT(2)  
 ★,BETAPT(1)),(DSBT(2),DSBPT(1))

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EQUIVALENCE  
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 ★, (OUTDATA(64),DCCET(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(442),CCDBF1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(505),CCDBF2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(568),CCDSB1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(631),CCDSB2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(694),CLBTABL(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(946),CLBDE1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1009),CLBDE2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1072),CLBDSB1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1135),CLBDSB2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1198),CLBDSB3T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1261),CLDAT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1639),CLDRT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1891),CLPT (1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(1954),CLRT (1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2017),CMOT (1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2080),DCMET(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2458),CMDBF1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2521),CMDBF2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2584),CMDSB1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2647),CMDSB2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2710),CMQT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(2962),CNBTABL(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(3214),CNBDE1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(3277),CNBDE2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(3340),CNBDSB1T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(3403),CNBDSB2T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(3466),CNBDSB3T(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(3529),CNDAT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(3907),CNDRT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(4159),CNDRBT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(4222),CNPT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(4285),CNRT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(4348),CNUT(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(4411),CNDET(1))  
 ★, (OUTDATA(4474),CNDBF1T(1))

```

*,(OUTDATA(4537),CNDSB21(1))
*,(OUTDATA(4600),CNDSB11(1))
*,(OUTDATA(4663),CNDSB21(1))
*,(OUTDATA(4726),CYBT(1))
*,(OUTDATA(4789),CYDAT(1))
*,(OUTDATA(5167),CYDRT(1))
*,(OUTDATA(5230),CYDRSB11(1))
*,(OUTDATA(5237),CYDRSB21(1))
EQUIVALENCE
*  (DATA DBL(1),DELR)
*  ,(DATA DBL(2),DELRDOT)
*  ,(DATA DBL(3),GRAVITY)
*  ,(DATA DBL(4),LATDOT)
*  ,(DATA DBL(5),LNGDOT)
*  THERE IS A HOLE AT DATA DBL(6)
*  ,(DATA DBL(7),PSIMDOT)
*  ,(DATA DBL(8),RUM)
*  ,(DATA DBL(9),RUMDOT)
*  ,(DATA DBL(10),UH)
*  ,(DATA DBL(11),WH)
*  ,(DATA DBL(12),XEARTH)
*  ,(DATA DBL(13),XH)
*  ,(DATA DBL(14),YEARTH)
*  ,(DATA DBL(15),YH)
*  ,(DATA DBL(16),ZEARTH)
*  ,(DATA DBL(17),ZH)
*
*,(DATA WRDR(1),CALPHA0)
*,(DATA WRDR(2),AX)
*,(DATA WRDR(3),AY)
*,(DATA WRDR(4),AZ)
*,(DATA WRDR(5),CALPHA)
*,(DATA WRDR(6),ALTITUDE)
*,(DATA WRDR(7),B)
*,(DATA WRDR(8),CBETA0)
*,(DATA WRDR(9),BETA)
*,(DATA WRDR(10),BRAK)
*,(DATA WRDR(11),C)
*,(DATA WRDR(12),CC)
*,(DATA WRDR(13),CCBF)
*,(DATA WRDR(14),CCSB)
*,(DATA WRDR(15),CO)
*,(DATA WRDR(16),CL)
*,(DATA WRDR(17),CLBT)
*,(DATA WRDR(18),CM)
*,(DATA WRDR(19),CMBF)
*,(DATA WRDR(20),CMSB)
*,(DATA WRDR(21),CN)
*,(DATA WRDR(22),CNBF)
*,(DATA WRDR(23),CNSB)
*,(DATA WRDR(24),CNBI)
*,(DATA WRDR(25),CY)
*,(DATA WRDR(26),CLBDE)
*,(DATA WRDR(27),CLBSB)
*,(DATA WRDR(28),CNBDE)
*,(DATA WRDR(29),RUNTIME)
*,(DATA WRDR(30),TIME)
*,(DATA WRDR(31),CNBSB)
*,(DATA WRDR(32),CYDRSB)

```



\*, (DATAWRDR(33),CROSSRNG)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(34),DAIL)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(35),DEL)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(36),ALTO)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(37),PRHCSOP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(38),DER)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(39),DRIC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(40),DRUD)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(41),DBFIC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(42),DELIC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(43),DACM)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(44),DELRIC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(45),DELIA)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(46),DERIC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(47),DOWNRNG)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(48),DSBIC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(49),ELEV)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(50),EWIND)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(51),FLAP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(52),GO)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(53),GEAR)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(54),DPJET)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(55),DRJET)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(56),HDOT)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(57),IXMY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(58),GEUALT)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(59),IXX)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(60),IXY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(61),IXZ)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(62),IYMZ)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(63),IYOY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(64),IYY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(65),IZMX)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(66),IZOZ)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(67),IZZ)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(68),IFUNC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(69),J2)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(70),KCAS)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(71),KEAS)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(72),RRHCSOP )  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(73),KNOTCON)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(74),RPTASOP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(75),CLAT)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(76),CLATO)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(77),CLNG)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(78),CLNGO)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(79),UZCMD)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(80),UXCMD)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(81),LBODY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(82),LENGTH)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(83),UYCMD)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(84),MACH)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(85),MASS)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(86),CMU)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(87),MBODY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(88),NBODY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(89),NWIND)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(90),OBLATE)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(91),OMEGA)

```

*,(DATAWRDR(92),PBIC)
*,(DATAWRDR(93),PDOT)
*,(DATAWRDR(94),CPH1)
*,(DATAWRDR(95),CPH10)
*,(DATAWRDR(96),CPSI)
*,(DATAWRDR(97),CPSI0)
*,(DATAWRDR(98),CPSIH)
*,(DATAWRDR(99),CPSIR)
*,(DATAWRDR(100),PBODY)
*,(DATAWRDR(101),PHIDOT)
*,(DATAWRDR(102),PE)
*,(DATAWRDR(103),QBAR)
*,(DATAWRDR(104),QBIC)
*,(DATAWRDR(105),QDOT)
*,(DATAWRDR(106),QBODY)
*,(DATAWRDR(107),R0)
*,(DATAWRDR(108),RBIC)
*,(DATAWRDR(109),RDOT)
*,(DATAWRDR(110),RH0)
*,(DATAWRDR(111),RH00)
*,(DATAWRDR(112),SBHP)
*,(DATAWRDR(113),RADIUS)
*,(DATAWRDR(114),RBODY)
*  THERE IS A HOLE AT DATAWRDR(115)
*,(DATAWRDR(116),RHIC)
*,(DATAWRDR(117),S)
*,(DATAWRDR(118),CPSIH0)
*,(DATAWRDR(119),SOUND)
*,(DATAWRDR(120),CTHETA0)
*,(DATAWRDR(121),CTHETA)
*,(DATAWRDR(122),THETADOT)
*,(DATAWRDR(123),UAIR)
*,(DATAWRDR(124),UYGJET)
*,(DATAWRDR(125),UBODY)
*,(DATAWRDR(126),UEARTH)
*,(DATAWRDR(127),VAIR)
*,(DATAWRDR(128),VBODY)
*,(DATAWRDR(129),VEARTH)
*,(DATAWRDR(130),VELIC)
*,(DATAWRDR(131),VELTRUE)
*,(DATAWRDR(132),PITCHPAN)
*,(DATAWRDR(133),WHIC)
*,(DATAWRDR(134),WBODY)
*,(DATAWRDR(135),WEARTH)
*,(DATAWRDR(136),WEIGHT)
*,(DATAWRDR(137),WHDOT)
*,(DATAWRDR(138),XBAR)
*,(DATAWRDR(139),XBRX)
*,(DATAWRDR(140),PITCHSTK)
*,(DATAWRDR(141),XBARNOM)
*,(DATAWRDR(142),XBODY)
*,(DATAWRDR(143),ROLLPAN)
*,(DATAWRDR(144),YBAR)
*,(DATAWRDR(145),YBRX)
*,(DATAWRDR(146),ROLLSTK)
*,(DATAWRDR(147),YBODY)
*,(DATAWRDR(148),ZBAR)
*,(DATAWRDR(149),ZBRX)
*,(DATAWRDR(150),ZETA)

```

\*,(DATAWRDR(151),YANTRIM)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(152),ZBARNO)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(153),ZBODY)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(154),FLAPCMD)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(155),CCU)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(156),CCE)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(157),CCDBF1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(158),CCDBF2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(159),CCDSB1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(160),CCDSB2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(161),CLB)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(162),CLBDE1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(163),CLBDE2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(164),CLBDSB1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(165),CLBDSB2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(166),CLBDSB3)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(167),CLDA)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(168),CLDR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(169),CLP)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(170),CLR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(171),CMO)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(172),CME)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(173),CMDBF1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(174),CMDBF2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(175),CMDSB1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(176),CMDSB2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(177),CMU)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(178),CNB)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(179),CNBDE1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(180),CNBDE2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(181),CNBDSB1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(182),CNBDSB2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(183),CNBDSB3)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(184),CNDA)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(185),CNR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(186),CNRB)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(187),CNP)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(188),CNR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(189),CNO)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(190),CNDE)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(191),CNDBF1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(192),CNDBF2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(193),CNDSB1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(194),CNDSB2)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(195),CYB)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(196),CYDA)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(197),CYDR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(198),CYDRDSB1)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(199),CYDRDSB2)

★

\*,(DATABYT(1),FCSDA)  
 \*,(DATABYT(2),FCSDE)  
 \*,(DATABYT(3),FCSDF)  
 \*,(DATABYT(4),FCSDR)  
 \*,(DATABYT(5),FCSSB)  
 \*,(DATABYT(6),FIVDEG)  
 \*,(DATABYT(7),FREDEG)  
 \*,(DATABYT(8),WIND)  
 \*,(DATABYT(9),PUTSET)

```

* ,(DATABYT(10),HOLD)
* ,(DATABYT(11),IC)
* ,(DATABYT(12),ABORT)
* ,(DATABYT(13),TURNCORD)
* ,(DATABYT(14),AUTOBF)
* ,(DATABYT(15),DEPULSE)
* ,(DATABYT(16),DAPULSE)
* ,(DATABYT(17),DRPULSE)
* ,(ANGLE(1),ALPHA)
* ,(ANGLE(2),PHI)
* ,(ANGLE(3),THETA)

```

```

*
DATA PI/3.141592654/
DATA AEROSIZE/5243/

```

```

*
DATA SCALOUT/.8727,3.491,.8727,.8727,1.745,.4363,128.7,64.35,
* 64.35,1.745,25.0,2048.0,32768.0,16.0,3.142,3.142,3.142,
* 102400.0,1024.0,1024.0,512.0,10.24,0.0,0.0,3.142,3.142,
* 35.0,35.0,35.0,400000.0,35.0,30.0,90.0,25.0,4.096,9*0.0/
DATA SCALIN/25.0,20.0,30.0,90.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,
* 1.0,21*0.0/

```

```

*
DATA ALPHA1/0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0893,0.1745,0.2618,0.3491,0.4363,
* 0.5236,0.6981,0.8727/

```

```

DATA MACHT/0.0,0.0,1.5,2.0,3.0,4.0,5.0,8.0,10.0/
DATA ELEVT/0.0,0.0,-35.0,-20.0,-10.0,0.0,10.0,20.0/

```

```

DATA USBT/0.0,0.0,0.0,25.0,55.0,87.2/

```

```

DATA BETAT/0.0,0.0,0.0,2.0,5.0,10.0/

```

```

DATA ALPHAPT/1.4/

```

```

DATA MACHPT/1.7/

```

```

DATA ELEVPT/1.6/

```

```

DATA DELPT/1.6/

```

```

DATA DERPT/1.6/

```

```

DATA DSBPT/1.4/

```

```

DATA BETAPT/1.4/

```

```

DATA ZETARG/0.,10000.,20000.,30000.,40000.,50000.,60000.,70000.,
1 80000.,90000.,100000.,110000.,120000.,130000.,140000.,150000.,
1 160000.,170000.,180000.,190000.,200000.,210000.,220000.,230000.,
1 240000.,250000.,260000.,270000.,280000.,290000.,300000.,310000.,
* 320000.,330000.,340000.,350000.,360000.,370000.,380000.,390000.,
* 400000./

```

```

*
DATA SNDIABL/1116.,1077.,1037.,995.,968.,968.,968.,971.,978.,985.,
1 991.,1004.,1022.,1040.,1058.,1075.,1082.,1082.,1071.,1058.,1046.,
1 1020.,994.,967.,939.,911.,884.,884.,884.,884.,904./

```

```

DATA ZETABL/.292330,.303149,.314793,.327719,.350427,.376466

```

```

* ,.393832,.407019,.417173,.424332,.429408,.433938,.437363,.438992
* ,.439288,.438588,.436120,.433098,.429438,.426540,.424377,.421935
* ,.420577,.420275,.420998,.422748,.425734,.431314,.436493,.441318
* ,.446949,.451434,.454810,.457721,.459620,.460466,.461186,.461258
* ,.460134,.458847,.457300/

```

```

*
DATA WINDARG/0.,5000.,10000.,15000.,20000.,25000.,30000.,35000.,
1 40000.,45000.,50000.,55000.,60000.,65000.,70000.,75000.,80000.,
1 85000.,90000.,95000./

```

```

*
DATA DBLSIZE,RSIZE,ISIZE,HAFSIZE,BYTSIZE,SIZE/17,400,0.0,17.434/

```

```

*
LIST CONTAINS THE ASCII DOUBLEWORDS WHICH DEFINE VARIABLE NAMES TO

```



\* EASE AND DATASTORE.

\*

DATA LIST/

\* REAL DOUBLEWORD VARIABLES ARE DEFINED HERE.

\* 'DELR'

\* 'DELRDOT'

\* 'GRAVITY'

\* 'LATDOT'

\* 'LNGDOT'

\* THIS HOLE CORRESPONDS TO DATADBL(6)

\* ' '

\* 'PSINDOT'

\* 'RUH'

\* 'RUHDOT'

\* 'UH'

\* 'WH'

\* 'XEARTH'

\* 'XH'

\* 'YEARTH'

\* 'YH'

\* 'ZEARTH'

\* 'ZH'

\*

\* THE REAL WORD VARIABLES ARE DEFINED HERE.

\* 'ALPHA0'

\* 'AX'

\* 'AY'

\* 'AZ'

\* 'ALPHA'

\* 'ALTITUDE'

\* 'B'

\* 'BETA0'

\* 'BETA'

\* 'BRAK'

\* 'C'

\* 'CC'

\* 'CCBF'

\* 'CCSB'

\* 'CD'

\* 'CL'

\* 'CLBT'

\* 'CM'

\* 'CMBF'

\* 'CMSB'

\* 'CN'

\* 'CNBF'

\* 'CNSB'

\* 'CNBT'

\* 'CY'

\* 'CLBDE'

\* 'CLBSB'

\* 'CNBDE'

\* 'RUNTIME'

\* 'TIME'

\* 'CNBSB'

\* 'CYDRSB'

\* 'CROSSRNG'

\* 'DAIL'

\* 'DEL'

\* , 'ALTO'  
 \* , 'PRHCSOP '  
 \* , 'DER'  
 \* , 'DRIC'  
 \* , 'DRUD'  
 \* , 'DBFIC'  
 \* , 'DELIC'  
 \* , 'DACM'  
 \* , 'DELRIC'  
 \* , 'DELTA'  
 \* , 'DERIC'  
 \* , 'DOWNRNG'  
 \* , 'DSBIC'  
 \* , 'ELEV'  
 \* , 'EWIND'  
 \* , 'FLAP'  
 \* , 'GO'  
 \* , 'GEAR'  
 \* , 'DPJET'  
 \* , 'DRJET'  
 \* , 'HDOT'  
 \* , 'IXMY'  
 \* , 'GEUALT'  
 \* , 'IXX'  
 \* , 'IXY'  
 \* , 'IXZ'  
 \* , 'IYMZ'  
 \* , 'IYOY'  
 \* , 'IYY'  
 \* , 'IZMX'  
 \* , 'IZOZ'  
 \* , 'IZZ'  
 \* , 'IFUNC'  
 \* , 'J2'  
 \* , 'KCAS'  
 \* , 'KEAS'  
 \* , 'RRHCSOP '  
 \* , 'KNOTCON'  
 \* , 'RPIASOP '  
 \* , 'LAT'  
 \* , 'LATO'  
 \* , 'LNG'  
 \* , 'LNGO'  
 \* , 'UZCMD'  
 \* , 'UXCMD'  
 \* , 'LBODY'  
 \* , 'LENGTH'  
 \* , 'UYCMD'  
 \* , 'MACH'  
 \* , 'MASS'  
 \* , 'MU'  
 \* , 'MBODY'  
 \* , 'NBDY'  
 \* , 'NWIND'  
 \* , 'OBLATE'  
 \* , 'OMEGA'  
 \* , 'PBIC'  
 \* , 'PDOT'  
 \* , 'PHI'



```

* , 'ZBODY'
* , 'FLAPCMD'
*
* THIS POINT, REFERENCED BY THE DATASTORE SUBROUTINE, IS LIST(172)
* , 'CCO'
* , 'CCE'
* , 'CCDBF1'
* , 'CCDBF2'
* , 'CCDSB1'
* , 'CCDSB2'
* , 'CLB'
* , 'CLBDE1'
* , 'CLBDE2'
* , 'CLBDSB1'
* , 'CLBDSB2'
* , 'CLBDSB3'
* , 'CLDA'
* , 'CLDR'
* , 'CLP'
* , 'CLR'
* , 'CMU'
* , 'CME'
* , 'CMDBF1'
* , 'CMDBF2'
* , 'CMDSB1'
* , 'CMDSB2'
* , 'CMQ'
* , 'CNB'
* , 'CNBDE1'
* , 'CNBDE2'
* , 'CNBDSB1'
* , 'CNBDSB2'
* , 'CNBDSB3'
* , 'CNDA'
* , 'CNDR'
* , 'CNDRB'
* , 'CNP'
* , 'CNR'
* , 'CNU'
* , 'CNDE'
* , 'CNDBF1'
* , 'CNDBF2'
* , 'CNDSB1'
* , 'CNDSB2'
* , 'CYB'
* , 'CYDA'
* , 'CYDR'
* , 'CYDRDSB1'
* , 'CYDRDSB2'
* , 'DEMAN'
* , 'ESHAPE'
* , 'GPS'
* , 'DEMS'
* , 'Q'
* , 'PRDD26'
* , ' '
* , 'GJET'
* , ' '
* , 'ETRIMIN'

```



\* , 'ETRIM'  
 \* , 'ELFBKIN'  
 \* , 'ELFBK'  
 \* , 'DEIMPAN'  
 \* , 'DSBPC'  
 \* , 'DSBXTR'  
 \* , 'DSBXTRS'  
 \* , 'DETUSB'  
 \* , 'DETRIM'  
 \* , 'GDSB'  
 \* , 'GTRE'  
 \* , 'DEIMRHC'  
 \* , 'DETR'  
 \* , 'DEMSP'  
 \* , 'RTPHI'  
 \* , 'RTANPHI'  
 \* , 'DJRTP'  
 \* , 'BCSL'  
 \* , 'DCSL'  
 \* , 'DQCT'  
 \* , 'DECMD'  
 \* , 'QFFIL'  
 \* , 'DCSQ'  
 \* , 'DCSLLO'  
 \* , 'DCSLHI'  
 \* , 'MIDPICK'  
 \* , 'KPIT'  
 \* , 'GDQ'  
 \* , 'DQLO'  
 \* , 'R'  
 \* , 'DQHI'  
 \* , 'DQHIA'  
 \* , 'DQHIN'  
 \* , 'NZA'  
 \* , 'NZP'  
 \* , 'DQLON'  
 \* , 'DQLOA'  
 \* , 'ALPHMIN'  
 \* , 'ALPHMAX'  
 \* , 'GTREDUCT'  
 \* , 'P'  
 \* , 'I'  
 \* , 'DATMRHC'  
 \* , 'PROD24'  
 \* , 'PROD25'  
 \* , '2\*'  
 \* , 'PROD21'  
 \* , 'PROD22'  
 \* , 'PROD23'  
 \* , 'PROD27'  
 \* , 'SUM21'  
 \* , 'I'  
 \* , 'SUM23'  
 \* , 'DCSP'  
 \* , 'DACMD'  
 \* , 'DATSUMI'  
 \* , 'KDAMLIN'  
 \* , 'KDAMPAR'  
 \* , 'GRS'

\* , 'GDAC'  
 \* , 'GDA'  
 \* , 'DATSUM'  
 \* , 'PROD42'  
 \* , 'DATR'  
 \* , 'DRPRM'  
 \* , 'PSTAB'  
 \* , 'SUM24'  
 \* , 'DRPHI'  
 \* , 'PROD29'  
 \* , 'SUM22'  
 \* , 'GTX'  
 \* , 'YAWXFEED'  
 \* , 'PROD41'  
 \* , 'GP'  
 \* , 'GRH'  
 \* , ' '  
 \* , ' '  
 \* , 'SUM25'  
 \* , 'SUM25S'  
 \* , ' '  
 \* , 'SUM26'  
 \* , 'PROD43'  
 \* , 'RSTAB'  
 \* , 'BETAQ'  
 \* , 'BETAFILT'  
 \* , 'DATMPAN'  
 \* , 'DATP'  
 \* , ' '  
 \* , 'PROD44'  
 \* , 'DRT'  
 \* , 'DRTMSF'  
 \* , 'DRMS'  
 \* , 'DRTMS'  
 \* , 'PROD1'  
 \* , 'SUM1'  
 \* , 'NYP'  
 \* , 'NYA'  
 \* , 'GRAY'  
 \* , 'PROD2'  
 \* , 'PROD3'  
 \* , 'SUM2'  
 \* , 'PROD5'  
 \* , 'DRCPF'  
 \* , 'KDRC'  
 \* , 'GDRC'  
 \* , 'GNYDRM'  
 \* , 'DRTTR'  
 \* , 'PROD7'  
 \* , 'GTRR'  
 \* , 'DRTTRIM'  
 \* , 'SUM3'  
 \* , 'DRCMD'  
 \* , 'DACMC'  
 \* , 'GRXFD'  
 \* , 'GDRE'  
 \* , ' '  
 \* , 'NR'  
 \* , '73\* '

```

*
* THE LOGICAL BYTE VARIABLES ARE DEFINED HERE.
* , 'FCSDA'
* , 'FCSDE'
* , 'FCSDF'
* , 'FCSOR'
* , 'FCSSB'
* , 'FIVDEG'
* , 'TKEDEG'
* , 'WIND'
* , 'POTSET'
* , 'HOLD'
* , 'IC'
* , 'ABORT'
* , 'TURNCORD'
* , 'AUTOBF'
* , 'DEPULSE'
* , 'DAPULSE'
* , 'DRPULSE'
*EXECUTIVE PORTION FOLLOWS
*THIS IS THE ENTRY POINT FOR PROGRAM ACTIVATION
**
*INITIALIZATION
*
* THIS SECTION INITIALIZES THE INTERVAL TIMER HANDLER.
*
      INLINE
)1020      DI      43      DISABLE INTERVAL TIMER
           LW      7,428    FETCH ADDRESS OF OLD HANDLER
           STW     7,HANDLER STORE FOR LATER USE
           LW      7,1000   FETCH ADDRESS OF NEW HANDLER
           STW     7,428    STORE ADDRESS IN HANDLER LOC.
      ENDI
*
*
* THE AERODYNAMIC DATA IS PLACED IN CORE HERE
*
      II=1
      JJ=1152
      3 CALL BUFFERIN(5,1,OUTDATA(II),JJ)
      4 CALL STATUS(5,TEMP1)
        IF(TEMP1.NE.2)GOTO4
        II=II+1152
        IF(II.GT.AEROSIZE)GO TO 5
        IF(II+1152.GT.AEROSIZE)JJ=AEROSIZE+1-II
        GO TO 3
      5 CONTINUE
*
      IC=.TRUE.
      POTSET=.FALSE.
      HOLD=.FALSE.
*
* THE FOLLOWING VARIABLES ARE SET TO INDICATE A DESIRED CONDITION
* AS INDICATED. THESE VARIABLES ARE EASE ACCESSABLE.
*
* AUTO BODY FLAP (NOT AVAILABLE)
      AUTOBF=.FALSE.
* TURN COORDINATION
      TURNCORD=.TRUE.

```

\* ORDERLY PROGRAM TERMINATION  
 ABORT=.FALSE.  
 \* FIVE DEGREES OF FREEDOM  
 FIVDEG=.TRUE.  
 \* THREE DEGREES OF FREEDOM  
 TREDEG=.FALSE.  
 \* ATMOSPHERIC WIND  
 WIND=.FALSE.  
 \* CONTROL OF VEHICLE SURFACE DEFLECTIONS....TRUE. INDICATES THAT THE  
 \* VALUES ARE DETERMINED BY DELIC,DERIC,DRIC,DSBIC,DBFIC.  
 FCSDE=FCSDA=FCSDR=.FALSE.  
 FCSDF=FCSSB=.TRUE.  
 \* SURFACE PULSE FOR DYNAMIC RESPONSE CHECK....TRUE. INDICATES THAT  
 \* THE SURFACE IS TO BE PULSED.  
 DEPULSE=DAPULSE=DRPULSE=.FALSE.  
 \* PRESET PROGRAM RUN TIME IN SECONDS.  
 RUNTIME=5.E75  
 \*  
 CALPHA0=20.0  
 CBETA0=0.0  
 CTHETA0=20.0  
 CPHI0=0.0  
 CPSI0=0.0  
 CLAT0=0.0  
 CLNG0=0.0  
 CPSIR=26.0  
 S=2690.0  
 B=78.03  
 C=39.56  
 LENGTH=107.5  
 WEIGHT=155000.0  
 IXX=600000.0  
 IYY=5500000.0  
 IZZ=5500000.0  
 IXY=0.0  
 IXZ=100000.0  
 XBAR=0.65  
 YBAR=0.0  
 ZBAR=0.2907  
 XBARNOM=0.65  
 ZBARNOM=0.2907  
 G0=32.146546  
 J2=.0010823  
 KNOTCON=0.59210526  
 UBLATE=70150.0  
 OMEGA=.000072921159  
 R0=20925738.0  
 RHU0=.0023769  
 DBFIC=-5.0  
 DELIC=-16.33  
 DERIC=-16.33  
 DRIC=0.0  
 DSBIC=25.0  
 ALTO=99480.0  
 PBIC=0.0  
 QBIC=0.0  
 WBIC=0.0  
 VELIC=2970.0  
 DELTA=.04



```

HALFPI = PI/2
TWOPI = 2*PI
*
*THIS IS THE EASE RETURN POINT
10 IF(ABORT) GO TO 1100
*
* A DIGITAL INPUT IS PERFORMED HERE TO INITIALIZE THE MODE CONTROL
* PARAMETERS.
15 CONTINUE
  INLINE
    LW      4,820003FFFF
    LEA     1,1920
    SIMW    1,256
    CD      0,428000
  ENDI
*
  MASS=WEIGHT/32.174
  KE=K0-UHLATE
  HALFDEL=DELTA/2
*
*PITS1,PITS2,PIT3 ARE TEMPORARY LOCATIONS
PIT1=MASS*LENGTH
XBXX=(XBARNOM-XBAR)*PIT1
YBRX=YBAR*PIT1
ZBRX=(ZBARNOM-ZBAR)*PIT1
IXMY=IXX-IYY
IYMZ=IYY-IZZ
IZMX=IZZ-IXX
IYOY=IXY/IYY
IZOZ=IXZ/IZZ
IFUNC=1/(IXX-IZOZ*IXZ-IYOY*IXY)
SC=S*C
SC2BY2=.5*S*C**2
SB=S*B
SB2BY2=.5*S*B**2
* THE FOLLOWING SECTION CALCULATES THE INITIAL CONDITION VALUES
* FOR THE INTEGRAL EQUATIONS. EASE DEFINES THETA,PHI,PSI,ALPHA,
* BETA,VELTRUE AND ALTITUDE. THESE VALUES ARE PROCESSED TO OBTAIN
* RUH,PSIH,WH,AND DELR.
* ALL ANGLES ARE INTERNALLY DEFINED IN RADIANs. ALL COMMUNICATIONS
* WITH CARDS AND EASE ARE WITH ANGLES DEFINED IN DEGREES. A "C"
* PRECEEDS ALL DEGREE-DEFINED ANGLES.
  THETA0=C*THEIA0/57.29577951
  PHI0=C*PHI0/57.29577951
  PSI0=C*PSI0/57.29577951
  ALPHA0=C*ALPHA0/57.29577951
  BETA0=C*BETA0/57.29577951
  PSIR=C*PSIR/57.29577951
  LAT0=C*LAT0/57.29577951
  LNG0=C*LNG0/57.29577951
  PIT1=SIN(THETA0)
  PIT2=COS(THETA0)
  PIT3=SIN(PHI0)
  PIT4=COS(PHI0)
  PIT5=SIN(PSI0)
  PIT6=COS(PSI0)
  L1=PIT2*PIT6
  L2=PIT2*PIT5
  L3=-PIT1

```

```

M1=P1T4*P1T5+P1T3*P1T1*P1T6
M2=P1T4*P1T6+P1T3*P1T1*P1T5
M3=P1T3*P1T2
N1=P1T3*P1T5+P1T4*P1T1*P1T6
N2=-P1T3*P1T6+P1T4*P1T1*P1T5
N3=P1T2*P1T4
DELRIC=ALTO=R0*(.00167828-.00167616*COS(2*LAT0)-.00000211*
* COS(4*LAT0))
RAD=R0+DELRIC
UBODY=VELIC*COS(ALPHA0)*COS(BETA0)
VBODY=VELIC*SIN(BETA0)
WBODY=VELIC*SIN(ALPHA0)*COS(BETA0)
UAIR=UBODY*L1+VBODY*M1+WBODY*N1
VAIR=UBODY*L2+VBODY*M2+WBODY*N2
WEARTH=UBODY*L3+VBODY*M3+WBODY*N3
UEARTH=UAIR
VEARTH=VAIR+RAD*COS(LAT0)*OMEGA
PSIH0=ATAN2(VEARTH,UEARTH)
RUHIC=RAD*UEARTH/COS(PSIH0)
WHIC=WEARTH
CPSIH0=PSIH0*57.29577951
*
* THIS SECTION STARTS THE INTERVAL TIMER OPERATION.
*
COUNT=DELTA/.0000012
INLINE
    LW      0,COUNT      LOAD FRAME TIME
    CD      127,60       START TIMER
    EI      43           ENABLE INTERVAL TIMER
ENDI
*
* PATCHES WILL GO HERE
* END OF INITIALIZATION ROUTINE
* THIS IS THE LOOP RETURN ENTRY POINT
47 PUTSET=INBIT(1)
   IC=INBIT(2)
   HOLD=INBIT(3)
*
   IF(PUTSET) GO TO 1105
   IF(HOLD) GO TO 170
   IF(IC) TIME=0
*
* ANALOG INPUT IS STARTED HERE.
INLINE
    LW      4,8Z0003FFFF
    LEA     1,910
    STMW    1,256
    CD      0,4Z8000
ENDI
*
* THIS SECTION TRANSFERS THE INPUT VALUES CONTAINED IN THE DATA
* HALFWORD TABLES TO THE APPROPRIATE REAL WORD VARIABLES.
JJ=1
INLINE
    BL      960
ENDI
PRHCSUP=DATA
JJ=2
INLINE

```

```

      BL      )960
ENDI
RRHCSOP=DATA
JJ=3
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
RPTASOP=DATA
JJ=4
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
SBHP=DATA
JJ=5
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
PITCHPAN=DATA
JJ=6
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
PITCHSTK=DATA
JJ=7
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
ROLLPAN=DATA
JJ=8
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
ROLLSTK=DATA
JJ=9
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
YAWTRIM=DATA
JJ=10
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
FLAPCMD=DATA
JJ=11
INLINE
      BL      )960
ENDI
PULSE=DATA
*
IF(IC) GO TO 49
GO TO 170
49 PBODY=PBIC;QBODY=QBIC;RBODY=RBIC
  THETA = THETA0 ; PHI = PHI0 ; PSI = PSI0
  WH=WHIC;DELX=DELXIC
  PSIH=PSIH0;RUH=RUHIC
  LA=LAT0;LN=LNG0
170 CONTINUE
*
*
```

```

C THIS STARTS THE DATA LOOK-UP.
C FIND ARGUMENT BREAKPOINTS
  ABSBETA=ABS(BETA)
  CALL POINTF(MACH,MACHPT(2),MACHPT(1),MACHI(1),MACHT(3))
  CALL POINTF(ALPHA,ALPHAPT(2),ALPHAPT(1),ALPHAT(1),ALPHA1(3))
  CALL POINTF(ELEV,ELEVPT(2),ELEVPT(1),ELEV1(1),ELEV1(3))
  CALL POINTF(DELT,DELPT(2),DELPT(1),DELT(1),ELEV1(3))
  CALL POINTF(DER,DERPT(2),DERPT(1),DERT(1),ELEV1(3))
  CALL POINTF(BRAK,DSBPT(2),DSBPT(1),DSBT(1),DSBT(3))
  CALL POINTF(ABSBETA,BETAPT(2),BETAPT(1),BETAT(1),BETAT(3))
C FIND DERIVATIVE VALUES
  CM0=DERIVE2(CM0T,ALPHAPT(2),MACHPT(2),ALPHAPT(1),MACHPT(1),ALPHAT(
*1),MACHT(1))
  CNO=DERIVE2(CNOT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNDE=DERIVE2(CNDET,ALPHAPT(2))
  CCO=DERIVE2(CCOT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CLP=DERIVE2(CLPT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CLR=DERIVE2(CLRT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNDRB=DERIVE2(CNDRBT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNP=DERIVE2(CNPT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNR=DERIVE2(CNRT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CYB=DERIVE2(CYBT,ALPHAPT(2))
  CYDR=DERIVE2(CYDRT,ALPHAPT(2))
  IF (FLAP.GT.0.0) GOTO 220
  CCBF=CCDBF1=DERIVE2(CCDBF1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CMBF=CMDBF1=DERIVE2(CMDBF1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNBF=CNDBF1=DERIVE2(CNDBF1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  GOTO 230
220 CONTINUE
  CCBF=CCDBF2=DERIVE2(CCDBF2T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CMBF=CMDBF2=DERIVE2(CMDBF2T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNBF=CNDBF2=DERIVE2(CNDBF2T,ALPHAPT(2))
230 CONTINUE
  IF (BRAK.GT.25.0) GOTO 240
  CLBDB=CLBDSB1=DERIVE2(CLBDSB1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNBDB=CNBDSB1=DERIVE2(CNBDSB1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  GOTO 245
240 CONTINUE
  CLBDB=CLBDSB2=DERIVE2(CLBDSB2T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNBDB=CNBDSB2=DERIVE2(CNBDSB2T,ALPHAPT(2))
245 CONTINUE
  CLBDSB3=CNBDSB3=0.0
  IF (BRAK.LT.60.0) GOTO 249
  CLBDSB3=DERIVE2(CLBDSB3T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNBDSB3=DERIVE2(CNBDSB3T,ALPHAPT(2))
249 CONTINUE
  IF (ELEV.GT.0.0) GOTO 250
  CLBDE=CLBDE1=DERIVE2(CLBDE1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNBDE=CNBDE1=DERIVE2(CNBDE1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  GOTO 255
250 CLBDE=CLBDE2=DERIVE2(CLBDE2T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CNBDE=CNBDE2=DERIVE2(CNBDE2T,ALPHAPT(2))
255 CONTINUE
  IF (BRAK.GT.55.0) GOTO 258
  CCSB=CCDSB1=DERIVE2(CCDSB1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CMSB=CMDSB1=DERIVE2(CMDSB1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CYSB=CNSB1=DERIVE2(CNSB1T,ALPHAPT(2))
  CYDRSB=CYDRSB1=DERIVE1(CYDRSB1T,MACHPT(2),MACHPT(1),MACHT(1))
  GOTO 259

```



```

258 CONTINUE
CCSB=CCDSB2=DERIVE2(CCDSB2T,ALPHAPT(2))
CMSB=CMDSB2=DERIVE2(CMDSB2T,ALPHAPT(2))
CNSB=CNDSB2=DERIVE2(CNDSB2T,ALPHAPT(2))
CYDRSB=CYDRSB2=DERIVE1(CYDRSB2T,MACHPT(2),MACHPT(1),MACHT(1))
259 CONTINUE
CMEL=DERIVE3(DCMET,ALPHAPT(2),MACHPT(2),DELPT(2),ALPHAPT(1),
* MACHPT(1),DELPT(1),ALPHAT(1),MACHT(1),DELT(1))
CCEL=DERIVE3(DCCET,ALPHAPT(2))
CMEK=DERIVE3(DCMET,ALPHAPT(2),MACHPT(2),DERPT(2),ALPHAPT(1),
* MACHPT(1),DERPT(1),ALPHAT(1),MACHT(1),DERT(1))
CCER=DERIVE3(DCCET,ALPHAPT(2))
CLDA=DERIVE3(CLDAT,ALPHAPT(2),MACHPT(2),ELEVPT(2),ALPHAPT(1),
* MACHPT(1),ELEVPT(1),ALPHAT(1),MACHT(1),ELEV(1))
CNDA=DERIVE3(CNDAT,ALPHAPT(2))
CYDA=DERIVE3(CYDAT,ALPHAPT(2))
CLB=DERIVE3(CLBTABL,ALPHAPT(2),MACHPT(2),BETAPT(2),ALPHAPT(1),
* MACHPT(1),BETAPT(1),ALPHAT(1),MACHT(1),BETA(1))
CNB=DERIVE3(CNBTABL,ALPHAPT(2))
CMQ=DERIVE3(CMQT,ALPHAPT(2),MACHPT(2),DSBPT(2),ALPHAPT(1),
* MACHPT(1),DSBPT(1),ALPHAT(1),MACHT(1),DSBT(1))
CLDR=DERIVE3(CLDRT,ALPHAPT(2))
CNR=DERIVE3(CNDRT,ALPHAPT(2))
CME=(CMEL+CMEK)/2.0
CCE=(CCEL+CCER)/2.0
C THIS CONCLUDES THE DATA LOOK-UP.
*
*CALCULATION OF DERIVATIVE COEFFICIENTS
*CL AND LBODY
*CALCULATION OF CLBT
CLBT=CLB+CLBDE*ELEV+CLBSB*(BRAK-25)+CLBDSB3*(BRAK-60)
*CALCULATION OF LBODY
LBODY=QBAR*((CLBT*BETA+CLDA*DAIL+CLDR*DRUD)*SB
* +SB2BY2*(CLP*PBODY+CLR*RBODY)/VELTRUE)-YBRX*ZBODY+ZBRX*YBODY
* +UZCMD*6125
*CM AND MBODY
*CALCULATION OF CM
CM=CMQ+CME+CMBF*FLAP+CMSB*(BRAK-55)
*CALCULATION OF MBODY
MBODY=QBAR*(CM*SC+CMQ*SC2BY2*QBODY/VELTRUE)-ZBRX*XBODY+XBRX*ZBODY
*CN AND NBODY
*CALCULATION OF CNBT
CNBT=CNB+CNBDE*ELEV+CNBSB*(BRAK-25)+CNBDSB3*(BRAK-60)
*CALCULATION OF NBODY
NBODY=QBAR*((CNBT*BETA+CNDA*DAIL+(CNR+CNRB*ABSBETA)*DRUD)*SB+
* (CNR*RBODY+CNP*PBODY)*SB2BY2/VELTRUE)-XBRX*YBODY+YBRX*XBODY
* +UZCMD*33469
*CALCULATION OF CC
CC=CCQ+CCE+CCBF*FLAP+CCSB*(BRAK-55)
*CALCULATION OF CY
CY=CYB*BETA+CYDA*DAIL+(CYDR+CYDRSB*(BRAK-55))*DRUD
* CALCULATION OF CN (NORMAL FORCE COEFFICIENT)
CN=CNQ+CNDE*ELEV+CNBF*FLAP+CNSB*(BRAK-55)
* CALCULATION OF CL (LIFT COEFFICIENT)
CL = CN*COSALF -CC*SINALF
* CALCULATION OF CD
CD = CC*COSALF + CN*SINALF
*
*

```

\*THE FOLLOWING IS A FOURTH ORDER RUNGE KUTTA INTEGRATION ROUTINE  
 \*FOR FORMATION OF PBODY,QBODY,AND RBODY  
 \*THIS SECTION USES FUNCTION TYPE SUBPRUGRAMS FOR CALCULATION OF  
 \*DERIVATIVE TERMS  
 \*DELTA=FRAME TIME IN SECONDS

\*  
 PDOT=PDOTT(PBODY,QBODY,RBODY)  
 K0=DELTA\*PDOT  
 QDOT=QDOTT(PBODY,QBODY,RBODY,PDOT)  
 L0=DELTA\*QDOT  
 RDOT=RDOTT(PBODY,QBODY,RBODY,PDOT)  
 M0=DELTA\*RDOT

\*  
 PIT1=PDOTT(PBODY+.5\*K0,QBODY+.5\*L0,RBODY+.5\*M0)  
 K1=DELTA\*PIT1  
 L1=DELTA\*QDOTT(PBODY+.5\*K0,QBODY+.5\*L0,RBODY+.5\*M0,PIT1)  
 M1=DELTA\*RDOTT(PBODY+.5\*K0,QBODY+.5\*L0,RBODY+.5\*M0,PIT1)

\*  
 PIT1=PDOTT(PBODY+.5\*K1,QBODY+.5\*L1,RBODY+.5\*M1)  
 K2=DELTA\*PIT1  
 L2=DELTA\*QDOTT(PBODY+.5\*K1,QBODY+.5\*L1,RBODY+.5\*M1,PIT1)  
 M2=DELTA\*RDOTT(PBODY+.5\*K1,QBODY+.5\*L1,RBODY+.5\*M1,PIT1)

\*  
 PIT1=PDOTT(PBODY+K2,QBODY+L2,RBODY+M2)  
 K3=DELTA\*PIT1  
 L3=DELTA\*QDOTT(PBODY+K2,QBODY+L2,RBODY+M2,PIT1)  
 M3=DELTA\*RDOTT(PBODY+K2,QBODY+L2,RBODY+M2,PIT1)

\*  
 \*STOP INTEGRATION IF IC OR HOLD MODES  
 IF(IC,OR,HOLD) GO TO 210

\*  
 PBODY=PBODY+K0/6+K1/3+K2/3+K3/6  
 QBODY=QBODY+L0/6+L1/3+L2/3+L3/6  
 RBODY=RBODY+M0/6+M1/3+M2/3+M3/6

\*  
 210 CONTINUE

\*  
 \*THIS SECTION USES THE FOURTH ORDER RUNGE KUTTA TECHNIQUE TO GENERATE  
 \*THE EULER ANGLES THETA,PHI,AND PSI  
 \*THE RESULTANT VALUES FOR THETA,PHI,ANDPSI ARE IN RADIAN  
 \*THE SIN AND COS VALUES FOR THE EULER ANGLES ARE ALSO CALCULATED

\*  
 SINTHETA=SIN(THETA)  
 COSTHETA=COS(THETA)  
 SINPHI=SIN(PHI)  
 COSPHI=COS(PHI)  
 SINPSI=SIN(PSI)  
 COSPSI=COS(PSI)

\*  
 THETADOT=QBODY\*COSPHI-RBODY\*SINPHI  
 K00=DELTA\*THETADOT  
 PSIDOT=(RBODY\*COSPHI+QBODY\*SINPHI)/COSTHETA  
 L00=DELTA\*PSIDOT  
 PHIDOT=PBODY+PSIDOT\*SINTHETA  
 M00=DELTA\*PHIDOT

\*  
 K01=DELTA\*THETADOTT(PHI+.5\*M00)  
 PIT1=PSIDOTT(PHI+.5\*M00,THETA+.5\*K00)  
 L01=DELTA\*PIT1  
 M01=DELTA\*PHIDOTT(PHI+.5\*M00,THETA+.5\*K00,PIT1)

```

*
K02=DELTA*THETDOTT(PHI+.5*M01)
PIT1=PSIDOTT(PHI+.5*M01,THETA+.5*K01)
L02=DELTA*PIT1
M02=DELTA*PHIDOTT(PHI+.5*M01,THETA+.5*K01,PIT1)
*
K03=DELTA*THETDOTT(PHI+M02)
PIT1=PSIDOTT(PHI+M02,THETA+K02)
L03=DELTA*PIT1
M03=DELTA*PHIDOTT(PHI+M02,THETA+K02,PIT1)
*
*INTEGRATION IS NOT PERFORMED IN THE IC OR HOLD MODES
  IF(IC,OR,HOLD) GO TO 270
*THREE DEGREES OF FREEDOM MODE REQUIRES PHIDOT AND PSI DOT =0
  IF(IREDEG) L00=L01=L02=L03=M00=M01=M02=M03=0
*
  THETA=THETA+K00/6+K01/3+K02/3+K03/6
  PHI=PHI+M00/6+M01/3+M02/3+M03/6
  PSI=PSI+L00/6+L01/3+L02/3+L03/6
*
270  CONTINUE
*
*CALCULATION OF GRAVITY, INCLUDING EARTH'S OBLATENESS
  MU=HALFPI-LA
  COSMU=DCOS(MU)
  SINMU=DSIN(MU)
*THIS TERM, SHARE, IS USED BOTH HERE AND IN THE CALCULATION OF XEARTH
*J2,GCON1,ANDGCON2 ARE CONSTANTS
  SHARE=-3*J2*G0*(R0/RAD)**4
  GRAVITY=G0*(R0/RAD)**2+.5*SHARE*(3*COSMU**2-1)-UH**2/RAD
*GRAVITY HAS UNITS FT/SEC**2
*
* BODY AXIS ACCELERATION CALCULATIONS
  DPIT1=QBAR/MASS
*TEST FOR DESIRED FIVE DEGREES OF FREEDOM
  IF (FIVDEG) GO TO 290
  XB=-DPIT1*CC*S
  GO TO 320
290 DPIT2=(WB*ZB+VB*YB)/UB
  DPIT3=SINTHETA-COSTHETA*(WB*COSPHI+VB*SINPHI)/UB
  XB=GRAVITY*DPIT3-DPIT2
320 AX=XB
  XBODY=XB
  YB=DPIT1*CY*S
  AY=YB
  YBODY=YB
  ZB=-DPIT1*CN*S
  AZ=ZB
  ZBODY=ZB
* EARTH AND H-FRAME ACCELERATIONS
  DPIT1=ZB*COSPHI+YB*SINPHI
  DPIT2=-ZB*SINPHI+YB*COSPHI
  DPIT3=XB*COSTHETA+DPIT1*SINTHETA
  XEARTH=-DPIT2*SINPSI+DPIT3*COSPSI+SHARE*COSMU*SINMU
  YEARTH=DPIT2*COSPSI+DPIT3*SINPSI
  ZEARTH=-XB*SINTHETA+DPIT1*COSTHETA+GRAVITY
  XH = XEARTH*COSPSIH + YEARTH*SINPSIH
  YH = -XEARTH*SINPSIH + YEARTH*COSPSIH
  ZH = ZEARTH

```

```

*
* THE FOLLOWING SECTION CALCULATES THE H-FRAME DERIVATIVE VALUES.
  RUHDOT=RAD*XH
  PSIHDOT=VE*SINLAT/RCOSLAT+YH/UH
  WHD=ZH
  WHDOT=WHD
  LATDOT=UE/RAD
  LNGDOT=VE/RCOSLAT-OMEGA
*OMEGA IS THE EARTHS ANGULAR VELOCITY
*FOR FIVE DEGREES OF FREEDOM DELRDOT MUST BE ZERO
  DELRDOT=-WH
  IF(FIVDEG) DELRDOT=0
*
* THE H-FRAME DERIVATIVE VALUES ARE INTEGRATED BY A FIRST-ORDER
* EULER INTEGRATION ROUTINE.
*INTEGRATION IS BYPASSED IN IC AND HOLD MODES
*
  IF(IC.UR.HOLD) GO TO 370
  RUH=RUH+RUHDOT*DELTA
  PSIH=PSIH+PSIHDOT*DELTA
  WH=WH+WHD*DELTA
  LA=LA+LATDOT*DELTA
  LN=LN+LNGDOT*DELTA
  DELR=DELR+DELRDOT*DELTA
*
370 LAT=LA
  LNG=LN
  RAD=RO+DELR
  RADIUS=RAD
  UH=RUH/RAD
*
*THE FOLLOWING SECTION CALCULATES TRANSLATION OF THE BODY PROJECTED
*ONTO THE EARTHS SURFACE, IN FEET.
*LATO AND LNGO ARE REFERENCE LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF THE STARTING
*POINT OF FLIGHT
*PSIR IS THE ANGLE IN RADIANS BETWEEN TRUE NORTH AND TOP OF MAP
*POSITIVE PSIR IS WITH MAP ROTATED EAST, (CLOCKWISE) FROM NORTH
*NOTE THAT THE COSLAT TERM ACCOUNTS FOR CHANGE IN DISTANCE BETWEEN
*LONGITUDE LINES AS A FUNCTION OF LATITUDE
  SINLAT=DSIN(LA)
  COSLAT=DCOS(LA)
  RCOSLAT=RAD*COSLAT
  SINPSIR=SIN(PSIR)
  COSPSIR=COS(PSIR)
  DOWNRNG=R0*((LAT-LAT0)*COSPSIR+(LNG-LNG0)*SINPSIR*COSLAT)
  CROSSRNG=R0*((LAT-LAT0)*SINPSIR+(LNG-LNG0)*COSPSIR*COSLAT)
  ALTITUDE=DELR+R0*(.00167828-.00167616*COS(2*LAT)-.00000211*
* COS(4*LAT))
  COSPSIH=DCOS(PSIH)
  SINPSIH=DSIN(PSIH)
  UE=UH*COSPSIH
  UEARTH=UE
  VE=UH*SINPSIH
  VEARTH=VE
  WE=WH
  WEARTH=WE
*
* WINDS
* NORTH WINDS(NWIND) AND EAST WIND (EWIND) ARE TABLE LOOKUPS

```



```

* AS A FUNCTION OF ALTITUDE AND ARE ADDED TO CORRESPONDING EARTH
* AXIS VELOCITIES TO GET AIR SPEED
  IF(.NOT.WIND) GO TO 410
  WINDALT = ALTITUDE
  IF (WINDALT.GT. 95000) WINDALT = 95000
  CALL POINTF(WINDALT,20,PLACE,FRACTION,WINDARG)
  NWIND=NWTABL(PLACE)+(NWTABL(PLACE+1)-NWTABL(PLACE))*FRACTION
  EWIND=EWNTABL(PLACE)+(EWNTABL(PLACE+1)-EWNTABL(PLACE))*FRACTION
  GO TO 420
410 NWIND = EWIND = 0
* EARTH AXIS AND AIR VELOCITIES CONSIDER H-FRAME VELOCITIES,
* WINDS, AND ROTATING EARTH
420 UA=UE-NWIND
  VAIR=UA
  VA=VE-EWIND-RCOSLAT*OMEGA
  VAIR=VA
  HDOT = -WH
*HDOT REFERENCES POSITIVE UPWARDS
*
* CALCULATION OF BODY-AXIS VELOCITIES, ALPHA, BETA
* SIGN CONVENTIONS FOR VELOCITIES ARE, U IS POSITIVE FOR FORWARD
* V IS POSITIVE RIGHT, AND W IS POSITIVE DOWNWARD
  DPIT1=VA*COSPSI-UA*SINPSI
  DPIT2=UA*COSPSI+VA*SINPSI
  DPIT3=WE*COSTHETA+DPIT2*SINTHETA
  UB=DPIT2*COSTHETA-WE*SINTHETA
  UBODY=UB
  VB=DPIT1*COSPHI+DPIT3*SINPHI
  VBODY=VB
  WB=DPIT3*COSPHI-DPIT1*SINPHI
  WBODY=WB
* ALPHA IS ANGLE OF ATTACK IN RADIANS
  ALPHA=ATAN2(WBODY,UBODY)
  SINLAF=SIN(ALPHA)
  COSLAF=COS(ALPHA)
  PIT1 = SQRT (UBODY**2 + WBODY**2)
* BETA IS ANGLE OF SIDESLIP IN DEGREES
  BETA=ATAN2(VBODY,PIT1)
  BETA=BETA*57.29577951
*VELTRUE IS TRUE AIRSPEED IN FT/SEC
*TEST FOR FIVE DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM
  IF(FIVDEG) GO TO 430
  VELTRUE=SQRT(VBODY**2+PIT1**2)
  GO TO 440
430 VELTRUE=VELIC
440 CONTINUE
*
*RHO AND QBAR CALCULATIONS REQUIRE TABLE LOOKUP OF ZETA
  GEOALT=RE*ALTITUDE/(RE+ALTITUDE)
  RHOALT=GEOALT
  CALL POINTF(RHOALT,41,PLACE,FRACTION,ZETARG)
  ZETA=ZETABL(PLACE)+(ZETABL(PLACE+1)-ZETABL(PLACE))*FRACTION
  RHO=RHO0*EXP(-ZETA*GEOALT/10000)
  QBAR = .5*RHO*VELTRUE**2
*EQUIVALENT AND CALIBRATED AIRSPEEDS ARE CALCULATED IN KNOTS
*KEAS IS EQUIVALENT AIRSPEED, KCAS IS CALIBRATED AIRSPEED
  KEAS = VELTRUE*SQRT(RHO/RHO0)*KNOTCON
*THE CALCULATION OF MACH REQUIRES A TABLE LOOKUP OF SPEED OF
*SOUND BASED ON ALTITUDE

```

```

CALL POINTF(RHOALT,31,PLACE,FRACTION,SNDARG)
SOUND=SNDTABL(PLACE)+(SNDTABL(PLACE+1)-SNDTABL(PLACE))*FRACTION
MACH = VELTRUE/SOUND
*REAL FUNCTION SPEED IS USED TO DERIVE KCAS FROM KEAS, AND
*IS PRESENTED IN THE FUNCTION DEFINITION SECTION
PIT1 = SPEED(MACH)
PIT2 = SPEED(.001511*KCAS)
KCAS = PIT1*KEAS/PIT2

*
*
* ANALOG OUTPUT AND DIGITAL INPUT ARE STARTED HERE.
*
      INLINE
      LW      4,820003FFFF
      LEA     1,0915
      STMW    1,256
      CD      0,428000
      ENDI

*
*
* IF DYNAMIC CHECKS ARE DESIRED THE APPROPRIATE SURFACES ARE DEFLECTED
* AND FCS PROCESSING IS BYPASSED.
*
      IF(.NOT.DEPULSE) GO TO 443
      DEL=DELIC+PULSE*16.0
      DER=DERIC+PULSE*16.0
      GO TO 448
443 IF(.NOT.DAPULSE) GO TO 444
      DEL=DELIC+PULSE*16.0
      DER=DERIC+PULSE*16.0
      GO TO 448
444 IF(.NOT.DRPULSE) GO TO 445
      DRUD=DRIC+PULSE*20.0
      DER=DERIC
      DEL=DELIC
      GO TO 449
445 CONTINUE

*
*EXECUTE SHUTTLE FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM
*
      CALL SHTLFCS

*
      IF(.NOT.(FCSDR.OR.FCSDA)) GO TO 448
      DEL=DELIC
      DER=DERIC
448 IF(FCSDR) DRUD=DRIC
449 IF(FCSDR) FLAP=DFIC
      IF(FCSSB) BRAK=DSBIC
      ELEV=(DEL+DER)/2
      DAIL=(DEL-DER)/2

*
* THIS SECTION BUILDS THE DATA HALFWORD TABLES TO BE OUTPUT THRU
* THE D-A CONVERTER.
      JJ=1
      DATA=QDDT
      INLINE
      BL      0950
      ENDI
      JJ=2

```

```

DATA=PDOT
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=3
DATA=RDOT
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=4
DATA=QBODY
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=5
DATA=PBODY
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=6
DATA=RBODY
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=7
DATA=AZ
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=8
DATA=AY
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=9
DATA=AX
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=10
DATA=ALPHA
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=11
DATA=BETA
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=12
DATA=QBAR
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=13
DATA=VELTRUE
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI

```

```

JJ=14
DATA=MACH
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=15
DATA=PHI
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=16
DATA=PSI
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=17
DATA=THETA
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=18
DATA=ALTITUDE
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=19
DATA=KEAS
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=20
DATA=VELTRUE
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=21
DATA=HDOT
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=22
DATA=WHDOT
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=23
DATA=CROSSRNG
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=24
DATA=DOWNRNG
INLINE
    BL          )950
ENDI
JJ=25
DATA=LAT
INLINE
    BL          )950

```



```

ENDI
JJ=26
DATA=LNG
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=27
DATA=DER
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=28
DATA=ELEV
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=29
DATA=DAIL
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=30
DATA=ALTITUDE
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=31
DATA=DEL
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=32
DATA=DRUD
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=33
DATA=BRK
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=34
DATA=FLAP
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI
JJ=35
DATA=UZCMD
INLINE
    BL        )950
ENDI

```

★

★

★ 'READY' IS USED TO INDICATE THAT A NEW LOOP IS TO START,  
 ★ IT IS SET TO .TRUE. BY THE INTERVAL TIMER INTERRUPT HANDLER.  
 ★ READY=.FALSE.

★

★TEST FOR DESIRED EASE

★EASE IS REQUESTED BY SETTING SENSE SWITCH 0 = .TRUE.

```

*
500 CALL SSWTCH(12,EASER)
    IF(,NOT,EASER) GO TO 550
505 CONTINUE
    INLINE
        DI          43          DISABLE INTERVAL TIMER
    ENDI
*   C ANGLES ARE FOR COMMUNICATIONS TO AND FROM THE OPERATOR VIA EASE.
*   THEY ARE EXPRESSED IN DEGREES.
    CTHETA=THEIA*57.29577951
    CPHI=PHI*57.29577951
    CPSI=PSI*57.29577951
    CALPHA=ALPHA*57.29577951
    CPSIH=PSIH*57.29577951
    CPSIR=PSIR*57.29577951
    CMU=MU*57.29577951
    CLAT=LAT*57.29577951
    CLNG=LNG*57.29577951
    CALL M:LOAD ('EASEFCS ',11)
    CALL EASE(DATADBL,DBLSIZE,DATAWRDR,RSIZE,DATAWRDI,ISIZE,
*   DATAHF,HAFSIZE,DATABYT,BYTSIZE,LIST,SIZE)
    GO TO 10
*
*WAIT FOR INTERVAL TIMER INTERRUPT
550 TIME=TIME+DELTA
    IF(TIME,GT,RUNTIME) GO TO 505
551 CONTINUE
    IF(READY) GO TO 47
    GO TO 551
*
*   THIS IS THE ANALOG INPUT IOCB
    INLINE
)910     DATAW    8ZC0010020
        ACH        )911
        ACH        DATAIN
        RES        1W
)911     RES        1W
*
*   THIS IS THE LINKED IOCB FOR BOTH ANALOG INPUT AND DIGITAL OUTPUT
)915     DATAW    8Z4200002C
        ACH        )916
        ACH        DATAOUT
        RES        1W
)920     DATAW    8ZE0000001
        ACH        )921
        ACH        DISCRTIN
        RES        1W
)916     RES        1W
)921     DATAW    8Z40000000
    ENDI
*
    INLINE
)950     STW        0,LINK
    ENDI
    IF(SCALOUT(JJ).LT.0) GO TO 954
    IF(DATA.LE.SCALOUT(JJ)) GO TO 951
    DATAOUT(JJ)=32767
    GO TO 953
951 IF(DATA.GE.-SCALOUT(JJ)) GO TO 952

```

```

DATAOUT(JJ)=-32767
GO TO 953
952 DATAOUT(JJ)=DATA/SCALOUT(JJ)*32767
  INLINE
)953   LW      3,JJ
      SLA      3,1
      LH      7,DATAOUT-2,3
      SRL      7,4
      STH      7,DATAOUT-2,3
      LW      0,LINK
      TRSW     0
      ENDI
954 IF(DATA.GE.SCALOUT(JJ)) GO TO 955
DATAOUT(JJ)=32767
GO TO 953
955 IF(DATA.LE.-SCALOUT(JJ)) GO TO 952
DATAOUT(JJ)=-32767
GO TO 953

*
  INLINE
)960   STW      0,LINK
      LW      3,JJ
      SLA      3,1
      LH      7,DATAIN-2,3
      SLL      7,1
      STH      7,DATAIN-2,3
      ENDI
DATA=DATAIN(JJ)*SCALIN(JJ)/32767
  INLINE
      LW      0,LINK
      TRSW     0
      ENDI

*
*
  INLINE
)1000  ACW      )1010
)1010  RES      1W
      STW      7,SAVFL
      LB       7,2ZFF
      STB      7,READY
      LW      7,SAVFL
      BRI      *)1010
      ENDI

*
*
  INLINE
)1100  DI       43          DISABLE INTERVAL TIMER
      LW      7,HANDLER
      STW      7,428
      ENDI
      STOP

*
  INLINE
)1105  DI       43          DISABLE INTERVAL TIMER
      LEA      6,)1105
      LW      7,8ZFFFFFFEC
      CALM     84
      ENDI
      GO TO 10
      END

```

## APPENDIX B - EASE PROGRAM LISTING

```

E A S E
*****
SUBROUTINE EASE(DATADBL,DBLSIZE,DATAWRDR,KSIZE,DATAWRDI,ISIZE,
1 DATAHAF,HAFSIZE,DATABYT,BYTSIZE,LIST,SIZE)
THE PURPOSE OF THE EASE PROGRAM IS TO ALLOW INPUT AND OUTPUT OF
DATA VALUES. DATA MAY BE REFERENCED BY EITHER VARIABLE NAME OR
NUMBERED MEMORY LOCATION.

DATA IS COMMUNICATED IN THE FOLLOWING FASHION=

NAMED VARIABLES ARE ADDRESSED BY NAME, AND MEMORY LOCATIONS ARE
ADDRESSED BY A FULLWORD ADDRESS.

TO EXAMINE A DATA VALUE A QUESTION MARK SHOULD FOLLOW THE LOCATION
DESCRIPTION.

TO CHANGE THE VALUE OF THE SPECIFIED LOCATION AN EQUAL SIGN SHOULD
FOLLOW THE LOCATION DESCRIPTION.

INQUIRIES OF OR INPUTS TO MEMORY LOCATIONS THAT ARE INTEGER VALUES
SHOULD BE PRECEDED BY AN ASTERISK.
INQUIRIES OF OR INPUTS TO MEMORY LOCATIONS THAT ARE REAL VALUES MAY
BE LEFT UNPREFIXED.

IMBEDDED BLANKS ARE IGNORED IN ALL CASES.

TO RETURN TO THE MAIN PROGRAM AN EXCLAMATION MARK SHOULD BE TYPED.

HEX ADDRESSES BEGINNING WITH A LETTER (C.F. A72C) MUS BE PRECEDED
BY A ZERO (C.F. 0A72C)

THE FOLLOWING INPUT WILL CAUSE ALFA TO BE SET TO 30 DEGREES=
ALFA=30
THE FOLLOWING WILL CAUSE THE PROGRAM TO OUTPUT ZETA=
ZETA?
THE FOLLOWING WILL CAUSE THE PROGRAM TO OUIPUT ARE REAL VALUE FROM
LOCATION 12345
12345?
THE FOLLOWING WILL INPUT THE INTEGER VALUE OF 546 TO LOCATION 12345
*12345=456

THE DATA STORAGE ARRAYS ARE SET UP AS FOLLOWS
***** K=1
DATADBL(K)=REAL DOUBLEWORD ARRAY

```



```

*
*
***** K=KMAXDBL
*
* DATAWRDR(K)=REAL WORD ARRAY
*
*
***** K=KMAXREAL
*
* DATAWRDI(K)=INTEGER WORD ARRAY
*
*
***** K=KMAXWRD
*
* DATAHAF(K)=INTEGER HALFWORD ARRAY
*
*
***** K=KMAXHAF
*
* DATABYT(K)=INTEGER BYTE ARRAY
*
***** K=SIZE
*
*
* THE LIST SYMBOL ARRAY CONTAINS A DOUBLEWORD CHARACTER NAME FOR EACH
* VARIABLE IN THE DATA(K) ARRAY. THE VALUE OF K IN LIST(K) CORRESPOND
* TO THE VALUE OF K IN THE DATA(K) ARRAYS
*
*
* THE FOLLOWING VARIABLES MUST BE DIMENSIONED AS INDICATED TO INSURE
* PROPER OPERATION OF THE PROGRAM IN EACH CASE
* DATABYT(VALUE OF KMAXHAF,SIZE)
* DATAHAF(VALUE OF KMAXWRD,VALUE OF KMAXHAF)
* DATAWRDI(VALUE OF KMAXREAL,VALUE OF KMAXWRD)
* DATAWRDR(VALUE OF KMAXDBL,VALUE OF KMAXREAL)
* DATADBL(1,VALUE OF KMAXDBL)
* LIST(TOTAL NUMBER OF VARIABLES)
*
*
* ALSO, THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS MUST BE INITIALIZED IN A DATA
* STATEMENT
* SIZE=TOTAL NUMBER OF VARIABLES
* KMAXDBL=VALUE OF K AT END OF DOUBLEWORD ARRAY
* KMAXREAL=VALUE OF K AT END OF REAL WORD ARRAY
* KMAXWRD=VALUE OF K AT END OF INTEGER WORD ARRAY
* KMAXHAF=VALUE OF K AT END OF HALFWORD ARRAY
*
*
* BIT INTGR,LETTER,DECIMAL
* CHAR WORD(81),TEMP(8),NUMB(5),OUTBUF(25),NAMEIN(25)
* CHAR MSSG1(15),MSSG2(18),MSSG3(34),MSSG4(33),MSSG5(35),MSSG6(31)
* CHAR MSSG7(37),MSSG8(36),MSSG9(29),MSSG10(22)
* INTEGER*2 DBLSIZE,RSIZE,ISIZE,HAFSIZE,RYTSIZE,SIZE
* INTEGER*1 DATABYT(BYTSIZE)

```

```

INTEGER*2 DATAHAF(HAFSIZE)
INTEGER*4 DATAWRD1(ISIZE)
INTEGER*4 ADDR,BOXI
INTEGER*8 LIST(SIZE),INBUFI,SYMBOL
REAL*4 DATAWRDR(RSIZE),BOXR
REAL*8 DATAOBL(DBLSIZE),INBUFR
EQUIVALENCE (SYMBOL,TEMP(1)),(TEMP(1),NUMB(1)),(BOXR,BOXI)
DATA MSSG1/'WELCOME TO EASE'/
DATA MSSG2/'WRONG INPUT FORMAT'/
DATA MSSG3/'VARIABLE NAME EXCEEDS 8 CHARACTERS'/
DATA MSSG4/'NO SUCH SYMBOL IS DEFINED TO EASE'/
DATA MSSG5/'MEMORY ADDRESS MUST BE A HEX NUMBER'/
DATA MSSG6/'MEMORY ADDRESS EXCEEDS 5 DIGITS'/
DATA MSSG7/'MEMORY ADDRESS IS OUTSIDE CORE LIMITS'/
DATA MSSG8/'MEMORY DATA MUST BE A DECIMAL NUMBER'/
DATA MSSG9/'MEMORY DATA EXCEEDS 25 DIGITS'/
DATA MSSG10/'END OF EASE PROCESSING'/
KMAXDBL=DBLSIZE
KMAXREAL=DBLSIZE+RSIZE
KMAXWRD=DBLSIZE+KSIZE+ISIZE
KMAXHAF=DBLSIZE+RSIZE+ISIZE+HAFSIZE
CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW(MSSG1,15)
CALL CARRIAGE
10 CONTINUE
LETTER=INIGR=.FALSE.
CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELER(WORD,80)
L=2
*   TEST FOR BLANKS IN INPUT LINE
15 IF(WORD(L).NE.' ') GO TO 20
L=L+1
GO TO 15
20 IF(WORD(L).EQ.'!') GO TO 100
IF((WORD(L).LT.'A').OR.(WORD(L).GT.'Z')) GO TO 22
GO TO 200
22 IF(WORD(L).NE.'*') GO TO 24
INIGR=.TRUE.
23 L=L+1
IF(WORD(L).NE.' ') GO TO 24
GO TO 23
24 IF((WORD(L).LT.'0').OR.(WORD(L).GT.'9')) GO TO 30
GO TO 300
40 CONTINUE
IF(WORD(L).EQ.'?') GO TO 400
IF(WORD(L).EQ.'=') GO TO 500
GO TO 30
*
*
*   THE FOLLOWING SECTION CONTAINS ERROR MESSAGES
*
30 CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW(MSSG2,18)
GO TO 10
*
50 CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW(MSSG3,34)
GO TO 10
*

```

```

60 CALL CARRIAGE
   CALL M:TELEW(MSSG4,33)
   GO TO 10
*
70 CALL CARRIAGE
   CALL M:TELEW(MSSG5,35)
   GO TO 10
*
80 CALL CARRIAGE
   CALL M:TELEW(MSSG6,31)
   GO TO 10
*
90 CALL CARRIAGE
   CALL M:TELEW(MSSG7,37)
   GO TO 10
*
55 CALL CARRIAGE
   CALL M:TELEW(MSSG8,36)
   GO TO 10
*
65 CALL CARRIAGE
   CALL M:TELEW(MSSG9,29)
   GO TO 10
*
*
*
*   NAMED VARIABLE PROCESSING
200 CONTINUE
*   LETTER SIGNIFIES TO THE I/O SECTION THAT THE EFFECTIVE VARIABLE
*   ADDRESS IS DEFINED BY LOCATION IN THE VARIABLE TABLE.
   LETTER=.TRUE.
*   INITIALIZE TEMP TO BLANKS
   TEMP=' '
   J=1
210 TEMP(J)=WORD(L)
220 L=L+1
   IF(WORD(L).NE.' ') GO TO 230
   GO TO 220
230 IF((WORD(L).EQ.'?' ).OR.(WORD(L).EQ.'=')) GO TO 250
   J=J+1
   IF(J.EQ.9) GO TO 50
   GO TO 210
*   TEST FOR SYMBOL IN SYMBOL LIST AND FIND RELATIVE LOCATION IN DATA
*   ARRAYS
250 K=1
255 IF(SYMBOL.EQ.LIST(K)) GO TO 260
   K=K+1
   IF(K.GT.SIZE) GO TO 60
   GO TO 255
260 IF(K.GT.KMAXREAL) INTGR=.TRUE.
*   RETURN TO MAIN
   GO TO 40
*
*
*
*   NUMBERED ADDRESS PROCESSING
300 CONTINUE
*   FILL NUMB WITH BLANKS
   NUMB=' '

```

```

      J=1
310 NUMB(J)=WORD(L)
320 L=L+1
      IF(WORD(L).NE.' ') GO TO 330
      GO TO 320
330 IF((WORD(L).EQ.'?' ),OR.(WORD(L).EQ.'=')) GO TO 350
      IF((WORD(L).GE.'0').AND.(WORD(L).LE.'9')) GO TO 340
      IF((WORD(L).GE.'A').AND.(WORD(L).LE.'F')) GO TO 340
      GO TO 70
340 J=J+1
      IF(J.EQ.6) GO TO 80
      GO TO 310
*   NUMB MUST BE RIGHT JUSTIFIED FOR CONVERSION
350 IF(J.EQ.5) GO TO 357
      MOVE=5-J
      DO 355 N=1,MOVE
      NUMB(5)=NUMB(4)
      NUMB(4)=NUMB(3)
      NUMB(3)=NUMB(2)
      NUMB(2)=NUMB(1)
355 NUMB(1)= ' '
*   CONVERT ASCII INPUT TO HEX ADDRESS
357 DECODE(5,360,NUMB)ADDR
360 FORMAT(Z5)
*   TEST FOR EXISTENT MEMORY ADDRESS
      IF(ADDR.GT.5227FFC) GO TO 90
*   RETURN TO MAIN
      GO TO 40
*
*
*
*   CRT OUTPUT PROCESSING
*   TEST TO DETERMINE IF NUMBERED LOCATION OR NAMED VARIABLE OUTPUT IS
*   DESIRED
400 CONTINUE
      IF(LETTER) GO TO 450
*   RETIEVE VALUE FROM EFFECTIVE ADDRESS
      INLINE
          LW      7,*ADDR
          STW     7,BOXR
      ENDI
*   TEST FOR INTEGER OR REAL CONVERSION
      IF(INTGR) GO TO 410
      ENCODE(25,405,OUTBUF)BOXR
405 FORMAT(F25.10)
      GO TO 490
410 ENCODE(25,415,OUTBUF)BOXI
415 FORMAT(I25)
      GO TO 490
450 IF(INTGR) GO TO 470
*   TEST TO DETERMINE WHICH ARRAY TYPE IS TO BE ACCESSED, AND PROCESS
*   ACCORDINGLY
      IF(K.GT.KMAXDBL) GO TO 460
      ENCODE(25,405,OUTBUF)DATADBL(K)
      GO TO 490
460 ENCODE(25,405,OUTBUF)DATAWRDR(K-KMAXDBL)
      GO TO 490
470 IF(K.GT.KMAXHAF) GO TO 485
      IF(K.GT.KMAXWRU) GO TO 480

```



```

        ENCODE(25,415,OUTBUF)DATAWRDI(K-KMAXREAL)
        GO TO 490
480  ENCODE(25,415,OUTBUF)DATAHAF(K-KMAXWRD)
        GO TO 490
485  ENCODE(25,415,OUTBUF)DATAHAF(K-KMAXHAF)
*   OUTPUT ANSWER
490  CALL CARRIAGE
        CALL M:TELEW(OUTBUF,25)
*   RETURN TO MAIN
        GO TO 10
*
*
*
*   CRT INPUT PROCESSING
*   FINISH INPUT OF DESIRED VALUE AND STORE
500  CONTINUE
        DECIMAL=.FALSE.
        J=1
        NAMEIN=' '
510  L=L+1
*   TEST FOR BLANKS
        IF(WORD(L).EQ.' ') GO TO 510
*   TEST FOR CARRIAGE RETURN
        IF(WORD(L).EQ.2200) GO TO 520
*   TEST FOR VALID NUMBER
        IF((WORD(L).GE.'0').AND.(WORD(L).LE.'9')) GO TO 515
        IF(WORD(L).EQ.'-') GO TO 515
        IF(WORD(L).NE.'.') GO TO 55
        DECIMAL=.TRUE.
515  NAMEIN(J)=WORD(L)
        J=J+1
        IF(J.EQ.26) GO TO 65
        GO TO 510
*   NAMEIN NOW CONTAINS THE VALUE TO BE STORED IN ASCII
*   TEST FOR INTEGER OR REAL CONVERSION
520  IF(INTGR) GO TO 525
        IF(.NOT.DECIMAL) NAMEIN(J)='.'
        DECODE(25,405,NAMEIN)INBUFR
        GO TO 530
525  IF(J.EQ.25) GO TO 529
*   NAMEIN MUST BE RIGHT JUSTIFIED FOR CONVERSION
        MOVE=26-J
        DO 527 I=1,MOVE
        DO 526 N=1,24
526  NAMEIN(26-N)=NAMEIN(25-N)
527  NAMEIN(1)=' '
529  DECODE(25,415,NAMEIN)INBUFI
*   INBUFR CONTAINS THE REAL DATA VALUE, AND INBUFI CONTAINS THE INTEGER
*   DATA VALUE
*   TEST WHETHER DATA IS FOR NAMED VARIABLE OR NUMBERED MEMORY LOCATION
530  IF(LETTER) GO TO 550
        IF(INIGH) GO TO 540
*   STORE REAL VALUE IN EFFECTIVE ADDRESS
        INLINE
            LW      7,INBUFR
            STW     7,*ADDR
        ENDI
        GO TO 599
*   STORE INTEGER VALUE IN EFFECTIVE ADDRESS

```

```

540 CONTINUE
    INLINE
        LW      7,INBUF1+1W
        STW     7,*ADDR
    ENDI
    GO TO 599
*   CHOOSE DATA TABLE IN WHICH VARIABLE IS TO BE STORED
550 IF(K.GT.KMAXHAF) GO TO 560
    IF(K.GT.KMAXWRD) GO TO 562
    IF(K.GT.KMAXREAL) GO TO 564
    IF(K.GT.KMAXDBL) GO TO 566
    DATAHAF(K)=INBUF1
    GO TO 570
560 DATAHAF(K-KMAXHAF)=INBUF1
    GO TO 570
562 DATAWRD(K-KMAXWRD)=INBUF1
    GO TO 570
564 DATAWRD(K-KMAXREAL)=INBUF1
    GO TO 570
566 DATAWRD(K-KMAXDBL)=INBUF1
*   THE FOLLOWING SECTION TEST FOR VALUES OF K THAT REQUIRE ADDITIONAL
*   CALCULATIONS FOR EACH CHANGE IN VALUE
570 CONTINUE
*
*
*   INSERT ADDED CALCULATIONS HERE *****
*****
*****
*   RETURN TO MAIN
599 GO TO 10
*
*
100 CALL CARRIAGE
    CALL M:TELEW(MSSG10,22)
    RETURN
*
*   END OF EASE PROGRAM
    END

```

# APPENDIX C - FUNCTION GENERATION PACKAGE

```
PROGRAM DATASTOR
REAL DATA(1000)
INTEGER*8 NAME,NAMelist(45)
```

\*  
\* NOTE THAT OUTDATA MUST BE DIMENSIONED TO 'SIZE', OR THE TOTAL  
\* NUMBER OF WORDS IN ALL DATA ARRAYS.  
\* REAL\*4 OUTDATA(5243)

\*  
\* INTEGER\*4 LENGTH,NUMBER,DIFF,ADDRESS,SIZE,PIT,STAT

```
REAL*4      CCOT(63)
REAL*4      DCCET(378)
REAL*4      CCDBF1T(63)
REAL*4      CCDBF2T(63)
REAL*4      CCDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CCDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CLBTABL(252)
REAL*4      CLBDE1T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDE2T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CLBDSB3T(63)
REAL*4      CLDAT(378)
REAL*4      CLDRT(252)
REAL*4      CLPT(63)
REAL*4      CLRT(63)
REAL*4      CMOT(63)
REAL*4      DCMET(378)
REAL*4      CMDBF1T(63)
REAL*4      CMDBF2T(63)
REAL*4      CMDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CMDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CMQT(252)
REAL*4      CNBTABL(252)
REAL*4      CNBDE1T(63)
REAL*4      CNBDE2T(63)
REAL*4      CNBDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CNBDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CNBDSB3T(63)
REAL*4      CNDAT(378)
REAL*4      CNDRT(252)
REAL*4      CNDRBT(63)
REAL*4      CNPT(63)
REAL*4      CNRT(63)
REAL*4      CNOT(63)
REAL*4      CNDET(63)
REAL*4      CNDBF1T(63)
REAL*4      CNDBF2T(63)
REAL*4      CNDSB1T(63)
REAL*4      CNDSB2T(63)
REAL*4      CYBT(63)
REAL*4      CYDAT(378)
REAL*4      CYDRT(63)
REAL*4      CYDRSB1T(7)
REAL*4      CYDRSB2T(7)
```

CHAR BUFFER(81),COMMENTS(65),MSSG(80), TEST  
CHAR MSSG1(45),MSSG2(44),MSSG3(64)  
EQUIVALENCE (BUFFER(2), MSSG(1), TEST)  
EQUIVALENCE

\* (OUTDATA(1),CCOT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(64),DCCET(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(442),CCDBF1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(505),CCDBF2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(568),CCDSB1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(631),CCDSB2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(694),CLBTABL(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(946),CLBDE1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1009),CLBDE2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1072),CLBDSB1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1135),CLBDSB2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1198),CLBDSB3T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1261),CLDAT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1639),CLDRT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1891),CLPT (1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(1954),CLRT (1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2017),CMOT (1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2080),OCMET(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2458),CMDDBF1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2521),CMDDBF2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2584),CMDDB1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2647),CMDDB2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2710),CMQT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(2962),CNBTABL(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(3214),CNBDE1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(3277),CNBDE2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(3340),CNBDSB1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(3403),CNBDSB2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(3466),CNBDSB3T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(3529),CNDAT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(3907),CNDRT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4159),CNDRBT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4222),CNPT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4285),CNRT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4348),CNOT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4411),CNDET(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4474),CNDDBF1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4537),CNDDBF2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4600),CNDDB1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4663),CNDDB2T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4726),CYBT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(4789),CYDAT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(5167),CYDRT(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(5230),CYDRSB1T(1))  
\*,(OUTDATA(5237),CYDRSB2T(1))



```

DATA MSSG1/'IF HEADER CARD CORRECT TYPE C, IF NOT TYPE A?'/
DATA MSSG2 /'PLEASE INPUT CORRECT HEADER CARD INFORMATION'/
DATA MSSG3/'NAME WAS NOT FOUND IN NAMELIST PLEASE ENTER CORRECT IN
FORMATION.'/
DATA SIZE/5243/
DATA NUMBER/45/

```

★

```

DATA NAMELIST/
★ 'CCO'
★ , 'CCE'
★ , 'CCDBF1'
★ , 'CCDBF2'
★ , 'CCDSB1'
★ , 'CCDSB2'
★ , 'CLB'
★ , 'CLBDE1'
★ , 'CLBDE2'
★ , 'CLBDSB1'
★ , 'CLBDSB2'
★ , 'CLBDSB3'
★ , 'CLDA'
★ , 'CLDR'
★ , 'CLP'
★ , 'CLR'
★ , 'CMO'
★ , 'CME'
★ , 'CMDBF1'
★ , 'CMDBF2'
★ , 'CMDSB1'
★ , 'CMDSB2'
★ , 'CMQ'
★ , 'CNB'
★ , 'CNBDE1'
★ , 'CNBDE2'
★ , 'CNBDSB1'
★ , 'CNBDSB2'
★ , 'CNBDSB3'
★ , 'CNDA'
★ , 'CNDR'
★ , 'CNDRB'
★ , 'CNP'
★ , 'CNR'
★ , 'CNO'
★ , 'CNDE'
★ , 'CNDBF1'
★ , 'CNDBF2'
★ , 'CNDSB1'
★ , 'CNDSB2'
★ , 'CYB'
★ , 'CYDA'
★ , 'CYDR'
★ , 'CYDRDSB1'
★ , 'CYDRDSB2'/
10 DATA = 0.0
   READ (4,20,END=150) NAME, LENGTH, COMMENTS
20 FORMAT (A8,1X,I6,65A1)
30 ENCODE (80,20,MSSG) NAME, LENGTH,COMMENTS
   IF (TEST,EQ,'C') GO TO 50

```

★ THIS SECTION OUTPUTS THE HEADER CARD TO THE CRT

★

```

CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW (MSSG,80)
CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW (MSSG1,45)
CALL M:TELER(BUFFER,80)
IF (TEST.EQ.'!') GO TO 150
IF (TEST.EQ.'C') GO TO 50
CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW (MSSG2,44)
40 CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW (MSSG, 80)
CALL M:TELEW (MSSG, 80)
CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELER (BUFFER,81)
DECODE(80,20,MSSG) NAME, LENGTH, COMMENTS
GO TO 30

```

★

★ SEARCH EASE TABLE OF DERIVATIVE NAMES FOR NAME AND RETURN POSITION

★

```

50 J=0
51 J=J+1
IF (NAME.EQ.NAMELIST(J)) GO TO 55
IF (J.LT.NUMBER) GO TO 51
CALL CARRIAGE
CALL M:TELEW (MSSG3,64)
GO TO 40
55 CONTINUE
INLINE
  LW      3,J
  SLA     3,2
  LW      7,200-4,3
  STW     7,ADDRESS
ENDI

```

★

★ THIS SECTION READS THE DATA CARDS UNTIL THE NUMBER OF POINTS READ=LENGT

★

```

59 READ (4,60) ( DATA(I),I=1,LENGTH)
60 FORMAT (8F10.6)

```

★

```

DO 160 I=1,LENGTH
DATAW = DATA(I)
INLINE
  LW      3,I
  SLA     3,2
  ADMW    3,ADDRESS
  LW      7,DATAW
  STW     7,-4,3
ENDI
160 CONTINUE
GO TO 10
150 CALL CARRIAGE

```

```

      I=1
      PIT=1152
180  CALL BUFFEROUT(5,1,OUTDATA(I),PIT)
185  CALL STATUS(5,STAT)
      IF(STAT.NE.2) GO TO 185
      I=I+1152
      IF(I.GT.SIZE) GO TO 186
      IF(I+1152.GT.SIZE) PIT=SIZE+1-I
      GO TO 180
186  CONTINUE
      STOP
      INLINE
)200  ACW      CCOT
      ACW      DCCET
      ACW      CCDBF1T
      ACW      CCDBF2T
      ACW      CCDSB1T
      ACW      CCDSB2T
      ACW      CLBTABL
      ACW      CLBDE1T
      ACW      CLBDE2T
      ACW      CLBDSB1T
      ACW      CLBDSB2T
      ACW      CLBDSB3T
      ACW      CLDAT
      ACW      CLDRT
      ACW      CLPT
      ACW      CLRT
      ACW      CMOT
      ACW      DCMET
      ACW      CMDBF1T
      ACW      CMDBF2T
      ACW      CMDSB1T
      ACW      CMDSB2T
      ACW      CMQT
      ACW      CNBTABL
      ACW      CNBDE1T
      ACW      CNBDE2T
      ACW      CNBDSB1T
      ACW      CNBDSB2T
      ACW      CNBDSB3T
      ACW      CNDAT
      ACW      CNDRT
      ACW      CNDRBT
      ACW      CNPT
      ACW      CNRT
      ACW      CNOT
      ACW      CNDET
      ACW      CNDBF1T
      ACW      CNDBF2T
      ACW      CNDSB1T
      ACW      CNDSB2T
      ACW      CYBT
      ACW      CYDAT
      ACW      CYDRT
      ACW      CYDRSB1T
      ACW      CYDRSB2T
      ENDI
      END

```

```

*****
*
*               D E R I V E   F U N C T I O N S
*
*****

```

```

FUNCTION DERIVE1 (ARRAY, I, ARGPNT1, ARFRAC1)
  INTEGER*2 ARGPNT1, I
  DIMENSION ARRAY(I)
  DERIVE1=(ARRAY(ARGPNT1+1)-ARRAY(ARGPNT1))*ARFRAC1+ARRAY(ARGPNT1)
  RETURN
END

```

```

*
*****
*

```

```

FUNCTION DERIVE2 (ARRAY2, I, J, ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARFRAC1, ARFRAC2)
  DIMENSION ARRAY2(I, J)
  INTEGER*2 ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2
  TEMP3=(ARRAY2(ARGPNT1+1, ARGPNT2+1)-ARRAY2(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2+1))*ARFRAC1+ARRAY2(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2+1)
  TEMP2=(ARRAY2(ARGPNT1+1, ARGPNT2)-ARRAY2(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2))*ARFRAC1+ARRAY2(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2)
  DERIVE2=(TEMP3-TEMP2)*ARFRAC2+TEMP2
  RETURN
END

```

```

*
*****
*

```

```

FUNCTION DERIVE3 (ARRAY3, I, J, K, ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3, ARFRAC1,
  ARFRAC2, ARFRAC3)
  DIMENSION ARRAY3(I, J, K)
  INTEGER*2 ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3
  TEMP7=(ARRAY3(ARGPNT1+1, ARGPNT2+1, ARGPNT3+1)-ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2+1, ARGPNT3+1))*ARFRAC1+ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2+1, ARGPNT3+1)
  TEMP6=(ARRAY3(ARGPNT1+1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3+1)-ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3+1))*ARFRAC1+ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3+1)
  TEMP5=(ARRAY3(ARGPNT1+1, ARGPNT2+1, ARGPNT3)-ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2+1, ARGPNT3))*ARFRAC1+ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2+1, ARGPNT3)
  TEMP4=(ARRAY3(ARGPNT1+1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3)-ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3))*ARFRAC1+ARRAY3(ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3)
  TEMP3=(TEMP7-TEMP6)*ARFRAC2+TEMP6
  TEMP2=(TEMP5-TEMP4)*ARFRAC2+TEMP4
  DERIVE3=(TEMP3-TEMP2)*ARFRAC3+TEMP2
  RETURN
END

```

```

*
*****
*

```

```

FUNCTION DERIVE4 (ARRAY4, I, J, K, L, ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3, ARGPNT4,
  ARFRAC1, ARFRAC2, ARFRAC3, ARFRAC4)
  DIMENSION ARRAY4(I, J, K, L)
  INTEGER*2 ARGPNT1, ARGPNT2, ARGPNT3, ARGPNT4

```

```

*   DERIVE4 IS THE VALUE RETURNED TO THE MAIN PROGRAM.
*   ARRAY4 IS A FOUR DIMENSIONAL DUMMY ARRAY CONTAINING FUNCTION DATA U
*   I IS AN INTEGER VALUE REPRESENTING THE SIZE OF THE FIRST DIMENSION OF
*   J IS AN INTEGER VALUE REPRESENTING THE SIZE OF THE SECOND DIMENSION OF
*   K IS AN INTEGER VALUE REPRESENTING THE SIZE OF THE THIRD DIMENSION OF
*   L IS AN INTEGER VALUE REPRESENTING THE SIZE OF THE FOURTH DIMENSION OF

```



```

      TEMP15=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4+1)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4+1))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4+1)
      TEMP14=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4+1)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4+1))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4+1)
      TEMP13=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4+1)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4+1))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4+1)
      TEMP12=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4+1)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4+1))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4+1)
      TEMP11=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4)
      TEMP10=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3+1,ARGPNT4)
      TEMP9=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2+1,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4)
      TEMP8=(ARRAY4(ARGPNT1+1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4)
*      -ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4))*ARFRAC1
*      +ARRAY4(ARGPNT1,ARGPNT2,ARGPNT3,ARGPNT4)
      TEMP7=(TEMP15-TEMP14)*ARFRAC2+TEMP14
      TEMP6=(TEMP13-TEMP12)*ARFRAC2+TEMP12
      TEMP5=(TEMP11-TEMP10)*ARFRAC2+TEMP10
      TEMP4=(TEMP9-TEMP8)*ARFRAC2+TEMP8
      TEMP3=(TEMP7-TEMP6)*ARFRAC3+TEMP6
      TEMP2=(TEMP5-TEMP4)*ARFRAC3+TEMP4
      DERIVE4=(TEMP3-TEMP2)*ARFRAC4+TEMP2
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*****
*
*           S U B P R O G R A M   D E F I N I T I O N S
*
*****
*THE FOLLOWING ARE THE FUNCTION TYPE SUBPROGRAM DEFINITIONS
      REAL FUNCTION PDOTT(A,B,C)
*NOTE THAT A,B,AND C REPRESENT P,Q,AND R RESPECTIVELY
      IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-Z)
      COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)
      EQUIVALENCE (DATAWRDR(57),IXMY)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(60),IXY)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(61),IXZ)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(62),IYMZ)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(63),IYOUY)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(65),IZMX)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(66),IZOZ)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(68),IFUNC)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(81),LBODY)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(87),MBODY)
*      ,(DATAWRDR(88),NBODY)
      PDOTT=IFUNC*((LBODY-IXY*A*C+IXZ*A*B+IYMZ*B*C)
1 +IYOUY*(MBODY+IXY*B*C-IXZ*(A**2-C**2)+IZMX*A*C)
1 +IZOZ*(NBODY-IXY*(B**2-A**2)-IXZ*B*C+IXMY*A*B))
      RETURN
      END

```

```

*
  REAL FUNCTION QDOTT(A,B,C,D)
*A,B,C,D REPRESENT P,Q,R,PDOT RESPECTIVELY
  IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-Z)
  COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)
  EQUIVALENCE (DATAWRDR(60),IXY)
*,(DATAWRDR(61),IXZ)
*,(DATAWRDR(64),IYY)
*,(DATAWRDR(65),IZMX)
*,(DATAWRDR(87),MBOYD)
  QDOTT=(1/IYY)*(MBOYD+IXY*(B*C+D)-IXZ*(A**2-C**2)+IZMX*A*C)
  RETURN
  END

*
  REAL FUNCTION RDOTT(A,B,C,D)
*A,B,C,D REPRESENT P,Q,R,PDOT RESPECTIVELY
  IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-Z)
  COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)
  EQUIVALENCE (DATAWRDR(57),IXMY)
*,(DATAWRDR(60),IXY)
*,(DATAWRDR(61),IXZ)
*,(DATAWRDR(67),IZZ)
*,(DATAWRDR(88),NBOYD)
  RDOTT=(1/IZZ)*(NBOYD-IXY*(B**2-A**2)-IXZ*(B*C-D)+IXMY*A*B)
  RETURN
  END

*
  REAL FUNCTION THETDOTT(A)
*A REPRESENTS PHI
  IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-Z)
  COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)
  EQUIVALENCE (DATAWRDR(106),QBODY),(DATAWRDR(114),RBOYD)
  THETDOTT=QBODY*COS(A)-RBOYD*SIN(A)
  RETURN
  END

*
  REAL FUNCTION PHIDOTT(A,B,C)
*A,B,C REPRESENT PHI,THETA,PSIDOT RESPECTIVELY
  IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-Z)
  COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)
  EQUIVALENCE (DATAWRDR(100),PBOYD)
  PHIDOTT=PBOYD+C*SIN(B)
  RETURN
  END

*
  REAL FUNCTION PSIDOTT(A,B)
*A,B REPRESENT PHI,THETA RESPECTIVELY
  IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-Z)
  COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)
  EQUIVALENCE (DATAWRDR(106),QBODY),(DATAWRDR(114),RBOYD)
  PSIDOTT=(RBOYD*COS(A)+QBODY*SIN(A))/COS(B)
  RETURN
  END

*
  REAL FUNCTION SPEED(A)
*A REPRESENTS AN UNNAMED FUNCTION/VARIABLE
  IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-Z)
  IF(A,GE,1) GO TO 10
  STUKE=1+A**2/4+A**4/40+A**6/1600

```

```

      GO TO 20
10  STORE=1.839-.772/A**2+.164/A**4+.035/A**6
20  SPEED=SQRT(STORE)
      RETURN

```

★

END

\*\*\*\*\*

★

★

# P O I N T F U N C T I O N

★

\*\*\*\*\*

SUBROUTINE POINTF(ARGVALUE,ARGLNTH,ARGPNT,ARFRAC,ARGLIST)

★

THIS IS THE FLOATING POINT VERSION OF POINT

C

C

C

C

C

C

C

C

C

C

C

INTEGER\*2 ARGLNTH,ARGPNT

REAL ARGVALUE,ARGLIST(ARGLNTH)

2 IF (ARGPNT.LT.1) GOTO 150

4 IF (ARGPNT.GT.ARGLNTH) ARGPNT=ARGLNTH

10 IF (ARGVALUE-ARGLIST(ARGPNT)) 70,130,20

20 ITEMP=ARGPNT+1

30 IF (ITEMP.GT.ARGLNTH) GO TO 130

40 IF (ARGVALUE-ARGLIST(ITEMP)) 100,120,50

50 ARGPNT=ITEMP

60 GO TO 20

70 IF (ARGPNT-1) 150,130,80

80 ARGPNT=ARGPNT-1

90 GO TO 10

100 ARFRAC=(ARGVALUE-ARGLIST(ARGPNT))/(ARGLIST(ITEMP)-ARGLIST(ARGPNT))

110 GO TO 140

120 ARGPNT=ITEMP

130 ARFRAC=0

132 IF (ARGPNT.LT.ARGLNTH) GOTO 140

135 ARGPNT=ARGLNTH-1

137 ARFRAC=1.0

140 RETURN

150 ARGPNT=1

160 GO TO 10

END

# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #

NOTE: Pages 136 to 148 inclusive contain all the aerodynamic coefficients used within this program.





-.00064	-.00077	-.00090	-.00095	-.00100	-.00105	-.00128	-.00188
-.00240	-.00034	-.00045	-.00055	-.00065	-.00075	-.00092	-.00109
-.00162	-.00209	-.00017	-.00022	-.00026	-.00039	-.00051	-.00073
-.00094	-.00138	-.00186	-.00013	-.00019	-.00025	-.00034	-.00042
-.00063	-.00084	-.00132	-.00179	-.00009	-.00015	-.00021	-.00029
-.00036	-.00057	-.00077	-.00128	-.00179	-.00009	-.00013	-.00017
-.00026	-.00034	-.00056	-.00077	-.00128	-.00179	-.00009	-.00013
-.00017	-.00026	-.00034	-.00056	-.00077	-.00128	-.00179	
CMDBF2	63						
-.00150	-.00167	-.00183	-.00200	-.00217	-.00234	-.00297	-.00387
-.00400	-.00109	-.00123	-.00136	-.00161	-.00186	-.00225	-.00263
-.00362	-.00375	-.00057	-.00076	-.00095	-.00128	-.00160	-.00204
-.00247	-.00327	-.00339	-.00025	-.00048	-.00070	-.00110	-.00150
-.00194	-.00237	-.00310	-.00324	-.00007	-.00033	-.00059	-.00101
-.00143	-.00188	-.00232	-.00304	-.00325	.00000	-.00023	-.00046
-.00086	-.00126	-.00180	-.00234	-.00303	-.00347	.00000	-.00023
-.00045	-.00083	-.00121	-.00177	-.00233	-.00304	-.00353	
CMDSB1	63						
.00090	.00084	.00078	.00070	.00067	.00058	.00049	.00040
.00041	.00073	.00066	.00058	.00053	.00046	.00041	.00034
.00027	.00020	.00050	.00044	.00038	.00033	.00028	.00022
.00016	.00010	.00004	.00029	.00026	.00022	.00018	.00014
.00011	.00007	.00002	.00000	.00024	.00021	.00017	.00013
.00008	.00008	.00007	.00000	.00000	.00015	.00012	.00008
.00005	.00002	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00015	.00012
.00008	.00005	.00002	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00000	
CMDSB2	63						
.00104	.00100	.00091	.00087	.00082	.00080	.00078	.00076
.00074	.00102	.00095	.00086	.00078	.00074	.00066	.00064
.00062	.00060	.00076	.00069	.00062	.00057	.00051	.00046
.00041	.00026	.00011	.00055	.00050	.00044	.00041	.00038
.00034	.00030	.00020	.00010	.00034	.00029	.00023	.00018
.00012	.00009	.00006	.00000	.00000	.00034	.00028	.00021
.00016	.00010	.00006	.00002	.00000	.00000	.00034	.00028
.00021	.00016	.00010	.00006	.00002	.00000	.00000	
CMQ	252						
-2.70	-2.52	-1.60	-0.08	-0.27	-3.66	-2.91	-0.66
-0.66	-2.00	-1.82	-0.75	-0.88	-0.67	-3.06	-1.86
1.34	3.34	-1.58	-1.49	-1.05	-1.34	-1.31	-2.73
-1.83	-0.33	1.07	-1.40	-1.40	-1.43	-1.50	-1.80
-2.10	-2.10	-1.80	-1.50	-1.55	-1.55	-1.55	-1.60
-1.64	-2.00	-2.90	-2.90	-2.00	-0.60	-1.00	-1.70
-2.40	-2.60	-2.30	-1.90	-1.40	-1.00	-0.60	-1.00
-1.70	-2.40	-2.60	-2.30	-1.90	-1.40	-1.00	-3.00
-3.00	-3.00	-1.00	-2.25	-3.00	-2.25	0.00	0.00
-2.30	-2.30	-2.15	-1.80	-2.65	-2.40	-1.20	2.00
4.00	-1.73	-1.73	-1.75	-1.80	-2.30	-2.40	-1.50
0.00	1.40	-1.40	-1.40	-1.43	-1.50	-1.80	-2.10
-2.10	-1.80	-1.50	-1.55	-1.55	-1.55	-1.60	-1.64
-2.00	-2.90	-2.90	-2.00	-0.60	-1.00	-1.70	-2.40
-2.60	-2.30	-1.90	-1.40	-1.00	-0.60	-1.00	-1.70
-2.40	-2.60	-2.30	-1.90	-1.40	-1.00	-3.36	-3.58
-4.70	-2.12	-4.65	-2.20	-1.45	0.80	0.80	-2.66
-2.88	-3.85	-2.92	-5.05	-1.60	-0.40	2.80	4.80
-1.91	-2.02	-2.60	-2.36	-3.50	-2.00	-1.10	0.40
1.80	-1.40	-1.40	-1.43	-1.50	-1.80	-2.10	-2.10
-1.80	-1.50	-1.55	-1.55	-1.55	-1.60	-1.64	-2.00
-2.90	-2.90	-2.00	-0.60	-1.00	-1.70	-2.40	-2.60
-2.30	-1.90	-1.40	-1.00	-0.60	-1.00	-1.70	-2.40

-2.60	-2.30	-1.90	-1.40	-1.00	-3.75	-4.20	-6.52
-3.32	-7.22	-1.34	-0.59	1.66	1.66	-3.05	-3.50
-5.67	-4.12	-7.62	-0.74	0.46	3.66	5.66	-2.11
-2.33	-3.51	-2.96	-4.78	-1.57	-0.67	0.83	2.23
-1.40	-1.40	-1.43	-1.50	-1.80	-2.10	-2.10	-1.80
-1.50	-1.55	-1.55	-1.55	-1.60	-1.64	-2.00	-2.90
-2.90	-2.00	-0.60	-1.00	-1.70	-2.40	-2.60	-2.30
-1.90	-1.40	-1.00	-0.60	-1.00	-1.70	-2.40	-2.60
-2.30	-1.90	-1.40	-1.00				
CNO	63						
.0351	.2100	.4520	.6948	.9362	1.1500	1.3630	1.7880
2.2120	-.0475	.1535	.3475	.5500	.7578	.9690	1.2010
1.6660	2.1300	-.0472	.0761	.2280	.3879	.5730	.7610
.9710	1.4220	1.8730	-.0640	.0520	.1815	.3318	.5040
.6950	.9080	1.3450	1.7820	-.0625	.0360	.1535	.2958
.4690	.6520	.8580	1.3030	1.7600	-.0568	.0240	.1190
.2518	.4199	.6000	.8000	1.2350	1.7080	-.0568	.0240
.1130	.2429	.4079	.5910	.7920	1.2240	1.6900	
CNDE	63						
.0061	.0061	.0060	.0055	.0050	.0050	.0050	.0050
.0050	.0040	.0040	.0040	.0040	.0040	.0040	.0040
.0040	.0040	.0022	.0023	.0022	.0021	.0020	.0025
.0030	.0040	.0050	.0018	.0018	.0015	.0014	.0013
.0020	.0025	.0035	.0048	.0015	.0016	.0015	.0014
.0015	.0019	.0023	.0035	.0048	.0009	.0013	.0015
.0015	.0018	.0022	.0023	.0035	.0048	.0009	.0013
.0015	.0015	.0018	.0022	.0023	.0035	.0048	
CNDBF1	63						
.00068	.00077	.00085	.00091	.00097	.00111	.00132	.00188
.00308	.00030	.00037	.00044	.00056	.00068	.00090	.00115
.00167	.00299	.00017	.00025	.00032	.00044	.00056	.00080
.00103	.00158	.00282	.00013	.00020	.00027	.00040	.00052
.00074	.00096	.00158	.00267	.00009	.00016	.00023	.00037
.00051	.00069	.00087	.00158	.00256	.00008	.00013	.00017
.00034	.00050	.00067	.00083	.00158	.00248	.00008	.00013
.00017	.00031	.00045	.00064	.00083	.00158	.00248	
CNDBF2	63						
.00147	.00162	.00176	.00195	.00214	.00250	.00271	.00372
.00405	.00105	.00119	.00133	.00156	.00179	.00209	.00248
.00348	.00379	.00052	.00071	.00090	.00119	.00147	.00191
.00235	.00316	.00364	.00024	.00047	.00070	.00102	.00133
.00182	.00230	.00298	.00365	.00006	.00032	.00058	.00091
.00124	.00173	.00222	.00290	.00361	.00000	.00023	.00045
.00082	.00118	.00165	.00212	.00284	.00341	.00000	.00023
.00045	.00082	.00118	.00165	.00212	.00284	.00333	
CNDSB1	63						
-.00044	-.00036	-.00028	-.00018	-.00011	-.00007	-.00003	.00000
.00000	-.00033	-.00024	-.00016	-.00012	-.00004	-.00003	-.00003
.00000	.00000	-.00017	-.00012	-.00007	-.00005	-.00003	.00000
.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00010	-.00008	-.00005	-.00004	-.00003
.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00008	-.00007	-.00005	-.00004
-.00003	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00006	-.00005	-.00003
-.00001	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00006	-.00005
-.00003	-.00001	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	
CNDSB2	63						
-.00074	-.00064	-.00052	-.00041	-.00030	-.00022	-.00014	.00002
.00002	-.00056	-.00046	-.00036	-.00028	-.00024	-.00014	-.00008
.00004	.00004	-.00040	-.00034	-.00028	-.00020	-.00012	-.00008
-.00003	.00007	.00007	-.00035	-.00029	-.00022	-.00016	-.00009





.006	.011	.016	.024	.034	.048	.057	.070
.113	.006	.011	.016	.024	.034	.048	.057
.070	.113						
CCDBF1	63						
-.00024	-.00020	-.00015	-.00005	.00004	.00013	.00017	.00024
.00038	-.00009	-.00006	-.00003	.00003	.00009	.00015	.00021
.00028	.00042	.00000	.00003	.00007	.00009	.00010	.00012
.00013	.00019	.00032	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00005
.00008	.00010	.00016	.00026	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000
.00000	.00003	.00005	.00012	.00022	.00000	.00000	.00000
.00000	.00000	.00002	.00004	.00009	.00017	.00000	.00000
.00000	.00000	.00000	.00002	.00004	.00009	.00017	
CCDBF2	63						
.00048	.00055	.00061	.00071	.00080	.00090	.00103	.00129
.00144	.00028	.00035	.00041	.00048	.00054	.00064	.00076
.00100	.00121	.00010	.00018	.00026	.00033	.00040	.00057
.00073	.00102	.00125	.00003	.00013	.00022	.00029	.00036
.00053	.00069	.00102	.00130	.00000	.00010	.00020	.00027
.00034	.00050	.00066	.00104	.00134	.00000	.00009	.00018
.00024	.00030	.00046	.00061	.00100	.00136	.00000	.00009
.00017	.00023	.00029	.00045	.00061	.00099	.00134	
CCDSB1	63						
.00075	.00070	.00066	.00054	.00048	.00039	.00026	.00009
.00000	.00042	.00042	.00042	.00040	.00036	.00033	.00029
.00021	.00014	.00031	.00030	.00028	.00026	.00023	.00019
.00014	.00007	.00001	.00024	.00021	.00018	.00014	.00011
.00009	.00007	.00001	.00000	.00016	.00012	.00009	.00007
.00004	.00003	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00011	.00010	.00008
.00006	.00003	.00002	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00011	.00010
.00008	.00006	.00003	.00002	.00000	.00000	.00000	
CCDSB2	63						
.00072	.00071	.00067	.00066	.00058	.00052	.00044	.00029
.00004	.00062	.00061	.00062	.00054	.00047	.00042	.00034
.00021	.00008	.00048	.00046	.00043	.00039	.00036	.00032
.00027	.00016	.00003	.00040	.00038	.00035	.00029	.00024
.00018	.00012	.00007	.00000	.00035	.00032	.00028	.00023
.00017	.00011	.00006	.00000	.00000	.00027	.00021	.00016
.00011	.00006	.00005	.00005	.00000	.00000	.00027	.00021
.00016	.00011	.00006	.00005	.00005	.00000	.00000	
CLB	252						
-.00141	-.00157	-.00161	-.00147	-.00140	-.00123	-.00117	-.00103
-.00092	-.00115	-.00117	-.00136	-.00140	-.00130	-.00101	-.00108
-.00095	-.00079	-.00074	-.00094	-.00104	-.00120	-.00126	-.00119
-.00132	-.00312	-.00342	-.00047	-.00081	-.00104	-.00125	-.00129
-.00118	-.00161	-.00296	-.00331	-.00032	-.00082	-.00109	-.00130
-.00136	-.00143	-.00170	-.00267	-.00310	-.00029	-.00053	-.00087
-.00106	-.00120	-.00145	-.00190	-.00254	-.00300	-.00029	-.00053
-.00087	-.00106	-.00120	-.00145	-.00190	-.00254	-.00300	-.00141
-.00157	-.00161	-.00147	-.00140	-.00123	-.00117	-.00103	-.00092
-.00115	-.00117	-.00136	-.00140	-.00130	-.00101	-.00108	-.00095
-.00079	-.00074	-.00094	-.00104	-.00120	-.00126	-.00119	-.00132
-.00312	-.00342	-.00047	-.00081	-.00104	-.00123	-.00129	-.00118
-.00161	-.00296	-.00331	-.00032	-.00082	-.00109	-.00130	-.00136
-.00143	-.00170	-.00267	-.00310	-.00029	-.00053	-.00087	-.00106
-.00120	-.00145	-.00190	-.00254	-.00300	-.00029	-.00053	-.00087
-.00106	-.00120	-.00145	-.00190	-.00254	-.00300	-.00135	-.00159
-.00160	-.00144	-.00135	-.00127	-.00117	-.00103	-.00092	-.00129
-.00121	-.00138	-.00142	-.00129	-.00100	-.00108	-.00095	-.00079
-.00086	-.00098	-.00120	-.00162	-.00168	-.00167	-.00180	-.00308



.00332	.00056	.00084	.00125	.00147	.00156	.00163	.00198
.00264	.00280	.00040	.00084	.00118	.00142	.00162	.00178
.00206	.00268	.00272	.00028	.00054	.00088	.00106	.00122
.00146	.00190	.00256	.00300	.00028	.00054	.00088	.00106
.00122	.00146	.00190	.00256	.00300	.00136	.00160	.00158
.00144	.00142	.00152	.00117	.00103	.00092	.00129	.00121
.00135	.00166	.00184	.00194	.00108	.00095	.00079	.00091
.00106	.00128	.00152	.00174	.00193	.00211	.00256	.00260
.00057	.00084	.00113	.00135	.00157	.00175	.00201	.00246
.00256	.00051	.00080	.00113	.00134	.00158	.00181	.00211
.00252	.00259	.00028	.00054	.00088	.00106	.00122	.00147
.00191	.00255	.00299	.00028	.00054	.00088	.00106	.00122
.00147	.00191	.00255	.00299				
CLBDE1	63						
.000011	.000006	.000016	.000006	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000
.000000	.000005	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010
.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000011
.000012	.000014	.000014	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000011	.000013
.000014	.000015	.000016	.000016	.000009	.000009	.000009	.000010
.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012
.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000008	.000008	.000012	.000012
.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000008	.000008	
CLBDE2	63						
.000010	.000010	.000000	.000016	.000047	.000047	.000047	.000047
.000047	.000010	.000006	.000006	.000010	.000017	.000025	.000025
.000025	.000025	.000011	.000011	.000011	.000010	.000009	.000017
.000025	.000041	.000041	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000010	.000011
.000012	.000013	.000015	.000015	.000011	.000011	.000011	.000012
.000013	.000012	.000012	.000011	.000011	.000010	.000010	.000010
.000010	.000010	.000007	.000005	.000000	.000000	.000010	.000010
.000010	.000010	.000010	.000007	.000005	.000000	.000000	
CLBDSB1	63						
.000023	.000024	.000025	.000024	.000023	.000022	.000021	.000020
.000019	.000024	.000025	.000026	.000025	.000024	.000023	.000022
.000021	.000020	.000014	.000009	.000003	.000001	.000004	.000007
.000010	.000013	.000016	.000013	.000008	.000003	.000000	.000002
.000003	.000005	.000006	.000008	.000013	.000008	.000005	.000000
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000013	.000008	.000003
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000013	.000008
.000003	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	
CLBDSB2	63						
.000003	.000003	.000003	.000004	.000005	.000005	.000005	.000005
.000005	.000005	.000005	.000005	.000004	.000003	.000004	.000005
.000005	.000005	.000009	.000009	.000009	.000006	.000004	.000003
.000003	.000003	.000003	.000007	.000007	.000008	.000005	.000003
.000002	.000001	.000001	.000001	.000006	.000006	.000007	.000004
.000001	.000001	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000006	.000004	.000003
.000001	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000006	.000004
.000003	.000001	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
CLBDSB3	63						
.000010	.000007	.000003	.000004	.000004	.000004	.000004	.000004
.000004	.000005	.000003	.000001	.000004	.000006	.000008	.000010
.000010	.000010	.000006	.000005	.000004	.000009	.000014	.000012
.000011	.000011	.000011	.000002	.000001	.000001	.000004	.000008
.000007	.000005	.000005	.000005	.000003	.000003	.000003	.000000
.000003	.000001	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000002	.000002	.000003
.000001	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000002	.000002
.000003	.000001	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
CLDA	378						

.00090	.00082	.00072	.00072	.00060	.00060	.00060	.00060
.00060	.00068	.00060	.00056	.00056	.00056	.00049	.00060
.00071	.00071	.00013	.00013	.00013	.00016	.00020	.00021
.00023	.00022	.00029	-.00003	-.00003	-.00003	-.00003	-.00003
.00002	.00008	.00000	.00006	-.00002	-.00002	-.00002	-.00002
-.00002	-.00002	-.00003	.00003	.00026	-.00004	-.00004	-.00004
-.00004	-.00004	-.00004	-.00004	.00004	.00027	-.00002	-.00002
-.00002	-.00002	-.00002	-.00001	.00000	.00007	.00027	.00134
.00115	.00105	.00105	.00093	.00093	.00093	.00093	.00093
.00095	.00081	.00075	.00073	.00075	.00072	.00081	.00090
.00090	.00040	.00040	.00040	.00043	.00047	.00051	.00055
.00043	.00051	.00026	.00024	.00022	.00026	.00030	.00036
.00043	.00062	.00080	.00022	.00022	.00022	.00022	.00022
.00028	.00035	.00056	.00086	.00021	.00021	.00021	.00021
.00021	.00028	.00036	.00059	.00085	.00020	.00020	.00020
.00020	.00020	.00027	.00035	.00057	.00084	.00151	.00144
.00137	.00137	.00139	.00139	.00139	.00139	.00139	.00100
.00100	.00095	.00090	.00095	.00105	.00110	.00115	.00115
.00052	.00053	.00055	.00061	.00068	.00076	.00084	.00112
.00135	.00042	.00038	.00035	.00043	.00052	.00065	.00079
.00110	.00140	.00040	.00037	.00034	.00039	.00045	.00060
.00076	.00110	.00132	.00043	.00039	.00035	.00039	.00043
.00058	.00073	.00108	.00132	.00041	.00037	.00033	.00037
.00041	.00058	.00076	.00108	.00130	.00101	.00101	.00101
.00101	.00127	.00127	.00127	.00127	.00127	.00096	.00096
.00100	.00110	.00127	.00142	.00156	.00170	.00170	.00044
.00053	.00062	.00076	.00091	.00108	.00124	.00167	.00200
.00025	.00035	.00046	.00062	.00078	.00101	.00124	.00163
.00195	.00024	.00033	.00042	.00059	.00076	.00100	.00124
.00166	.00189	.00026	.00033	.00041	.00058	.00075	.00100
.00125	.00163	.00189	.00027	.00033	.00040	.00057	.00074
.00100	.00126	.00163	.00190	.00179	.00179	.00179	.00179
.00205	.00225	.00225	.00225	.00225	.00111	.00111	.00119
.00142	.00174	.00208	.00240	.00272	.00272	.00062	.00072
.00083	.00114	.00146	.00179	.00212	.00256	.00290	.00039
.00058	.00078	.00111	.00145	.00178	.00211	.00246	.00270
.00035	.00056	.00078	.00110	.00143	.00175	.00208	.00242
.00268	.00036	.00056	.00076	.00111	.00146	.00178	.00210
.00242	.00266	.00036	.00057	.00078	.00112	.00146	.00178
.00210	.00245	.00266	.00200	.00200	.00200	.00200	.00217
.00156	.00156	.00156	.00156	.00137	.00137	.00152	.00184
.00240	.00290	.00347	.00404	.00404	.00090	.00102	.00115
.00171	.00227	.00274	.00321	.00373	.00410	.00068	.00101
.00135	.00206	.00278	.00317	.00356	.00400	.00425	.00052
.00091	.00130	.00207	.00285	.00323	.00362	.00408	.00440
.00050	.00091	.00133	.00209	.00285	.00323	.00362	.00382
.00412	.00052	.00090	.00128	.00207	.00287	.00323	.00360
.00390	.00416						

CLDR

252

.00046	.00043	.00039	.00037	.00034	.00031	.00029	.00024
.00019	.00033	.00031	.00028	.00025	.00022	.00019	.00016
.00010	.00004	.00024	.00022	.00019	.00017	.00014	.00012
.00009	.00003	.00000	.00019	.00016	.00013	.00011	.00009
.00007	.00005	.00001	.00000	.00016	.00013	.00010	.00008
.00006	.00004	.00002	.00000	.00000	.00014	.00011	.00008
.00006	.00004	.00003	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00014	.00011
.00008	.00006	.00004	.00003	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00007
.00063	.00058	.00053	.00048	.00043	.00038	.00028	.00018
.00052	.00048	.00044	.00039	.00034	.00028	.00021	.00008

.00000	.00038	.00034	.00030	.00026	.00022	.00016	.00010
.00003	.00000	.00030	.00026	.00022	.00019	.00016	.00010
.00005	.00001	.00000	.00026	.00022	.00018	.00015	.00012
.00007	.00003	.00000	.00000	.00020	.00016	.00012	.00009
.00007	.00004	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00020	.00016	.00012
.00009	.00007	.00004	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00062	.00057
.00052	.00051	.00049	.00047	.00045	.00041	.00037	.00050
.00046	.00041	.00039	.00036	.00032	.00028	.00020	.00012
.00040	.00035	.00031	.00026	.00021	.00015	.00010	.00003
.00000	.00032	.00028	.00024	.00019	.00014	.00010	.00006
.00001	.00000	.00026	.00023	.00019	.00014	.00010	.00006
.00003	.00000	.00000	.00020	.00016	.00012	.00008	.00004
.00002	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00020	.00016	.00012	.00008
.00004	.00002	.00001	.00000	.00000	.00030	.00027	.00025
.00026	.00027	.00023	.00020	.00013	.00006	.00028	.00025
.00022	.00022	.00022	.00017	.00011	.00004	.00000	.00026
.00023	.00020	.00018	.00015	.00011	.00008	.00002	.00000
.00024	.00021	.00018	.00015	.00012	.00008	.00005	.00000
.00000	.00022	.00019	.00016	.00013	.00009	.00006	.00003
.00000	.00000	.00020	.00016	.00012	.00009	.00006	.00003
.00000	.00000	.00000	.00020	.00016	.00012	.00009	.00006
.00003	.00000	.00000	.00000				

CLP

63

-.320	-.277	-.302	-.308	-.310	-.310	-.200	-.000
-.000	-.275	-.262	-.241	-.252	-.216	-.185	-.120
-.000	-.000	-.213	-.220	-.220	-.233	-.261	-.268
-.175	-.180	-.180	-.180	-.189	-.207	-.221	-.230
-.238	-.230	-.330	-.330	-.159	-.165	-.181	-.200
-.190	-.145	-.255	-.240	-.240	-.109	-.120	-.140
-.149	-.185	-.228	-.230	-.230	-.230	-.109	-.120
-.140	-.149	-.185	-.228	-.230	-.230	-.230	

CLR

63

.086	.112	.137	.145	.153	.161	.130	.145
.160	.064	.081	.098	.108	.118	.128	.104
.112	.124	.043	.049	.056	.064	.073	.071
.069	.075	.085	.031	.035	.040	.043	.046
.048	.051	.062	.070	.029	.032	.036	.041
.046	.048	.050	.059	.066	.026	.030	.035
.041	.046	.048	.050	.055	.065	.026	.030
.035	.041	.046	.048	.050	.055	.065	

CNB

252

.00110	.00040	.00020	-.00046	-.00198	-.00396	-.00481	-.00500
-.00500	.00122	.00039	-.00018	-.00112	-.00249	-.00432	-.00469
-.00500	-.00500	.00087	.00019	-.00022	-.00070	-.00220	-.00283
-.00300	-.00170	-.00185	.00066	.00027	-.00013	-.00047	-.00143
-.00196	-.00228	-.00178	-.00198	.00059	.00014	-.00016	-.00073
-.00121	-.00173	-.00180	-.00170	-.00170	-.00014	-.00016	-.00033
-.00112	-.00132	-.00130	-.00124	-.00136	-.00155	-.00014	-.00016
-.00033	-.00112	-.00132	-.00130	-.00124	-.00136	-.00155	.00110
.00040	.00020	-.00046	-.00198	-.00396	-.00481	-.00500	-.00500
.00122	.00039	-.00018	-.00112	-.00249	-.00432	-.00469	-.00500
-.00500	.00087	.00019	-.00022	-.00070	-.00220	-.00283	-.00300
-.00170	-.00185	.00066	.00027	-.00013	-.00047	-.00143	-.00196
-.00228	-.00178	-.00198	.00059	.00014	-.00016	-.00073	-.00121
-.00173	-.00180	-.00170	-.00170	-.00014	-.00016	-.00033	-.00112
-.00132	-.00130	-.00124	-.00136	-.00155	-.00014	-.00016	-.00033
-.00112	-.00132	-.00130	-.00124	-.00136	-.00155	.00122	.00056
.00022	-.00060	-.00230	-.00418	-.00481	-.00500	-.00500	.00126
.00057	-.00017	-.00121	-.00241	-.00305	-.00375	-.00427	-.00427



.00132	.00061	.00010	-.00036	-.00096	-.00251	-.00259	-.00199
-.00205	.00070	.00051	.00023	-.00036	-.00082	-.00163	-.00186
-.00192	-.00198	.00069	.00034	.00012	-.00048	-.00102	-.00139
-.00160	-.00192	-.00220	-.00014	-.00016	-.00033	-.00112	-.00132
-.00130	-.00124	-.00136	-.00155	-.00014	-.00016	-.00033	-.00112
-.00132	-.00130	-.00124	-.00136	-.00155	.00144	.00112	.00053
-.00101	-.00218	-.00282	-.00421	-.00471	-.00500	.00139	.00074
-.00057	-.00052	-.00131	-.00282	-.00279	-.00377	-.00427	.00096
.00061	0.00014	-.00036	-.00128	-.00168	-.00222	-.00215	-.00247
.00064	.00047	.00015	-.00055	-.00089	-.00123	-.00146	-.00190
-.00218	.00068	.00044	.00016	-.00045	-.00102	-.00137	-.00156
-.00197	-.00227	-.00014	-.00016	-.00033	-.00112	-.00132	-.00130
-.00124	-.00136	-.00155	-.00014	-.00016	-.00033	-.00112	-.00132
-.00130	-.00124	-.00136	-.00155				
CNBDE1	63						
-.000021	-.000021	-.000021	-.000015	-.000005	-.000005	-.000005	-.000005
-.000005	-.000004	-.000005	-.000004	-.000004	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
CNBDE2	63						
-.000006	-.000006	-.000010	-.000000	-.000030	-.000030	-.000030	-.000030
-.000030	-.000000	-.000005	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000	-.000000
CNBDSB1	63						
.000021	.000021	.000021	.000027	.000018	.000014	.000010	.000002
.000002	.000035	.000035	.000035	.000028	.000017	.000013	.000009
.000001	.000001	.000032	.000032	.000032	.000026	.000000	.000000
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000028	.000028	.000028	.000013	.000000
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000024	.000024	.000024	.000000
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000020	.000020	.000020
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000020	.000020
.000020	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	
CNBDSB2	63						
.000006	.000006	.000006	.000006	.000006	.000006	.000007	.000007
.000007	.000006	.000007	.000009	.000007	.000005	.000007	.000009
.000009	.000009	.000011	.000013	.000015	.000010	.000006	.000005
.000004	.000004	.000004	.000011	.000010	.000009	.000006	.000003
.000002	.000001	.000001	.000001	.000011	.000009	.000006	.000004
.000002	.000001	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000011	.000007	.000004
.000002	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000011	.000007
.000004	.000002	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
CNBDSB3	63						
-.000021	-.000015	-.000009	-.000004	.000000	.000000	-.000002	-.000002
-.000002	-.000008	-.000010	-.000013	-.000011	-.000009	-.000013	-.000018
-.000018	-.000018	-.000005	-.000007	-.000008	-.000010	-.000017	-.000016
-.000015	-.000018	-.000018	.000000	.000004	.000009	-.000001	-.000013
-.000009	-.000008	-.000008	-.000008	.000004	.000013	.000024	.000010
-.000005	-.000002	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000002	.000007	.000012
.000006	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	.000002	.000007
.000013	.000006	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	



CNDA

378

.00136	.00113	.00090	.00067	.00044	.00012	-.00020	-.00084
-.00084	.00069	.00054	.00049	.00031	.00013	.00003	-.00008
-.00029	-.00029	.00053	.00043	.00031	.00023	.00015	.00006
-.00002	-.00014	-.00026	.00034	.00029	.00025	.00019	.00013
.00008	.00003	-.00006	-.00018	.00022	.00020	.00018	.00015
.00012	.00010	.00008	.00000	-.00011	.00008	.00005	.00003
.00003	.00003	.00001	-.00001	-.00001	-.00007	.00008	.00006
.00004	.00003	.00002	.00002	.00002	-.00002	-.00005	.00136
.00113	.00090	.00067	.00044	.00012	-.00020	-.00084	-.00084
.00058	.00048	.00036	.00020	.00004	-.00005	-.00014	-.00032
-.00032	.00038	.00027	.00019	.00012	.00005	-.00001	-.00007
-.00019	-.00027	.00025	.00020	.00015	.00010	.00005	.00000
-.00005	-.00015	-.00025	.00014	.00012	.00010	.00007	.00004
.00001	-.00002	-.00010	-.00023	.00006	.00004	.00002	.00002
.00002	.00000	-.00002	-.00009	-.00013	.00008	.00006	.00004
.00002	.00000	-.00001	-.00002	-.00008	-.00012	.00102	.00081
.00059	.00037	.00014	-.00010	-.00034	-.00082	-.00082	.00036
.00025	.00016	.00005	-.00006	-.00014	-.00022	-.00038	-.00038
.00021	.00012	.00006	.00000	-.00006	-.00011	-.00016	-.00026
-.00038	.00016	.00010	.00005	.00000	-.00004	-.00008	-.00012
-.00025	-.00035	.00008	.00004	.00001	-.00002	-.00005	-.00007
-.00009	-.00020	-.00034	.00006	.00003	.00000	-.00001	-.00002
-.00006	-.00010	-.00018	-.00026	.00004	.00002	.00000	-.00002
-.00003	-.00007	-.00010	-.00018	-.00025	.00018	.00007	-.00005
-.00018	-.00031	-.00049	-.00067	-.00103	-.00103	-.00001	-.00006
-.00013	-.00021	-.00028	-.00037	-.00046	-.00064	-.00064	-.00002
-.00006	-.00014	-.00020	-.00025	-.00031	-.00036	-.00059	-.00081
.00001	-.00004	-.00009	-.00016	-.00022	-.00029	-.00036	-.00053
-.00079	.00001	-.00005	-.00010	-.00016	-.00022	-.00028	-.00033
-.00052	-.00076	.00002	-.00004	-.00010	-.00013	-.00016	-.00023
-.00030	-.00051	-.00069	.00000	-.00005	-.00009	-.00012	-.00015
-.00023	-.00031	-.00054	-.00069	-.00054	-.00060	-.00066	-.00073
-.00080	-.00099	-.00118	-.00156	-.00156	-.00044	-.00044	-.00050
-.00064	-.00078	-.00098	-.00117	-.00156	-.00156	-.00028	-.00028
-.00041	-.00057	-.00073	-.00091	-.00108	-.00150	-.00190	-.00014
-.00024	-.00034	-.00051	-.00068	-.00087	-.00106	-.00143	-.00187
-.00010	-.00022	-.00034	-.00050	-.00066	-.00085	-.00104	-.00142
-.00177	-.00004	-.00019	-.00034	-.00049	-.00064	-.00083	-.00102
-.00142	-.00176	-.00006	-.00020	-.00034	-.00049	-.00064	-.00085
-.00105	-.00144	-.00176	-.00104	-.00111	-.00117	-.00124	-.00131
-.00149	-.00167	-.00203	-.00203	-.00088	-.00088	-.00088	-.00117
-.00146	-.00176	-.00206	-.00266	-.00266	-.00055	-.00052	-.00070
-.00103	-.00135	-.00178	-.00221	-.00266	-.00350	-.00027	-.00046
-.00064	-.00098	-.00132	-.00171	-.00210	-.00280	-.00332	-.00022
-.00042	-.00062	-.00094	-.00126	-.00167	-.00208	-.00253	-.00306
-.00010	-.00036	-.00062	-.00101	-.00140	-.00183	-.00226	-.00282
-.00350	-.00010	-.00038	-.00066	-.00105	-.00144	-.00187	-.00230
-.00284	-.00350						

CNDR

252

-.00074	-.00071	-.00069	-.00064	-.00060	-.00053	-.00046	-.00018
.00000	-.00050	-.00048	-.00046	-.00041	-.00036	-.00029	-.00022
-.00009	.00000	-.00034	-.00032	-.00030	-.00027	-.00024	-.00018
-.00011	-.00002	.00000	-.00026	-.00026	-.00024	-.00019	-.00016
-.00011	-.00006	-.00001	.00000	-.00023	-.00021	-.00018	-.00014
-.00011	-.00007	-.00003	.00000	.00000	-.00020	-.00018	-.00014
-.00009	-.00004	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00020	-.00018
-.00014	-.00009	-.00004	.00000	.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00118
-.00107	-.00096	-.00093	-.00090	-.00082	-.00074	-.00052	-.00031

-.00087	-.00079	-.00071	-.00068	-.00064	-.00053	-.00042	-.00021
.00000	-.00058	-.00054	-.00050	-.00046	-.00042	-.00034	-.00027
-.00010	.00000	-.00047	-.00043	-.00040	-.00035	-.00030	-.00023
-.00017	-.00006	.00000	-.00041	-.00037	-.00033	-.00026	-.00019
-.00014	-.00009	-.00002	.00000	-.00036	-.00030	-.00024	-.00015
-.00007	-.00004	-.00001	.00000	.00000	-.00036	-.00030	-.00024
-.00015	-.00007	-.00004	-.00001	.00000	.00000	-.00108	-.00102
-.00096	-.00096	-.00096	-.00090	-.00084	-.00072	-.00060	-.00092
-.00087	-.00081	-.00078	-.00076	-.00070	-.00064	-.00052	-.00040
-.00073	-.00068	-.00063	-.00056	-.00049	-.00040	-.00031	-.00007
.00000	-.00059	-.00054	-.00049	-.00042	-.00034	-.00025	-.00016
-.00002	.00000	-.00050	-.00044	-.00039	-.00031	-.00023	-.00015
-.00008	.00000	.00000	-.00036	-.00031	-.00025	-.00017	-.00008
-.00004	.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00035	-.00029	-.00022	-.00014
-.00005	-.00002	.00000	.00000	.00000	-.00040	-.00039	-.00038
-.00043	-.00047	-.00040	-.00032	-.00018	-.00004	-.00038	-.00036
-.00034	-.00036	-.00037	-.00030	-.00022	-.00008	.00000	-.00037
-.00033	-.00028	-.00025	-.00022	-.00018	-.00014	-.00004	.00000
-.00037	-.00032	-.00027	-.00022	-.00017	-.00013	-.00009	-.00001
.00000	-.00036	-.00031	-.00026	-.00020	-.00013	-.00010	-.00006
.00000	.00000	-.00036	-.00030	-.00024	-.00016	-.00007	-.00004
-.00001	.00000	.00000	-.00036	-.00029	-.00023	-.00015	-.00006
-.00003	.00000	.00000	.00000				
CNDRB	63						
.000020	.000022	.000024	.000030	.000036	.000035	.000034	.000009
.000000	.000009	.000015	.000020	.000024	.000028	.000027	.000026
.000007	.000000	.000004	.000008	.000012	.000014	.000016	.000016
.000016	.000004	.000000	.000002	.000005	.000007	.000010	.000012
.000011	.000010	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000002	.000004	.000006
.000008	.000006	.000005	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	
CNP	63						
.180	.149	.118	.086	.053	.026	.020	-.005
-.010	.128	.109	.090	.062	.033	.020	.006
-.010	-.012	.085	.069	.054	.032	.010	.001
-.008	-.015	-.017	.064	.049	.034	.015	-.005
-.010	-.016	-.018	-.021	.051	.036	.021	.004
-.013	-.015	-.018	-.021	-.024	.034	.020	.006
-.006	-.019	-.021	-.024	-.025	-.028	.030	.017
.005	-.007	-.020	-.022	-.024	-.024	-.028	
CNR	63						
-0.460	-0.450	-0.385	-0.405	-0.620	-0.620	-0.620	-0.620
-0.620	-0.425	-0.450	-0.530	-0.700	-1.010	-1.390	-1.665
-1.730	-1.730	-0.340	-0.370	-0.420	-0.660	-0.910	-0.900
-0.645	-0.520	-0.520	-0.290	-0.310	-0.380	-0.550	-0.770
-0.985	-0.815	-0.580	-0.580	-0.220	-0.240	-0.300	-0.440
-0.620	-0.655	-0.490	-0.400	-0.400	-0.335	-0.240	-0.230
-0.240	-0.220	-0.250	-0.250	-0.250	-0.250	-0.335	-0.240
-0.230	-0.240	-0.220	-0.250	-0.250	-0.250	-0.250	
CYB	63						
-.0182	-.0167	-.0171	-.0168	-.0135	-.0104	-.0088	-.0078
-.0078	-.0195	-.0180	-.0165	-.0145	-.0113	-.0100	-.0084
-.0070	-.0070	-.0182	-.0150	-.0135	-.0125	-.0115	-.0105
-.0095	-.0105	-.0090	-.0155	-.0140	-.0130	-.0118	-.0105
-.0095	-.0100	-.0100	-.0075	-.0140	-.0128	-.0120	-.0100
-.0085	-.0080	-.0080	-.0090	-.0075	-.0113	-.0110	-.0100
-.0080	-.0070	-.0068	-.0068	-.0068	-.0068	-.0113	-.0110
-.0100	-.0080	-.0070	-.0068	-.0068	-.0068	-.0068	

CYDA

378

-.000340	-.000329	-.000318	-.000284	-.000250	-.000025	-.000025	-.000025
-.000025	-.000222	-.000171	-.000121	-.000086	-.000051	-.000025	.000000
.000000	.000000	-.000031	-.000023	-.000015	-.000007	.000000	.000009
.000019	.000027	.000038	-.000028	-.000021	-.000014	-.000010	-.000006
-.000003	.000000	.000023	.000023	-.000010	-.000008	-.000006	-.000005
-.000003	-.000002	.000000	.000008	.000016	-.000011	-.000007	-.000004
-.000004	-.000004	-.000002	.000000	.000007	.000014	-.000015	-.000010
-.000006	-.000004	-.000002	.000000	.000002	.000008	.000014	-.0000270
-.000222	-.000174	-.000118	-.000062	-.000012	-.000012	-.000012	-.000012
-.000081	-.000056	-.000031	-.000016	-.000002	.000008	.000019	.000019
.000019	-.000009	-.000008	-.000007	-.000003	.000001	.000004	.000008
.000017	.000017	-.000007	-.000005	-.000002	.000000	.000003	.000003
.000003	.000006	.000009	-.000008	-.000004	.000000	.000002	.000004
.000006	.000009	.000014	.000020	-.000009	-.000005	.000000	.000000
.000001	.000004	.000007	.000012	.000018	-.000011	-.000006	-.000001
.000000	.000001	.000004	.000007	.000013	.000019	-.000180	-.000119
-.000058	-.000040	-.000022	.000012	.000012	.000012	.000012	-.000042
-.000024	-.000006	.000006	.000018	.000020	.000022	.000022	.000022
.000000	.000000	.000000	.000002	.000005	.000007	.000010	.000021
.000021	-.000004	-.000001	.000002	.000005	.000009	.000011	.000013
.000018	.000018	-.000005	-.000001	.000003	.000006	.000009	.000011
.000013	.000017	.000022	-.000007	-.000003	.000002	.000004	.000006
.000008	.000012	.000017	.000022	-.000009	-.000005	.000000	.000002
.000005	.000008	.000011	.000016	.000022	-.000054	-.000036	-.000018
-.000010	-.000002	.000078	.000078	.000078	.000078	.000000	.000030
.000030	.000039	.000048	.000064	.000080	.000080	.000080	.000015
.000026	.000038	.000049	.000060	.000072	.000085	.000110	.000110
-.000001	.000009	.000020	.000025	.000030	.000036	.000044	.000060
.000060	-.000008	.000001	.000010	.000017	.000025	.000030	.000035
.000042	.000050	-.000010	-.000001	.000008	.000015	.000022	.000027
.000032	.000042	.000052	-.000012	-.000004	.000004	.000011	.000019
.000025	.000032	.000042	.000052	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000
.000000	-.000001	-.000001	-.000001	-.000001	.000001	.000001	.000001
.000001	.000002	.000002	.000003	.000003	.000003	.000001	.000001
0.000001	.000000	.000000	.000005	.000011	.000069	.000069	-.000012
-.000003	.000006	.000011	.000016	.000021	.000026	.000040	.000040
-.000005	.000006	.000017	.000024	.000031	.000036	.000042	.000050
.000058	-.000004	.000005	.000016	.000025	.000035	.000038	.000041
.000050	.000060	-.000006	.000001	.000008	.000015	.000022	.000031
.000040	.000050	.000060	.000034	.000023	.000012	.000012	.000012
-.000168	-.000168	-.000168	-.000168	-.000020	-.000045	-.000071	-.000086
-.000100	-.000125	-.000151	-.000151	-.000151	-.000038	-.000052	-.000066
-.000107	-.000148	-.000124	-.000100	-.000005	-.000005	-.000060	-.000048
-.000036	-.000025	-.000014	-.000012	-.000010	-.000001	.000000	.000000
.000010	.000020	.000030	.000040	.000045	.000050	.000055	.000061
-.000001	.000009	.000019	.000029	.000039	.000045	.000052	.000061
.000070	.000000	.000005	.000011	.000014	.000028	.000038	.000048
.000058	.000068						

CYDR

63

.000205	.000190	.000175	.000175	.000174	.000170	.000165	.000155
.000145	.000160	.000150	.000139	.000134	.000129	.000122	.000114
.000099	.000084	.000112	.000106	.000099	.000090	.000081	.000069
.000056	.000017	.000000	.000083	.000077	.000070	.000058	.000045
.000034	.000023	.000006	.000000	.000068	.000062	.000055	.000041
.000026	.000018	.000010	.000002	.000000	.000060	.000051	.000043
.000029	.000015	.000007	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000060	.000051
.000043	.000029	.000015	.000007	.000000	.000000	.000000	

CYDRDSB1

7



.000002	.000004	.000006	.000001	.000000	-.000002	-.000002
CYDRDSB2	7					
-.000029	-.000023	-.000012	-.000004	.000000	.000000	.000000



# APPENDIX D - FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM PROGRAM LISTING

```

*****
*
*
*           S H U T T L E       D I G I T A L
*
*       F L I G H T       C O N T R O L       S Y S T E M
*
*
*****
SUBROUTINE SHTLFCS
IMPLICIT REAL *4(A-Z)
INTEGER *2 IAT, IPI, IDE, IGH
LOGICAL*1 DATABYT
COMMON /ARRAY1/DATAWRDR(400)
COMMON /ARRAY3/DATABYT(17)
COMMON /ARRAY4/ANGLE(3)
LOGICAL*1 AUTOBF
LOGICAL*1 IC, HOLD
LOGICAL*1 TURNCORD
EQUIVALENCE
* (DATAWRDR(3), AY)
*, (DATAWRDR(4), AZ)
*, (DATAWRDR(9), BETA)
*, (DATAWRDR(10), DSB)
*, (DATAWRDR(34), DA)
*, (DATAWRDR(35), DEL)
*, (DATAWRDR(37), PRHCSOP)
*, (DATAWRDR(38), DER)
*, (DATAWRDR(40), DR)
*, (DATAWRDR(43), DACM)
*, (DATAWRDR(49), DE)
*, (DATAWRDR(51), DBF)
*, (DATAWRDR(54), DPJET)
*, (DATAWRDR(55), DRJET)
*, (DATAWRDR(72), RRHCSOP)
*, (DATAWRDR(74), RPTASUP)
*, (DATAWRDR(79), UZCMD)
*, (DATAWRDR(80), UXCMD)
*, (DATAWRDR(83), UYCMD)
*, (DATAWRDR(84), MACH)

```

\*,(DATAWRDR(100),PBODY)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(102),PE)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(103),QBAR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(105),QDOT)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(106),QBODY)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(109),RDOT)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(112),SBHP)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(114),RBODY)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(124),UYGJET)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(131),IAS)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(132),PITCHPAN)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(138),XBAR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(140),PITCHSTK)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(143),ROLLPAN)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(146),ROLLSTK)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(151),YAWTRIM)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(154),FLAPCMD)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(200),DEMAN)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(201),ESHAPE)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(202),GPS)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(203),DEMS)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(204),Q)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(205),PROD26)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(207),GJET)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(209),ETRIMIN)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(210),ETRIM)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(211),ELFBKIN)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(212),ELFBK)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(213),DETMPAN)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(214),DSBPC)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(215),DSBXTK)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(216),DSBXTKS)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(217),DETDSB)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(218),DETRIM)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(219),GDSB)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(220),GTRE)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(221),DETRHC)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(222),DETR)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(223),DEMSP)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(224),RTPHI)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(225),RTANPHI)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(226),DJRTP)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(227),BCSL)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(228),DCSL)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(229),DQCT)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(230),DECMD)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(231),GFFIL)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(232),DCSQ)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(233),DCSLLO)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(234),DCSLHI)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(235),MIDPICK)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(236),KPIT)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(237),GDQ)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(238),DQLU)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(239),R)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(240),DQHI)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(241),DQHIA)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(242),DQHIN)  
 \*,(DATAWRDR(243),NZA)

\*, (DATAWRDR(244), NZP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(245), DULON)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(246), DQLOA)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(247), ALPHMIN)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(248), ALPHMAX)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(249), GTREDQCT)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(250), P)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(252), DATMRHC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(253), PROD24)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(254), PROD25)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(257), PROD21)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(258), PROD22)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(259), PROD23)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(260), PROD27)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(261), SUM21)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(263), SUM23)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(264), DCSP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(265), DACMD)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(266), DATSUMI)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(267), KDAMLIN)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(268), KDAMPAR)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(269), GRS)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(270), GDAC)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(271), GDA)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(272), DATSUM)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(273), PROD42)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(274), DATR)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(275), DRPRM)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(276), PSTAB)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(277), SUM24)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(278), DRPHI)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(279), PROD29)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(280), SUM22)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(281), GTX)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(282), YAWXFED)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(283), PROD41)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(284), GP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(285), GRH)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(288), SUM25)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(289), SUM25S)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(291), SUM26)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(292), PROD43)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(293), RSTAB)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(294), BETAQ)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(295), BETAFILT)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(296), DATMPAN)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(297), DATP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(299), PROD44)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(300), DRT)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(301), DRTMSF)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(302), DRMS)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(303), DRTMS)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(304), PROD1)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(305), SUM1)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(306), NYP)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(307), NYA)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(308), GRAY)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(309), PROD2)  
 \*, (DATAWRDR(310), PROD3)

```

*,(DATAWRDR(311),SUM2)
*,(DATAWRDR(312),PROD5)
*,(DATAWRDR(313),DRCPF)
*,(DATAWRDR(314),KDRC)
*,(DATAWRDR(315),GDRC)
*,(DATAWRDR(316),GNYDRM)
*,(DATAWRDR(317),DTRR)
*,(DATAWRDR(318),PROD7)
*,(DATAWRDR(319),GTRR)
*,(DATAWRDR(320),DTRIM)
*,(DATAWRDR(321),SUM3)
*,(DATAWRDR(322),DRCMD)
*,(DATAWRDR(323),DACMC)
*,(DATAWRDR(324),GRXFD)
*,(DATAWRDR(325),GDRE)
*,(DATAWRDR(327),NR)
*,(DATABYT(10),HOLD)
*,(DATABYT(11),IC)
*,(DATABYT(13),TURNORD)
*,(DATABYT(14),AUTOBF)
*,(ANGLE(1),ALFA)
*,(ANGLE(2),PHI)
*,(ANGLE(3),THETA)
  DIMENSION
*GPST(4),
*ALPHMINT(4),
*TALPHMAX(4,2),
*TKPIT(4,2),
*GTRET(4),
*GDSBT(4),
*KDAMLINT(4),
*KDAMPART(4),
*GRST(4),
*GDACT(4),
*GPT(4),
*GNYDRMT(4),
*GRAYT(4),
*GDRCT(4),
*GTRRT(4)
  DATA DEGRAD/57.29577951/
  DATA GPST/0.4,0.125,2.0,2.5/
  DATA ALPHMINT/-4.0,0.0,.6,.8/
  DATA TALPHMAX/20.0,15.0,15.0,30.0,.6,.8,1.5,3.0/
  DATA TKPIT/15.0,81.5,81.5,60.0,1.2,3.0,3.5,5.0/
  DATA GTRET/1.0,0.3,10.0,12.0/
  DATA GDSBT/0.1,0.25,1.5,3.0/
  DATA KDAMLINT/0.08,0.9324,0.6,1.5/
  DATA KDAMPART/0.0636,0.008,0.6,1.5/
  DATA GRST/1.0,0.25,0.6,1.5/
  DATA GDACT/0.45,2.5,1.15,3.0/
  DATA GPT/10.0,1.5,10.0,45.0/
  DATA GNYDRMT/0.05,0.015,250.0,900.0/
  DATA GRAYT/10.0,3.2,2.0,3.0/
  DATA GDRCT/1200.0,3800.0,1.15,5.0/
  DATA GTRRT/0.2,1.0,2.0,5.0/
  DATA DAMAX/20.0/
  DATA PRHCOB/1.15/
  DATA GPRHCT/0.3/
  DATA RPTAUB/1.125/

```



DATA NQLO/2.0/  
 DATA NQHI/4.0/  
 DATA DPCUTOFF/1.0/  
 DATA DPJET1/0.0/  
 DATA OLDPE/0.0/  
 DATA DRJET1/0.0/  
 DATA QBDB/0.25/  
 DATA QADB/0.2/  
 DATA TGJET12/0.5/  
 DATA TGJET21/5.0/  
 DATA GRPANIL/0.5/  
 DATA GRPANTE/-0.5/  
 DATA GRRHCTE/0.6/  
 DATA GRRHCIL/0.2/  
 DATA GQMWGP/1.5/  
 DATA GQA/1.0/  
 DATA NZMAX/3.75/  
 DATA GQNL/4.0/  
 DATA NZMIN/-1.0/  
 DATA GSBH1/25.0/  
 DATA GSBLU/10.0/  
 DATA GPPANT/2.0/  
 DATA GPP/1.0/  
 DATA GTRA/0.2/  
 DATA G/32.174/  
 DATA RPTADB/1.125/  
 DATA GDRTI/1.0/  
 DATA YBBFILT/1.0/  
 DATA DBFADB/0.5/  
 DATA DBFBDB/1.0/  
 DATA KDRMLIN/0.0131/  
 DATA KDRMPAR /0.042/  
 DATA DBFHA/1.0/  
 DATA DBFHB/2.0/  
 DATA DFRADB/0.9/  
 DATA DFRBDB/1.0/  
 DATA PEBDB/0.2/  
 DATA PEADB/0.1/  
 DATA NR1/1.0/  
 DATA NR2/2.0/  
 DATA NR3/3.0/  
 DATA NR4/4.0/  
 DATA GRCSA/-2.0/  
 DATA DBFDCS1 /0.0/  
 DATA DBFDC /0.0/  
 DATA OLD25/0.0/  
 DATA DSBC1/0.0/  
 DATA RTANPHIN/0.0/  
 DATA BCSLN/0.0/  
 DATA WFFILN/0.0/  
 DATA NZPN1,NZPN2/0.0,0.0/  
 DATA PROD22N/0.0/  
 DATA PROD29N/0.0/  
 DATA BETAN/0.0/  
 DATA NYPN1,NYPN2/0.0,0.0/  
 DATA PROD2N/0.0/  
 IF(IC) GO TO 1000  
 3 CONTINUE  
 NY=AY/32.174

```

NZ=AZ/32.174
ALPHA=ALFA*DEGRAD
CGPOS=1293.36*XBAR+236.0
P=PBODY*DEGRAD
Q=QBODY*DEGRAD
R=RBODY*DEGRAD
SINALF=SIN(ALFA)
SINALF1=SINALF
IF(SINALF.LT.0.087155) SINALF1=0.087155
COSALF=COS(ALFA)
SINPHI=SIN(PHI)
COSPHI=COS(PHI)
COSTHETA=COS(THETA)
DETM PAN=0.0
IF(PITCHPAN.GE.0.5)DETM PAN=1.0
IF(PITCHPAN.LE.-0.5)DETM PAN=-1.0
DETM RHC=0.0
IF(PITCHSTK.GE.0.5)DETM RHC=1.0
IF(PITCHSTK.LE.-0.5)DETM RHC=-1.0
DATM PAN=0.0
IF(ROLLPAN.GE.0.5)DATM PAN=1.0
IF(ROLLPAN.LE.-0.5)DATM PAN=-1.0
DATM RHC=0.0
IF(ROLLSTK.GE.0.5)DATM RHC=1.0
IF(ROLLSTK.LE.-0.5)DATM RHC=-1.0
DRT=0.0
IF(YAWTRIM.GE.0.5)DRT=1.0
IF(YAWTRIM.LE.-0.5)DRT=-1.0
DBFMAN=0.0
IF(FLAPCMD.GE.0.5)DBFMAN=1.0
IF(FLAPCMD.LE.-0.5)DBFMAN=-1.0

```

\*  
 \* THE FOLLOWING SECTION CALCULATES ALL TABLE LOOKUP FUNCTION VALUES  
 \*

```

GPS=FUNCTION(MACH,GPST)
GJET=0.0
IF(QBAR.GE.TGJET12)GJET=TGJET21
CALL POINTF(MACH,4,IAT,FRAC,TALPHMAX(1,2))
ALPHMAX=TALPHMAX(IAT,1)+(TALPHMAX(IAT+1,1)-TALPHMAX(IAT,1))*FRAC
ALPHMIN=FUNCTION(MACH,ALPHMINT)
CALL POINTF(MACH,4,IPT,FRAC,TKPIT(1,2))
KPIT=TKPIT(IPT,1)+(TKPIT(IPT+1,1)-TKPIT(IPT,1))*FRAC
GTRE=FUNCTION(MACH,GTRET)
GDSB=FUNCTION(MACH,GDSBT)
KDAMPAR=FUNCTION(MACH,KDAMPART)
KDAMLIN=FUNCTION(MACH,KDAMLINT)
GRS=FUNCTION(MACH,GRST)
GOAC=FUNCTION(MACH,GDACT)
GP=FUNCTION(QBAR,GPT)
GNYDRM=FUNCTION(TAS,GNYDRMT)
GRAY=FUNCTION(MACH,GRAYT)
KDRC=FUNCTION(MACH,GORCT)
GTRR=FUNCTION(MACH,GTRRT)

```

\*  
 \* PITCH FCS PROCESSING  
 \*

```

* DEMSP
  DEMAN=0
  IF(PRHCSOP.LT.-PRHCDB)DEMAN=PRHCSOP+PRHCDB

```

```

      IF (PRHCSOP.GT.PRHCDB) DEMAN=PRHCSOP-PRHCDB
      ESHAPE=(0.36+0.0484*ABS(DEMAN))*DEMAN
      IF (ESHAPE.GT.23.0) ESHAPE=23.0
      IF (ESHAPE.LT.-23.0) ESHAPE=-23.0
      DEMS=ESHAPE*GPS
      DEMSP=DEMS
      IF ((MACH.GT.1.5).AND.(PRHCSOP.GT.19.5)) DEMSP=DEMS*2.0
*DETR
  20 DETMGPR=DETRHC*GPRHCT
      IF (IC.OR.HOLD) GO TO 29
      DETR=FILT1(DETMGPR,.04,0.0,-1.0,DETRN)
      IF (DETR.GT.1.5) DETR=1.5
      IF (DETR.LT.-1.5) DETR=-1.5
  29 CONTINUE
*DPJET
      DPJET=DEMSP-Q
*UYCMD
      ABSDPJET=ABS(DPJET)
      NQ=NQHI
      IF (ABSDPJET.LE.DPCUTOFF) NQ=NQLO
      CALL HYSTER(QADB,QBDB,DPJET1,DPJET,OUTDPJET)
      DPJET1=DPJET
      UYCMD=NQ*OUTDPJET
      IF ((MACH.LE.1.5).OR.(QBAR.GT.20.0)) UYCMD=0.0
*UYGJET
  50 UYGJET=GJET*UYCMD
*RTANPHI
      TANPHI=SINPHI/COSPHI
      IF (TANPHI.GT.1.0) TANPHI=1.0
      IF (TANPHI.LT.-1.0) TANPHI=-1.0
  60 RTPHI=R*TANPHI
      IF (HOLD) GO TO 62
      RTANPHI=FILT1(RPHI,.01961,.01961,-.9608,RTANPHIN)
  62 CONTINUE
*BCSL
      IF (MACH.GT.1.5) RTANPHI=0.0
  70 DJRTP=-DPJET-RTANPHI-DETR
      IF (HOLD) GO TO 72
      BCSL=FILT1(DJRTP,1.9615,-1.8846,-.9231,BCSLN)
  72 CONTINUE
*DCSLLO
      IF (HOLD) GO TO 74
      QFFIL=FILT1(Q,.02988,.02988,-.992,QFFILN)
  74 CONTINUE
      DCSQ=QFFIL*GQMNGP
      DGLOA=(ALPHA-ALPHMAX)*GQA
      NZA=NZ+1.8649*QDOT
      IF (HOLD) GO TO 76
      NZP=FILT2(NZA,.06475,.1295,.06475,-1.3094,.5683,NZPN1,NZPN2)
  76 CONTINUE
      DQLUN=(NZP-NZMAX)*GQNL
      DQLO=DGLOA
      IF (DQLUN.GT.DQLOA) DQLO=DQLUN
  80 DCSLLO=DQLO+DCSQ
*DCSLHI
      DQHIA=(ALPHA-ALPHMIN)*GQA
      DQHIN=(NZP-NZMIN)*GQNL
      DQHI=DQHIN
      IF (DQHIA.LE.DQHIN) DQHI=DQHIA

```

```

    90 DCSLHI=DQHI+DCSW
  *MIDPICK
    IF(DCSLLO.GE.DCSLHI) GO TO 98
    IF(DCSLHI.LT.BCSL) GO TO 91
    GO TO 93
  91 IF(DCSLHI.GT.DCSLLO) GO TO 97
    GO TO 98
  93 IF(BCSL.GE.DCSLLO) GO TO 98
    GO TO 99
  97 MIDPICK=DCSLHI
    GO TO 100
  98 MIDPICK=BCSL
    GO TO 100
  99 MIDPICK=DCSLLO
  *DCSL
  100 IF(MACH.GT.1.5)GO TO 105
    DCSL=MIDPICK
    GO TO 110
  105 IF(QBAR.GT.2.0) GO TO 106
    DCSL=0.0
    GO TO 110
  106 DCSL=BCSL
  *DQCT
  110 CONTINUE
    GDQ=KPIT/SQRT(QBAR+4.0)
    IF(GDQ.GE.6.0)GDQ=6.0
    IF(GDQ.LE.0.2)GDQ=0.2
    DQCT=DCSL*GDQ
  *GTREDQCT
    GTREDQCT=GIRE*DQCT
  *DSBXTRS
    DSBXTR=DSBPC*GDSB
    IF(DSB.GE.30.0) GO TO 115
    DSBXTRS=DSBXTR*GSBLO
    GO TO 120
  115 DSBXTRS=DSBXTR*GSBHI
  *DETP
  120 DETP=DETMPAN*GPPANT
    DETDSB=DSBXTRS-DETP
  *ETRIM
    ETRIMIN=GTREDQCT-DETP-UYGJET
    IF(IC.OR.HOLD) GO TO 121
    ETRIM=FILT1(ETRIMIN,.04,0.0,-1.0,ETRIMN)
  121 CONTINUE
    IF(ETRIM.GE.20.0)ETRIM=20.0
    IF (ETRIM.LE.-35.0)ETRIM=-35.0
  *ELFBK
    ELFBKIN=(DETDSB/GIRE)+DE
    IF(IC.OR.HOLD) GO TO 122
    TEMP=50.0/GTRE
    ELFBK=FILT1(ELFBKIN,1.0/(TEMP+1.0),1.0/(TEMP+1.0),
    * (-TEMP+1.0)/(TEMP+1.0),ELFBKN)
  122 CONTINUE
  *DETRIM
    IF(MACH.LE.12.0) GO TO 125
    DETRIM=ETRIM
    GO TO 130
  125 DETRIM=ELFBK
  130 CONTINUE

```



```

*DECMD
  140 DECMD=DETRIM+DQCT
      IF(DECMD.GT.20.0) DECMD=20.0
      IF(DECMD.LT.-35.0) DECMD=-35.0
*
*   END OF PITCH PROCESSING
*
*   ROLL FCS PROCESSING,PART 1
*
* DAMAN
      DAMAN=0.0
      IF(RRHCSOP.LT.-1.15) DAMAN=RRHCSOP+1.15
      IF(RRHCSOP.GT.1.15) DAMAN=RRHCSOP-1.15
*   PROD21
      PROD21=DAMAN*(KDAMLIN+KDAMPAR*ABS(DAMAN))
      IF(PROD21.GT.DAMAX)PROD21=DAMAX
      IF(PROD21.LT.-DAMAX)PROD21=-DAMAX
      IF(HOLD) GO TO 155
      PROD22=FILT1(PROD21,.0909,.0909,-.8182,PROD22N)
  155 CONTINUE
*GRS
      PROD23=GRS*PROD22
      IF(MACH.GT.1.5) PROD24=DATMRHC*.6
      IF(MACH.LE.1.5) PROD24=DATMRHC*.2
      IF(IC.OR.HOLD) GO TO 171
      PROD25=FILT1(PROD24,.04,0,-1.0,PROD25N)
  171 CONTINUE
      IF(PROD25.GT.2.5)PROD25=2.5
      IF(PROD25.LT.-2.5) PROD25=-2.5
      SUM21=PROD25+PROD23
      PROD27=SUM21*2.0
      IF(PROD27.GT.10.0)PROD27=10.0
      IF(PROD27.LT.-10.0)PROD27=-10.0
      PROD26=PROD27*SINALF1
* DRPHI
      DRPHI=57.3*G*SINPHI*COSTHETA/TAS
      IF(TURNCORD)GOTO 174
      DRPHI=0
* DRPRM
  174 DRPRM=R-DRPHI
      IF(HOLD) GO TO 178
      PROD29=FILT1(DRPRM,.9804,-.9804,-.9608,PROD29N)
  178 CONTINUE
* GRH
      GRH=28.8/(QBAR+10.0)
      IF(GRH.LT..05) GRH=.05
      IF(HOLD) GO TO 185
      BETAFILT=FILT1(BETA,.999,-.999,-.998,BETAN)
  185 CONTINUE
      BETAQ=BETAFILT
      IF(QBAR.LE.2.0)BETAQ=BETA
      IF(QBAR.GT.20.0)BETAQ=0.0
      SUM22=COSALF*BETAQ-PROD29*GRH-2*DRPRM
      SUM23=PROD26+SUM22
* RSTAB
      RSTAB=DRPRM*COSALF-P*SINALF
* PSTAB
      PSTAB=DRPRM*SINALF+P*COSALF
      PSTABG=PSTAB*GPP

```

SUM24=SUM21-PSTABG  
DACM=SUM24\*GDAC

\*  
\* END OF ROLL,PART 1 PROCESSING

\*  
\* YAW FCS PROCESSING

\* DRMAN

DRMAN=0.0  
IF(RPTASOP.LT.-1.125) DRMAN=RPTASOP+1.125  
IF(RPTASOP.GT.1.125) DRMAN=RPTASOP-1.125

\* DRMS

220 DRMS=(KDRMLIN+KDRMPAR\*ABS(DRMAN))\*DRMAN  
IF(DRMS.GI. 22.5) DRMS=22.5  
IF(DRMS.LT. -22.5) DRMS=-22.5

\* DRMSF

DRMGDR=DRM\*GDRTI  
IF(IC.OR.HOLD) GO TO 221  
DRMSF=FILT1(DRTGDR,.04,0,-1.0,DRMSFN)  
221 CONTINUE  
IF(DRTMSF.LI.-2.0)DRMSF=-2.0  
IF(DRTMSF.GT.2.0)DRMSF=2.0  
DRMS=DRMSF+DRMS

\* SUM1

PROD1= GNYDRM\*DRMS  
IF(TURNCORD) GO TO 225  
SUM1=-PROD1  
GOTO230  
225 NYA=NY+RDO1\*1.8649  
IF(HOLD) GO TO 232  
NYP=FILT2(NYA,.06475,.1295,.06475,-1.309,.5683,NYPN1,NYPN2)  
SUM1=NYP-PROD1  
230 PROD2=FILT1(SUM1,.0909,.0909,-.8182,PROD2N)  
232 CONTINUE

\* PROD3

PROD3=GRAY\*PROD2

\* SUM2

SUM2=PROD3+KSTAB

\* GDRC

GDRC=KDRC/(QBAR+80)  
IF(GDRC.GT.15.0)GDRC=15.0  
IF(GDRC.LT.1.2)GDRC=1.2  
234 PROD5=SUM2\*GDRC  
IF(MACH.LE. 1.5) GOTO 235

\* GDRE(EARLY)

GDRE=-600.0/QBAR  
IF(GDRE.GT.-1.0)GDRE=-1.0  
IF(GDRE.LT.-6.0)GDRE=-6.0  
PROD7=GDRE\*SUM23  
DRCPF=YBBFILT1\*PROD7  
IF(MACH.LE. 5.0) GOTO 236  
PROD7=0.0  
DRCPF=0.0  
GOTO 236  
235 DRCPF=YBBFILT1\*PROD5  
236 CONTINUE

\* DTRR

DTRR=DRCPF\*GTRR  
IF(IC.OR.HOLD) GO TO 244

```

DRTRIM=FILT1(DRTRM,.04,0,-1.0,DRTRIMN)
244 CONTINUE
IF(DRTRIM.GT.9.0)DRTRIM=9.0
IF(DRTRIM.LT.-9.0)DRTRIM=-9.0
GRXFD=150/QBAR
IF(GRXFD.GT.1.0) GRXFD=1.0
IF(GRXFD.LT..1) GRXFD=.1
DACMC=0
IF((MACH.LE.1.5).AND.(TURNCORD)) DACMC=GRXFD*DACM
SUM3=DRCPF+DRTRIM-DACMC
* DRCMD
IF(SUM3.GT.22.8) SUM3=22.8
IF(SUM3.LI.-22.8) SUM3=-22.8
DRCMD=SUM3
DRJET=SUM23
IF(MACH.GT.1.5) GO TO 262
* DRJET
DRJET=0
IF(MACH.GT.1.0) DRJET=GRCSA*SUM2
* NR
* YA
* YB
262 ABSDRJET=ABS(DRJET)
IF(QBAR.LE.20) GO TO 263
NR=NR1
IF(ABSDRJET.GT..5) NR=NR2
IF(ABSDRJET.GT.1.0) NR=NR3
IF(ABSDRJET.GT.1.5) NR=NR4
GO TO 264
263 NR=NR1
IF(ABSDRJET.GT..5) NR=NR2
264 YADB=.1
YBDB=.2
IF(MACH.GT.1.5) GO TO 265
YADB=.5
YBDB=.8
265 CALL HYSTER(YADB,YBDB,DRJET1,DRJET,OUTDRJ)
DRJET1=DRJET
UZCMD=NR*OUTDRJ
*
* END OF YAW PROCESSING
*
* ROLL FCS PROCESSING,PART 2
*
* PE
COTALF=COSALF/SINALF
IF(COTALF.GT.11.43) COTALF=11.43
IF(COTALF.LT.-11.43) COTALF=-11.43
PE=DRPRM*COTALF-BETAQ*SINALF-P
ABSPE=ABS(PE)
* YAWXFEED
CALL HYSTER(PEADB,PEBDB,OLDPE,PE,PEOUT)
OLDPE=PE
YAWXFEED=PEOUT*ABSPE
PROD41=0
IF(QBAR.GT.2) PROD41=GP*YAWXFEED
* DCSP
IF(MACH.GT.1.5) GO TO 270
GDA=200/(QBAR+80)

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```

      IF (GDA.LT..1) GDA=.1
      IF (GDA.GT.(1.2/GDAC)) GDA=1.2/GDAC
      DCSP=GDA*DACM
      GO TO 275
270  CONTINUE
      GDA=150/QBAR
      IF (GDA.LT..1) GDA=.1
      IF (GDA.GT.1) GDA=1
      DCSP=GDA*PRD41
275  CONTINUE
      PRD42=DCSP*GTRA
*   UXCMD
      NP=2
      IF (ABSPE.GI.1) NP=4
      UXCMD=0
      IF ((QBAR.LE.10).AND.(MACH.GT.1.5)) UXCMD=NP*PEOUT
*   PRD43
      SUM25=SIGN(1.0,UXCMD)-SIGN(1.0,UZCMD)
      SUM25S=SIGN(1.0,SUM25)
      ABS25=ABS(SUM25S)
      SUM26=SUM25-OLD25
      OLD25=SUM25S
      PRD43=SIGN(1.0,SUM26)*ABS25
*   GTX,PRD44
      GTX=1.25
      IF (MACH.GT.10) GTX=50/(QBAR+10)
      IF (GTX.LT.1.25) GTX=1.25
      IF (GTX.GT.5) GTX=5
      PRD44=PRD43*GTX
*   DATR
      DATR=0
      IF (MACH.LE.1.5) DATR=PRD42
      IF ((MACH.GT.5).AND.(QBAR.GT.2)) DATR=PRD44
*   DATP
      DATP=DATMPAN*.5
      IF (MACH.GT.1.5) DATP=-.5*DATMPAN
*   DATSUMI
      DATSUM=DATR+DATP
      IF (IC.UR.HOLD) GO TO 300
      DATSUMI=FILT1(DATSUM,.04,0,-1.0,DATSUMN)
300  CONTINUE
*   DACMD
      DACMD=DCSP+DATSUMI
      IF (DACMD.GT.10) DACMD=10
      IF (DACMD.LT.-10) DACMD=-10
*
*   END OF ROLL PROCESSING
*
*   ACTUATOR PROCESSING FOLLOWS
*
*   DECRR
      DECRR=((DECMD-DACMD)-DER)*20.0
      IF (DECRR.GE.20.0) DECRR=20.0
      IF (DECRR.LE.-20.0) DECRR=-20.0
*   DER
430  DER=.04*DECRR+DER
      IF (DER.GE.20.0) DER=20.0
      IF (DER.LT.-35.0) DER=-35.0

```



```

* DECDRL
433 DECDRL=((DECMD+DACMD)-DEL)*20.0
    IF(DECDRL.GE.20.0)DECDRL=20.0
    IF(DECDRL.LE.-20.0)DECDRL=-20.0
* DEL
440 DEL=.04*DECDRL+DEL
    IF(DEL.GT.20.0)DEL=20.0
    IF(DEL.LT.-35.0)DEL=-35.0
* DE AND DA
    DE=(DEL+DER)/2.0
    DA=(DEL-DER)/2.0
* DSBC
450 DSBC=SHP-DSBC1
    IF(DSBC.GT.6.1) DSBC=6.1
    IF(DSBC.LT.-10.86) DSBC=-10.86
    DSBC1=DSBC+DSBC
    DSBC=.5*DSBC1
* DRCDRR
    DRCDRR=((DRCMD-DSBC)-DRRP)*10.0
    IF(DRCDRR.GE.10.0)DRCDRR=10.0
    IF(DRCDRR.LT.-10.0)DRCDRR=-10.0
* DRRP
460 DRRP=.04*DRCDRR+DRRP
    IF(DRRP.GT.54.88) DRRP=54.88
    IF(DRRP.LT.-54.88) DRRP=-54.88
* DRCDRL
463 DRCDRL=((DRCMD+DSBC)-DRLP)*10.0
    IF(DRCDRL.GE.10.0)DRCDRL=10.0
    IF(DRCDRL.LT.-10.0)DRCDRL=-10.0
* DRLP
470 DRLP=.04*DRCDRL+DRLP
    IF(DRLP.GT.54.88) DRLP=54.88
    IF(DRLP.LT.-54.88) DRLP=-54.88
* DR
    DR=(DRRP+DRLP)*0.5
* DSB
    DSB=DRLP-DRRP
* DBFRC
    IF(DBFRC.GE.3.0)DBFRC=3.0
    IF(DBFRC.LE.-1.0)DBFRC=-1.0
* DBF
490 DBF=DBF+0.04*DBFMAN
    IF(DBF.GE.22.5)DBF=22.5
    IF(DBF.LT.-11.7)DBF=-11.7
    RETURN
*
* THE FOLLOWING SECTION INITIALIZES ALL INTEGRATOR OUTPUTS AND
* INTERMEDIATE TRANSFER FUNCTION NODES TO ZERO.
*
1000 DETR=ETRIM=ELFBK=0
    PROD25=DRIMSF=DRTRIM=0
    DATSUMI=0.0
* THE TRANSFER FUNCTION NODES ARE INITIALIZED TO ZERO HERE.
*
    DETRN=0.0
    ETRIMN=ELFBKN=0
    PROD25N=DRIMSFN=DRTRIMN=0.0
    DATSUMN=0
    GO TO 3

```

```

      END
*****
*
*                               F I L T 1
*
*****
      FUNCTION FILT1(XIN,GX1,GX2,GX3,XNODE)
      FILT1=XNODE+XIN*GX1
      XNODE=XIN*GX2-FILT1*GX3
      RETURN
      END
*****
*
*                               F I L T 2
*
*****
      FUNCTION FILT2(XIN,GX1,GX2,GX3,GX4,GX5,XNODE1,XNODE2)
      FILT2=XIN*GX1+XNODE1
      XNODE1=XIN*GX2-FILT2*GX4+XNODE2
      XNODE2=XIN*GX3-FILT2*GX5
      RETURN
      END
*****
*
*                               H Y S T E R
*
*****
      SUBROUTINE HYSTER (LIM1,LIM2,ARGT0,ARGT1,FUNCT)
      REAL LIM1,LIM2

      THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS THE HYSTERESIS FUNCTION USING
      PARAMETERS FROM THE CALLING PROGRAM.  THE ARGUMENTS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

      LIM1 AND LIM2 ARE THE POSITIVE BREAK POINT VALUES.
      (LIM1 LESS THAN LIM2). IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE FUNCTION
      IS SYMETRICAL ABOUT THE ORIGIN.

      ARGT0 AND ARGT1 ARE THE INPUT VALUES FOR THE TWO MOST
      RECENT TIME FRAMES WITH ARGT1 THE MOST RECENT. THE CALLING
      ROUTINE MUST CORRECTLY UPDATE THESE VALUES BEFORE CALLING
      HYSTER.

      FUNCT IS THE OUTPUT VALUE RETURNED TO THE CALLING PROGRAM.
      FUNCT IS SET TO -1, 0, OR +1

      TEMPI = ABS(ARGT1)
      IF (TEMPI - LIM1) 10,20,20
10  FUNCT = 0.0
900 RETURN
20 IF ( TEMPI - LIM2 ) 40,30,30
30 IF ( ARGT1) 60,50,50
50 FUNCT = 1.0
   GO TO 900
60 FUNCT = -1.0
   GO TO 900
40 IF ( ARGT1) 80,70,70

```

```

*      COME HERE IF INPUT IS BETWEEN -LIM1 AND -LIM2.
*      CHECK PREVIOUS INPUT VALUE AND SET FUNCT ACCORDINGLY OR
*      LEAVE IT UNCHANGED.
*
80 IF ( ARG10 + LIM1 ) 900,900,10
*
*      COME HERE IF INPUT IS BETWEEN LIM1 AND LIM2.
*      CHECK PREVIOUS INPUT VALUE
*
70 IF ( ARG10 - LIM1 ) 10,900,900
END

*****
*
*      F U N C T I O N
*
*****
C 'FUNCTION' IS USED TO DETERMINE THE OUTPUT OF A FUNCTION SCHEDULE THAT
C HAS MINIMUM, MAXIMUM, AND INTERMEDIATE LINEAR VALUES. THE FUNCTION
C SCHEDULE CAN HAVE A MAXIMUM OF TWO BREAKPOINTS. TABLE(3) IS THE
C SMALLEST ARGUMENT BREAKPOINT VALUE AND TABLE(4) IS THE LARGEST.
C TABLE(1) IS THE OUTPUT VALUE FOR THE CORRESPONDING TABLE(3) (SMALL)
C ARGUMENT AND TABLE(2) IS THE CORRESPONDING VALUE FOR THE TABLE(4)
C (LARGE) ARGUMENT.
C      FUNCTION FUNCTION(ARG, TABLE)
C      DIMENSION TABLE(4)
C      IF (ARG.GT. TABLE(3)) GOTO 3000
C      FUNCTION=TABLE(1)
C      GOTO 3002
3000 IF (ARG.LT. TABLE(4)) GOTO 3001
C      FUNCTION=TABLE(2)
C      GOTO 3002
3001 FUNCTION=TABLE(1)+(ARG-TABLE(3))*((TABLE(2)-TABLE(1))/(TABLE(4)-
C      *TABLE(3)))
3002 RETURN
*****
*****
**
**
**
*****
*****
END

```